



Orient Ceratech Limited
An Ashapura Group Company

TURNING MINERALS INTO ADVANCED MATERIALS.

ANNUAL REPORT
2025 - 26





Orient Ceratech Limited

Registered Office:

Lawrence & Mayo House, 3rd Floor, 276,
D.N. Road, Fort, Mumbai - 400 001, Maharashtra.

Tel: 022-66221700

Email: investor@oalmail.co.in

Website: www.orientceratech.com

CIN: L24299MH1971PLC366531

Registrar & Share Transfer Agent

M/s. Skyline Financial Services Pvt. Ltd.

D-153/A, 1st Floor, Phase I,
Okhla Industrial Area, New Delhi,
Delhi 110020

Tel.: 011-40450193 to 197

E-mail: info@skylinerta.com

Shareholders Information:

The Company's Shares are listed
on the following Stock Exchanges:

1. BSE Limited

Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,
Dalal Street, Mumbai - 400001.

2. National Stock Exchange of India Limited

"Exchange Plaza", Bandra Kurla Complex,
Bandra (East), Mumbai- 400051.



Orient Ceratech Limited

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Harish Motiwalla
(DIN:- 00029835)

Chairman, Non-Executive Independent Director

Mr. Manan Shah
(DIN:- 06378095)

Managing Director

Mr. Manubhai Rathod
(DIN:- 07618837)

Whole Time Director (Operations)

Mr. Hemul Shah
(DIN:- 00058558)

Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director

Mrs. Chaitali Salot
(DIN:- 02036868)

Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director

Mr. Ketan Shrimankar
(DIN:- 00452468)

Non- Executive Independent Director

Mrs. Akhila Agnihotri Samdaria
(DIN:- 07028159)
(Appointed w.e.f 10th November, 2025)

Non- Executive Independent Director

Mrs. Neeta Shah
(DIN:- 07134947)
(Resigned w.e.f 10th November, 2025)

Non-Executive, Independent Director

Company Secretary

Mrs. Seema Sharma (Resigned w.e.f 7th April, 2026)
Mr. Krupal Upadhyay (Appointed w.e.f 1st June, 2026)

Statutory Auditors

M/s. Sanghavi & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Vikash Khemka

Bankers

State Bank of India



Orient Ceratech Limited

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NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the 55th Annual General Meeting of the Members of ORIENT CERATECH LIMITED will be held on Thursday, 24th September, 2026 at 11.00 a.m. through Video Conferencing / Other Audio Visual Means (VC/ OAVM) to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company (including Consolidated Financial Statements) for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2026, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon.
2. To declare a dividend of 35% i.e. Rs. 0.35/- (Thirty-Five paise) per Equity Share of the face value of Rs. 1/- each, for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2026.
3. To appoint a director in place of Mr. Manubhai Rathod, Director (DIN: 07618837), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

4. **To approve existing as well as new Material Related Party Transaction(s) with Bombay Minerals Limited**

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following Resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 188 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) read with the rules framed thereunder and in terms of Regulation 23 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“Listing Regulations”) (including any statutory amendment(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force, if any) and the Company’s Policy on Related Party Transaction(s), the approval of the Members be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as “Board”, which term shall be deemed to include any duly authorized Committee constituted /empowered by the Board, from time to time, to exercise its powers conferred by this resolution), for entering into and / or carrying out and / or continuing with existing and/or new contracts / arrangements/ transactions or material modification(s) of earlier arrangements / transactions or as fresh and independent transaction(s) or otherwise (whether individually or series of transaction(s) taken together or otherwise), with Bombay Minerals Limited, being a related party of the Company, as per the details set out in the explanatory statement annexed to this notice, for an aggregate value of up to Rs. 7,500 Lakhs, subject to the said contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) being carried out at an arm’s length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the aforesaid approval shall be valid for one year i.e. from the date of this Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the 56th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 2027 in terms of the Listing Regulations and the circulars issued by the SEBI in this regard.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board or any Committee thereof, be and is hereby severally authorized to execute all such agreements, documents, instruments and writings as deemed necessary, with power to alter, modify and vary the terms and conditions of such contracts/ arrangements/ transactions, settle all questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in this regard, as they may in their sole and absolute discretion deem fit, file requisite forms with the regulatory authorities and to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be considered necessary and appropriate and to delegate all or any of its powers herein conferred to any authorized person(s) to give effect to this resolution.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT all actions taken by the Board or any person so authorized by the Board, in connection with any matter referred to or contemplated in any of the foregoing resolution(s), be and are hereby approved, ratified and confirmed in all respects.”

5. Ratification of Cost Auditor's Remuneration:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 148 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 and the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) and/or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force) and on the recommendation of Audit Committee, the consent of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to ratify the remuneration of Rs. 1,87,000/- (Rupees One Lakh Eighty Seven Thousand Only) per annum plus Goods & Service Tax (GST) and reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses, to be paid to M/s. S. S. Puranik & Associates, Cost Accountants (Firm Registration No. 100133), the Cost Auditors appointed by the Board of Directors for conducting audit of the cost accounting records relating to the Company's Products for the Financial Year 2026-2027.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds and things and to take all such steps as may be necessary for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution.”

By Order of the Board of Directors

Place: Mumbai
Date: 6th August, 2026

Sd/-
Krupal Upadhyay
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Registered Office:

Lawrence & Mayo House, 3rd Floor,
276, D.N. Road, Fort, Mumbai – 400 001,
Maharashtra.
CIN: L24299MH1971PLC366531
Email: investor@oalmail.co.in
Website: www.orientceratech.com
-E & OE regretted

NOTES:

1. The relevant Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'), in respect of Special Business is annexed hereto.

Brief details of the director, who retire by rotation at this meeting, is annexed hereto as per requirements of Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standards on General Meetings (SS-2), are provided as “Annexure A” to this Notice.

Pursuant to General Circular No. 03/2025 dated 22nd September, 2025 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (“MCA”) and Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-2/P/CIR/2024/133 dated 3rd October, 2024 issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (“SEBI”) (hereinafter collectively referred to as the “Circulars”), companies have been allowed to conduct their Annual General Meetings (“AGM”) through Video Conferencing (“VC”) or Other Audio Visual Means (“OAVM”), subject to the applicable requirements prescribed under the said Circulars and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, accordingly, the 55th AGM of the Company is being convened and conducted through VC. The Registered Office of the Company shall be deemed to be the venue for the AGM.

2. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC / OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice.

3. The dividend, if declared, at the AGM, will be paid after Thursday, 24th September, 2026, to those Members whose name appears on the Register of Members of the Company on close of business hours on Thursday, 17th September, 2026 (Record Date).

The Company will disburse the dividend via Electronic Clearing Service (ECS)/National ECS (NECS) to those shareholders whose requisite particulars are available. The intimation of dividend payout /dispatch will be send within the statutory period.

4. Institutional / Corporate Shareholders (i.e. other than individuals / HUF, NRI, etc.) are required to send a scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of its Board or governing body Resolution/Authorization etc., authorizing its representative to attend the AGM on its behalf and to vote through remote e-voting. The said Resolution/Authorization shall be sent through their registered email address to the Scrutinizer at diptigl@gmail.com with a copy marked to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
5. In terms of MCA and SEBI Circulars, the Company has sent the Annual Report, Notice of AGM and e-Voting instructions only in electronic form to the members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company/Registrar and Transfer Agent/ Depositories/ Depository Participants and a letter will be sent by the Company providing the web-link, including the exact path where complete details of the Annual Report including the Notice of the e-AGM is available to those members who have not registered their e-mail address with the Company/Registrar and Transfer Agent/ Depositories/Depository Participants. Physical copy of the Annual Report shall be sent by the permitted mode to the member who request for the same to the Company at email ID investor@oalmail.co.in
7. Those shareholders who have not yet registered / updated their email address / Contact details are requested to get them registered / updated by following the procedure given below:

Physical Holding*	Members are requested to register/update their e-mail addresses and contact details by writing to the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent of the Company, viz. Skyline Financial Services Private Limited, at their email ID parveen@skylinerta.com along with the copy of the signed request letter mentioning the name and address of the Shareholder, Folio number and self-attested copy of the PAN Card and Aadhar Card.
Demat Holding*	Please contact your Depository Participant (DP) and register your email address / update your mobile number and bank account details in your demat account, as per the process advised by your DP.

** If there is any change in the e-mail ID already registered with the Company, members are requested to immediately notify such change to Skyline Financial Services Private Limited in respect of shares held in physical form and to DPs in respect of shares held in Demat form.*

7. The SEBI vide its Master Circular No. SEBI/ HO/MIRSD/ POD-1/P/CIR/2025/37 dated May 7, 2025, has mandated that with effect from April 1, 2025, dividend to security holders who are holding securities in physical form, shall be paid only through electronic mode. Such payment shall be made only after the shareholders furnish their PAN, contact details (postal address with PIN and mobile number), Bank Account details/Cancelled cheque bearing the name of first shareholder & Specimen Signature (“KYC”). Members, who have not updated their bank account details for receiving the dividends directly in their bank accounts through ECS, are requested to update the bank details including 11-digit IFSC code and 9 digit MICR code with the Depository Participants (DP) to receive the amount of dividend quickly.
8. Pursuant to the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 2025 [“The IT Act”], dividend income shall be taxable in the hands of Shareholders and the Company is required to deduct tax at source from dividend paid to Shareholders at the prescribed rates. For the prescribed rates for various categories, the Shareholders are requested to refer to the IT Act along with Finance Act, 2026.

Members are requested to ensure that their PAN, residential status, category/status and other relevant details are duly updated with their respective Depository Participant(s) (“DPs”) in case of dematerialised shares, or with the

Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent ("RTA"), Skyline Financial Services Private Limited, in case of physical shares.

Members eligible for non-deduction or deduction of TDS at a lower rate are requested to furnish the requisite declarations, forms, certificates and supporting documents, as applicable under the IT Act and the Income-tax Rules, 2026, to the RTA on or before the Record Date fixed for payment of dividend. The Form is available on the website of the RTA viz https://www.skylinerta.com/pdf_file/59_627394073_Form121.pdf

In case of non-resident members, TDS/withholding tax shall be deducted at the applicable rates under the IT Act or the relevant Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement ("DTAA"), subject to fulfilment of the prescribed conditions and submission of requisite documents. Members are advised to ensure that their PAN is valid and operative and, wherever applicable, linked with Aadhaar. Any TDS deducted shall be available as credit to the member and, where eligible, may be claimed as refund by filing the applicable return of income.

All communications/ queries in this respect should be addressed to our RTA to its email address parveen@skylinerta.com.

9. Members are requested to note that, dividends if not encashed for a consecutive period of 7 years from the date of transfer to Unpaid Dividend Account of the Company, are liable to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund ("IEPF"). The shares in respect of such unclaimed dividends are also liable to be transferred to the demat account of the IEPF Authority. In view of this, Members are requested to claim their dividends from the Company, within the stipulated timeline. The unpaid Dividend and underlying shares (up to FY 2017-18) have been transferred to IEPF. The unpaid Dividend and underlying shares for FY 2018-19 are due to be transferred after 1st October 2026. The intimation regarding this has been sent to the concerned shareholders.

Unclaimed Dividend- details are available on website at www.orientceratech.com.

10. A person, whose name is recorded in the register of members or in the register of beneficial owners maintained by the Depositories as on the cut-off date i.e. Thursday, 17th September, 2026, only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting as well as voting at the AGM.
11. Mrs. Dipti Gohil, Practicing Company Secretary (Membership No. 14736) has been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the voting at the AGM and remote e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.

PROCEDURE FOR INSPECTION OF DOCUMENTS:

12. All the documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and Explanatory Statements, shall be available for inspection through electronic mode, on basis of the request being sent on investor@oalmail.co.in.
13. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding, maintained under Section 170 of the Act and the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the directors are interested, maintained under Section 189 of the Act, will be available electronically for inspection by the members during the AGM. Members can inspect the same by sending an email to investor@oalmail.co.in.

OTHER INSTRUCTIONS: (KYC)

14. As per the provisions of Section 72 of the Companies Act and SEBI Circular, the facility for making nomination is available for the Members in respect of the shares held by them. Members who have not yet registered their nomination are requested to register the same by submitting Form No. SH-13. If a Member desires to opt out or cancel the earlier nomination and record a fresh nomination, he/ she may submit the same in Form ISR-3 or SH-14 as the case may be. The said forms can be downloaded from the Company's website www.orientceratech.com. Members are requested to submit the said details to their DP in case the shares are held by them in dematerialized form and to the Company/RTA in case the shares are held in physical form.

15. Further, the Members please be informed that the SEBI vide Circular Dated June 10, 2024 has decided that non-submission of 'choice of nomination' shall not result in freezing of Demat Accounts. The Securityholders holding securities in physical form shall be eligible for receipt of any payment including dividend, interest or redemption payment as well as to lodge grievance or avail any service request from the RTA even if 'choice of nomination' is not submitted by these securityholders. The payments including dividend withheld presently by the Companies/RTAs, only for want of 'choice of nomination' shall be processed accordingly.

Further, Members are requested to update their details viz. PAN, KYC, Nomination Details etc. by filling the KYC Forms available on the Company's Website viz. www.orientceratech.com.

16. SEBI vide its notification dated January 24, 2022 has mandated that all requests for transfer of securities including transmission and transposition requests shall be processed only in dematerialized form. In view of the same and to eliminate all risks associated with physical shares and avail various benefits of dematerialization, the members are advised to dematerialize the shares held by them in physical form. Members can contact the Company or RTA, for assistance in this regard.
17. In case of joint holders, the Member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote during the AGM.
18. Members seeking any information with regard to the accounts or any matter to be placed at the AGM, are requested to write to the Company at least five days prior to the date of AGM at investor@oalmail.co.in. The same will be replied by the Company suitably.
19. The MCA has adopted/implemented "Green Initiative in Corporate Governance" allowing paperless compliances by Companies through electronic mode. The Companies are now permitted to send various notices/documents to its shareholders through electronic mode to the registered email addresses of the shareholders.

To support the 'Green Initiative', the Members who have not registered their e-mail addresses are requested to register the same with their DPs in case the shares are held by them in electronic form and with Company's RTA –M/s Skyline Financial Services Private Limited in case the shares are held by them in physical form.

20. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) vide its Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/ DOP1/CIR/P/2018/73 dated 20th April, 2018 has mandated the registration of Permanent Account Number (PAN) and Bank Account Details of all the shareholders holding shares in physical mode through RTA.

Members holding shares in physical form are, therefore, requested to submit their PAN and Bank Account Details to the Company's RTA, viz. M/s Skyline Financial Services Private Limited, by sending self-attested copy of PAN Card along with self-attested legible copy of Aadhar/passport/utility bill (not older than 3 months) and Original cancelled cheque leaf containing the Bank A/c No., Bank Name, type of account, IFSC Code, MICR Code and the name of the shareholder printed on the cheque leaf.

In cases wherein the cancelled cheque leaf does NOT contain the shareholder's name printed on it, Members are requested to submit the Original cancelled cheque leaf along with legible copy of the bank passbook / bank statement specifying the KYC details of the registered shareholder such as the name, address, bank account number etc. duly attested by the Officer of the same Bank with his signature, name, employee code, designation, bank seal & address stamp, phone no. and date of attestation.

21. SEBI introduced Online Dispute Resolution Mechanism ("ODR Mechanism") through various circulars including its updated Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/OIAE/OIAE_IAD-3/P/CIR/2023/195 dated December 28, 2023 i.e. "Master Circular for Online Dispute Resolution". The said Master Circular and the process note are available on the website of the Company at <https://www.orientceratech.com/>. As per the said circulars, investors shall first take up their grievance with the listed entity by lodging a complaint directly with the concerned listed entity and if the grievance is not redressed satisfactorily, the investor may, in accordance with the SCORES guidelines, escalate the same through the SCORES Portal at www.scores.gov.in, in accordance with the process laid out therein. After exhausting all available options for resolution of the grievance, if the investor is still not satisfied with the outcome, he/she can initiate dispute resolution

through the ODR Portal at <https://smartodr.in/login>. Alternatively, the investor/client can initiate dispute resolution through the ODR Portal if the grievance lodged with the Company was not satisfactorily resolved in accordance with and subject to the relevant SEBI circulars. It must be noted that the dispute resolution through the ODR portal can be initiated only if such complaint / dispute is not pending before any arbitral process, court, tribunal or consumer forum or if the same is non-arbitrable under Indian Law. There shall be no fees for registration of a complaint/dispute on the ODR portal, and the fees for conciliation or arbitration process including applicable GST, stamp duty etc. shall be borne by the Investor / Company/other market participant as the case may be.

22. Since the AGM will be held through VC / OAVM, the Route Map is not annexed in this Notice.

23. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS AND PROCEDURE FOR JOINING THE AGM THROUGH VC / OAVM

1. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and the MCA Circulars, the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the 55th AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
2. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to at least 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
3. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
4. Pursuant to MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
5. In line with the aforementioned Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.orientceratech.com. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively. The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.

THE INSTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING AND JOINING VIRTUAL MEETINGS ARE AS UNDER:

Step 1: Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

Step 2: Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

(i) The voting period begins on **21st September, 2026 (Monday) at 9.00 a.m.** and ends on **23rd September, 2026 (Wednesday) at 5.00 p.m.** During this period shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of **17th September, 2026 (Thursday)** may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.

(ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.

(iii) Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. **SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020**, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

Step 1 : Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

(iv) In terms of SEBI circular **no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242** dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to abovesaid SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings **for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL/NSDL** is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL Depository	1) Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login to Easi / Easiest are requested to visit cdsi website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab. 2) After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly. 3) If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at cdsi website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option. 4) Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL Depository	1) If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the “Beneficial Owner” icon under “Login” which is available under ‘IDeAS’ section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on “Access to e-Voting” under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. 2) If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select “Register Online for IDeAS “Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp 3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under ‘Shareholder/Member’ section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants (DP)	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 21 09911.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at: 022 - 4886 7000 and 022 - 2499 7000.

Step 2 : Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

(V.) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.

- 1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
- 2) Click on “Shareholders” module.
- 3) Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.

- 4) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- 5) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- 6) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

Login types	For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat.
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders) Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login. If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field.

- (vi.) After entering these details appropriately, click on “SUBMIT” tab.
- (vii.) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach ‘Password Creation’ menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (viii) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (ix) Click on the EVSN in the name of Orient Ceratech Limited on which you choose to vote.
- (x) On the voting page, you will see “RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION” and against the same the option “YES/NO” for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xi) Click on the “RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK” if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xii) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on “SUBMIT”. A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on “OK”, else to change your vote, click on “CANCEL” and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xiii) Once you “CONFIRM” your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xiv) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on “Click here to print” option on the Voting page.
- (xv) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xvi) There is also an optional provision to upload BR/POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.
- (xvii) Additional Facility for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians –For Remote Voting only.**
 - Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the “Corporates” module.

- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login will be mapped automatically & can be delink in case of any wrong mapping.
- It is mandatory that, a scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively, Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer at the email address viz; diptigl@gmail.com, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

1. The procedure for attending meeting & e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
2. The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
5. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
6. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance atleast **five days prior to meeting** mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at investor@oalmail.co.in. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance **five days prior to meeting** mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at investor@oalmail.co.in. These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
8. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
9. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not cast their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
10. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/DEPOSITORIES.

1. For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to Company/RTA email id.
2. For Demat shareholders - Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP).
3. For Individual Demat shareholders – Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 21 09911.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call toll free no. 1800 21 09911.

24. The Scrutinizer shall, immediately after the conclusion of voting at the AGM, first count the votes cast during the AGM, thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting and make, not later than two working days from conclusion of the AGM, a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing, who shall countersign the same.
25. The Results declared along with the report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the website of the Company www.orientceratech.com and on the website of CDSL www.evotingindia.com immediately after the declaration of result by the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing. The results shall also be immediately forwarded to the BSE Limited & the National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

By Order of the Board of Directors

**Sd/-
Krupal Upadhyay
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer**

**Place: Mumbai
Date: 6th August, 2026**

Registered Office:
Lawrence & Mayo House, 3rd Floor,
276, D.N. Road, Fort, Mumbai – 400 001,
Maharashtra.
CIN: L24299MH1971PLC366531
Email: investor@oalmail.co.in
Website: www.orientceratech.com
E & OE regretted

Explanatory Statement Pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013:

Item No. 4 - To approve Existing as well as New Material Related Party Transaction(s):

Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 23 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“SEBI Listing Regulations”), the threshold limit for determination of material Related Party Transactions is the lower of Rs.1,000 crores (Rupees One Thousand Crores) or 10% (Ten percent) of the annual consolidated turnover of the listed entity as per the last audited financial statements of the listed entity and such material related party transactions exceeding the limits, would require prior approval of Members by means of an ordinary resolution.

The related party transactions, as detailed below, in the aggregate, are expected to exceed the aforesaid materiality thresholds. Accordingly, approval of the Members is being sought for all such arrangements / transactions to be undertaken by the Company. All such transactions shall be undertaken in the ordinary course of business of the Company and at arm’s length basis.

The Company proposes to enter into transactions with its related party(ies) mentioned in Resolution set out in Item no. 4 of the Notice, as per the terms and conditions as mutually agreed upon between the parties. The Audit Committee of the Company, at its meeting held on 6th February, 2026, granted omnibus approval for the said related party transactions and noted that, although the proposed related party transactions are in the ordinary course of business of the Company and shall be undertaken on an arm’s length basis, the aggregate value of these transactions may exceed the applicable materiality thresholds prescribed under the SEBI Listing Regulations.

Accordingly, in terms of the SEBI Listing Regulations, approval of the Members is being sought for entering into and/or carrying out and/or continuing with existing and/or new contracts/arrangements/ transactions or material modification(s) of earlier arrangements/transactions or as fresh and independent transaction(s) or otherwise (whether individually or series of transaction(s) taken together or otherwise) undertaken or to be undertaken by the Company. Such approval, once accorded, shall remain valid for a period of one year, i.e., from the date of this Annual General Meeting up to the conclusion of the 56th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 2027.

Information required under Regulation 23 of SEBI Listing Regulations read with SEBI Circular dated 22nd November, 2021 is provided herewith:

1	Name of the Related Party	Bombay Minerals Limited
2	Type of transaction	Purchase of goods, Sale of goods, Rendering of services, Receiving of services, leasing of property and/or any transfer of resources, services or obligations and such other transactions as mentioned in the Companies Act, 2013, from time to time.
3	Material terms and particulars of the proposed transaction	Material terms and conditions are based on the contracts which <i>inter alia</i> include the rates which are based on prevailing market price and commercial terms as on the date of entering into the contract.
4	Nature of Relationship with the Company including nature of its concern or interest (financial or otherwise)	Promoter Company of the Company (Holds 23.72% of paid-up capital of the Company)
5	Tenure of the proposed transaction	The Approval shall be valid for one year i.e. from the date of this Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the 56 th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 2027.
6	Value of the proposed transaction	Upto Rs 7,500 Lakhs

7	The percentage of the listed entity's annual consolidated turnover, for the immediately preceding financial year, that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction (and for a RPT involving a subsidiary, such percentage calculated on the basis of the subsidiary's annual turnover on a standalone basis shall be additionally provided)	In excess of 10% of the annual consolidated turnover of the Company as per the last audited financial statements.
8	Whether the transaction relates to any loans, inter-corporate deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed entity or its subsidiary	NA
a)	details of the source of funds in connection with the proposed transaction;	-
b)	where any financial indebtedness is incurred to make or give loans, inter-corporate deposits, advances or investments, - nature of indebtedness; - cost of funds; and - tenure;	-
c)	applicable terms, including covenants, tenure, interest rate and repayment schedule, whether secured or unsecured; if secured, the nature of security; and	-
d)	the purpose for which the funds will be utilized by the ultimate beneficiary of such funds pursuant to the RPT.	-
9)	Justification as to why the RPT is in the interest of the listed entity	Arrangement is commercially beneficial and logistically convenient.
10)	A statement that the valuation or other external report, if any, relied upon by the listed entity in relation to the proposed transaction will be made available through the registered email address of the shareholders;	-
11)	Percentage of the counter-party's annual consolidated turnover that is represented by the value of the proposed RPT on a voluntary basis;	-
12)	Any other information relevant or important for the members to take a decision on the proposed transaction.	-
13)	Name of the Director or Key Managerial Personnel, who is related	Mr. Manan Shah, Managing Director Mrs. Chaitali Salot, Director Mr. Hemul Shah, Director

Your Board of Directors considered the same and recommend passing of the Resolution contained in Item No. 4 of the accompanying Notice.

The said transaction(s)/contract(s)/arrangement(s) have been recommended by the Audit Committee and Board of Directors of the Company for consideration and approval by the Members.

It is pertinent to note that no related party shall vote to approve this Resolution whether the entity is a related party to the particular transaction or not.

Save and except the above, none of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or its respective relatives, other than as mentioned above, is concerned or interested, in the aforementioned Resolution.

The Board accordingly recommends the Resolution as set out in Item No. 4 of the accompanying Notice for the approval of Shareholders of the Company as an Ordinary Resolution.

Item No. 5: Ratification of Cost Auditor's Remuneration:

Pursuant to Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 14 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, the Company is required to appoint a Cost Auditor to audit the cost records for applicable products of the Company.

The Board, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, approved the appointment of M/s. S. S. Puranik & Associates, Cost Accountants, as Cost Auditors of the Company for the Financial Year 2026-2027, to conduct audit of cost accounting records of the Company as may be required for cost audit under the Companies Act, 2013, and Rules made thereunder, at a remuneration of Rs. 1,87,000 (Rupees One Lakh Eighty Seven Thousand Only) per annum plus Goods & Service Tax (GST) and reimbursement of Out-of-pocket expenses, if any.

Accordingly, consent of the members is sought for passing an Ordinary Resolution as set out in the Notice for ratification of the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditor.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company, or their relatives are, in any way, concerned with or interested in, financially or otherwise, in the said Resolution.

The Board accordingly recommends the Resolution as set out in Item No. 5 of the accompanying Notice for the approval of Shareholders of the Company as an Ordinary Resolution.

By Order of the Board of Directors

Sd/-
Krupal Upadhyay
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Place: Mumbai
Date: 6th August, 2026

Registered Office:
Lawrence & Mayo House, 3rd Floor,
276, D.N. Road, Fort, Mumbai – 400 001,
Maharashtra.
CIN: L24299MH1971PLC366531
Email: investor@oalmail.co.in
Website: www.orientceratech.com
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Details of Director seeking re-appointment at the 55th Annual General Meeting

(Pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard-2 on General Meetings)

Name of Director	Mr. Manubhai Rathod
DIN	07618837
Date of Birth	20/04/1968
Qualification	B.Sc. (Chemistry Graduate)
Brief Profile & Expertise in specific functional areas	Mr. Manubhai Rathod has an Extensive experience of more than a decade and expertise in the field of mining, mineral processing of Bauxite & allied minerals, projects, logistics, resource and business development
Directorship in other Public Companies (excluding foreign, private and Section 8 Companies)	--
Chairmanship / Membership of the Committees of the Board*	--
No. of shares held in the Company as on 31.03.2026	10,000
Relationship with other Directors and KMPs	--

** Represents only Membership/Chairmanship of the Audit Committee (AC) and the Stakeholders Relationship Committee (SRC) of Indian Public Companies.*

DIRECTORS' REPORT

To
The Members,

Your directors are pleased to present herewith the 55th Annual Report of the Company together with the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2026.

1) FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE:

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Standalone		Consolidated	
	2025-2026	2024-2025	2025-2026	2024-2025
Revenue from Operations	40,538.98	33,263.11	40,360.41	32,710.21
Less: Total expenditure before Finance Cost and Depreciation	37,589.42	30,984.12	36,076.82	29,626.99
Operating Profit	2,949.56	2,278.99	4,283.59	3,083.22
Add: Other Income	1,458.36	673.94	1,076.39	385.22
Profit / (Loss) before Finance Cost, Depreciation, Exceptional items and Taxes	4,407.92	2,952.93	5,359.98	3,468.44
Less: Finance Costs	333.77	567.51	510.19	708.73
Less: Depreciation	1,460.22	1,094.92	1,807.65	1,438.80
Less: Exceptional items	169.28	-	213.74	-
Profit / (Loss) before Tax	2,444.65	1,290.50	2,828.40	1,320.91
Provision for Taxation:				
Current Tax	853.08	408.52	853.08	408.52
Earlier years' Tax	(11.35)	3.79	(11.35)	3.76
Deferred Tax	(265.30)	(83.30)	(199.18)	(83.96)
Profit / (Loss) after Tax	1,868.21	961.49	2,185.85	992.59
Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)	(10.01)	36.38	21.98	35.74
Total Comprehensive Income after Tax	1,858.20	997.87	2,207.83	1,028.33

2) COMPANY'S PERFORMANCE AND OPERATIONS:

During FY 2025-2026, the standalone revenue for the year ended 31st March, 2026 stood at Rs. 40,538.98 Lakhs as against Rs. 33,263.11 Lakhs in the previous financial year. The increase in revenue is primarily attributable to higher sales across Ceramics and related products. The Total income from operation (including other income) increased by 23.75% and stood at Rs. 41,997.34 Lakhs as against Rs. 33,937.05 Lakhs in FY 2024-2025. Net Profit after Tax stood at Rs. 1,868.21 Lakhs as against Rs. 961.49 Lakhs in FY 2024-2025. The Company reported an increase in export sales which stood at Rs. 22,819.06 Lakhs as against Rs. 13,080.56 Lakhs in FY 2024-2025. The Refractory Division continued to build on its growth momentum during the year, supported by increasing customer acceptance, the addition of new domestic and international accounts, and repeat orders from key customers. Demand remained supported by the continued growth of the Indian steel sector, with customers increasingly seeking higher-performance refractory solutions that enhance furnace life, productivity and overall operating efficiency. The Oil & Gas Division witnessed a mixed operating environment during the year. Activity in several markets was affected by geopolitical uncertainties and elevated freight and logistics costs, particularly during Q4. However, higher crude oil prices supported increased upstream investments by several oil and gas companies. Operators focused on enhancing well productivity, improving reservoir recovery, and extending the productive life of existing assets, resulting in increased demand for Ceramic Proppants.

On consolidated basis, total income from operation (including other income) grew by 25.20% and stood at Rs. 41,436.80 Lakhs as against Rs. 33,095.43 Lakhs in FY 2024-2025. Net Profit after Tax stood at Rs. 2,185.85 Lakhs as against Rs. 992.59 Lakhs in the previous financial year ended 31st March, 2025.

Revenue from Windmill business operations stood at Rs. 627.22 Lakhs, as compared to Rs. 576.69 Lakhs in FY 2024-25. Subsequent to the close of the financial year ended 31st March, 2026, the Company completed the disposal of its Power Division business during the first quarter of FY 2026-27.

During the year under review, there was no change in the nature of business of the Company.

Looking ahead, your Company remains optimistic about its growth trajectory, with all business segments expected to contribute positively to topline growth and profitability in FY 2026-2027 and beyond. The Refractory Division is expected to benefit from the continued expansion of India's steelmaking capacity and robust domestic demand, supported by infrastructure and manufacturing activity. The increasing focus of steel producers on furnace efficiency, campaign life, productivity, and total cost of ownership is also expected to create opportunities for higher-performance refractory solutions. Export market penetration is also expected to increase; however, geopolitical uncertainties and elevated freight costs may lead to muted demand in the short term. The Oil & Gas Division is expected to benefit from continued upstream activity and selective investments in exploration and production, although the pace of spending is likely to vary across regions. The growing emphasis on well productivity and optimization of existing assets is expected to support demand for Ceramic Proppants.

3) DIVIDEND:

Considering the Company's business performance and its dividend history, your Board of Directors is pleased to recommend a dividend of Rs. 0.35 (35%) per Equity Share of Re. 1/- each, fully paid on 11,96,39,200 equity shares of the Company, subject to approval of the shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company. The Dividend will be paid out of the profits for the year under review.

The Dividend if declared, will involve a total outflow of Rs. 418.74 Lakhs which will be subject to deduction of tax at source as applicable and shall be paid to the members on or after 24th September, 2026, whose name appears in the Register of Members, as on the Record date i.e. 17th September, 2026.

4) TRANSFER TO RESERVES:

The Company has not proposed to transfer any amount to General Reserve.

5) SHARE CAPITAL:

During the financial year 2025-2026, there was no change in the authorized, issued, subscribed, and paid-up share capital of the Company. As on 31st March, 2026, the authorized share capital stood at Rs. 18,00,00,000 (Rupees Eighteen Crores only), comprising 14,00,00,000 (Fourteen Crores) equity shares of Re. 1/- each and 4,00,000 (Four Lakhs) 6% redeemable cumulative preference shares of Rs. 100/- each.

The issued, subscribed, and paid-up equity share capital remained unchanged during the year. The detailed break-up is provided in Note No. 14 of the Financial Statements.

The Company, during the year under review, has not issued any shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise or bought back any of its securities. The Company has not issued any sweat equity/bonus shares/employee stock option plan, under any scheme.

6) TRANSFER TO THE INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND (IEPF):

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 124 and 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ("IEPF Rules"), any dividend remaining unclaimed or unpaid for a period of seven years from the date of its transfer to the Company's Unpaid Dividend Account is required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) Authority.

Further, in terms of the aforesaid provisions, all shares in respect of which dividend has remained unclaimed for seven consecutive years or more from the date of transfer to the Unpaid Dividend Account are also mandatorily required to be transferred to the IEPF Authority. However, this requirement shall not apply to shares in respect of which there is a specific order of a Court, Tribunal, or any Statutory Authority restraining such transfer.

In the interest of the Members, the Company sends periodical reminders to the Members to claim their dividends in order to avoid transfer of dividends/shares to IEPF Authority. Notices in this regard are also published in the newspapers and the details of unclaimed dividends and Members whose shares are liable to be transferred to the IEPF Authority, are uploaded on the Company's website <https://www.orientceratech.com/>

During the financial under review, in accordance with applicable provisions, the Company transferred unclaimed dividends and corresponding shares to IEPF, as detailed below:

Financial year	Amount of unclaimed dividend transferred	Number of shares transferred
2017-18	Rs. 9,55,394.25	48,406

As on 31st March, 2026, a total of 36,68,978 Equity Shares of the Company were lying in the Demat A/c of the IEPF Authority.

The shareholders have an option to claim their shares and / or amount of dividend transferred to IEPF, in the prescribed form available on www.mca.gov.in. Members are requested to note that no claims shall lie against the Company in respect of the dividends and/or shares transferred to IEPF.

The Company has initiated necessary action for transfer of shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed by the members consecutively since FY 2018-19.

The voting rights on shares transferred to the IEPF Authority shall remain frozen until the rightful owner claims the shares. Any further dividend received on such shares shall be credited to the IEPF Fund.

7) DEPOSITS:

During the year under review, your Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of provisions of Chapter V – Acceptance of Deposits by Companies of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

8) SUBSIDIARIES/ JOINT VENTURES/ ASSOCIATE COMPANY:

As on date, the Company has two wholly owned subsidiaries, as mentioned below:

- (i) Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited (OAMPL), engaged in the manufacturing of refractory & ceramic products and related services.
- (ii) Orient Advanced Materials FZE (OAMFZE), engaged in the trading of ceramic products and related materials.

During the financial year under review, OAMPL recorded a revenue of Rs. 10,338.15 lakhs, as against Rs. 6,472.28 lakhs in the previous financial year, and reported a net profit after tax of Rs. 137 lakhs, compared to a net loss after tax of Rs. 1.28 lakhs in the previous financial year.

OAMPL is a material subsidiary of the Company, and all the applicable rules and regulations, in this regard, are adhered to.

Further, OAMFZE recorded a revenue of Rs. 6,516.54 lakhs, as against Rs. 976.97 lakhs in the previous financial year, and reported a net profit after tax of Rs. 180.62 lakhs as against Rs. 32.38 lakhs in the previous financial year. OAMFZE commenced its business operations in the previous financial year.

9) TRANSFER OF HOLDING BY PROMOTER COMPANY

During the year under review, Bombay Minerals Limited (BML), the Promoter Company, transferred its 37,17,500 shares to Ashapura International Limited (AIL). Post this transaction, the shareholding of BML stood at 2,83,82,453 equity shares representing 23.72% of the paid-up share capital of the Company, while AIL held 99,95,136 equity shares representing 8.35% of the paid-up share capital.

10) MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY WHICH HAVE OCCURRED BETWEEN 31st MARCH, 2026 AND 6th AUGUST, 2026:

Other than as stated elsewhere in this report, there have been no reportable material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company during the aforesaid period.

11) CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and its subsidiaries, have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards, which forms part of this Annual Report. Further, pursuant to the provisions of the said Section, a statement containing salient features of the Financial Statements of the Company's subsidiary (in Form AOC - 1) is attached to financial statements.

In accordance with Section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Audited Financial Statements including Consolidated Financial Statements and all other documents required to be attached to this Report and Financial Statements of subsidiary, have been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.orientceratech.com

12) SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS BY THE REGULATORS:

During the year under review, no significant material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the going concern status and the Company's operations.

13) CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT:

A report on 'Corporate Governance' along with the Certificate from M/s. Sanghavi & Co., Chartered Accountants, regarding its compliance and 'Management Discussion and Analysis Report' as stipulated by Regulation 34 of the Listing Regulations are set out separately, which form part of this Annual Report.

14) DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

In pursuance of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors hereby confirm that:

- (a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable Accounting Standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (b) they had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the Financial Year and of the **PROFIT** of the Company for that period;
- (c) they had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) they have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- (e) they have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively and
- (f) they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

15) DIRECTORS & KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

The composition of the Board of Directors of the Company as on 31st March 2026 is as below.

Sr. No.	Name of Director	Designation	DIN
1	Mr. Harish Motiwalla	Non-Executive, Independent Director (Chairman)	00029835
2	Mr. Manan Shah	Managing Director	06378095
3	Mr. Manubhai Rathod	Whole-Time Director (Operations)	07618837
4	Mr. Hemul Shah	Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director	00058558
5	Mrs. Chaitali Salot	Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director	02036868
6	Mr. Ketan Shrimankar	Non-Executive, Independent Director	00452468
7	Mrs. Akhila Agnihotri Samdaria	Non-Executive, Independent Director	07028159

a) Retirement by Rotation:

In accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of your Company, Mr. Manubhai Rathod (DIN-07618837), retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible has offered himself for re-appointment.

The details as required under the provisions of the Companies Act and Listing Regulations are provided in the Notice convening the ensuing Annual General Meeting wherever required.

b) Declaration by Independent Directors:

- The Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors of the Company confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under the provisions of section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with schedules & rules issued thereunder as well as regulation 16 of the Listing Regulations (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force). The same shall be available for inspection upon request by Shareholders.
- The Independent Directors have complied with the Code for Independent Directors prescribed in Schedule IV to the Act.

c) Resignation of Mrs. Neeta Shah as Non-Executive, Independent Director:

During the year under review, Mrs. Neeta Shah tendered her resignation as an Independent Director from the Board of the Company w.e.f. 10th November, 2025 due to other professional commitments and responsibilities. She also confirmed that there was no material reason for her resignation other than the above. The Board places on record its sincere appreciation for the valuable contribution rendered by her during her tenure.

d) Appointment of Mrs. Akhila Agnihotri Samdaria as Non-Executive, Independent Director:

The Board of Directors, on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held on 10th November, 2025, appointed Mrs. Akhila Agnihotri Samdaria (DIN- 07028159) as an Additional Director in the capacity of Independent Director for a term of five consecutive years, subject to the approval of the Shareholders of the Company.

Further, her appointment was duly approved by the shareholders by passing a Special Resolution by way of Postal Ballot on 6th February, 2026 and the result of the same was duly declared on the same day itself.

e) Appointment of Mr. Manan Shah as Managing Director:

The Board of Directors, on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held on 10th November, 2025, re-appointed Mr. Manan Shah as Managing Director of the Company for further period of Five years, subject to the approval of the Shareholders of the Company.

Further, his appointment and remuneration of three years was duly approved by the shareholders by passing a Special Resolution by way of Postal Ballot on 6th February, 2026 and the result of the same was duly declared on the same day itself.

f) Key Managerial Personnel:

There has been no change in the Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) of the Company during the financial year 2025-26.

Details of KMPs as on 31st March 2026:

Sr. No.	Name of KMP	Designation of KMP
1.	Mr. Manan Shah	Managing Director
2.	Mr. Manubhai Rathod	Whole Time Director (Operations)
3.	Mr. Vikash Khemka	Chief Financial Officer
4.	Mrs. Seema Sharma*	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

* Mrs. Seema Sharma has resigned as Company Secretary & Compliance Officer w.e.f 7th April, 2026.

g) Board's Opinion Regarding Integrity, Expertise and Experience (including the proficiency) of the Independent Directors appointed:

The Board of Directors is of the opinion that the Independent Directors on the Board of the Company are person(s) of integrity and possess core skills/expertise/competencies (including the proficiency) as required in the context of Company's business(es) and sector(s) for the Company to function effectively.

h) Familiarization Programme of Independent Directors:

Please refer Point No 2(F)(c) on Familiarisation Programme in Report on Corporate Governance.

16) PERFORMANCE EVALUATION:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') and Regulation 17 of SEBI Listing Regulations the performance evaluation policy, the Board of Directors evaluated the performance of each and every Director on the Board, its various Committees, and the performance of the Board as a whole, which would contribute significantly to performance improvements at all the three levels i.e. the organizational, the Board and the individual director level, which in turn would help in increasing accountability, better decision making, enhanced communication and more efficient Board operations.

Accordingly, pursuant to the provisions of Companies Act, 2013, Listing Regulations and Performance Evaluation Policy of the Company, the Board of Directors, in consultation with the Nomination & Remuneration Committee and Independent Directors, carried out & analysed the annual performance evaluation of all the Directors, the Board as a whole and its committees.

The annual performance evaluation was carried out based on detailed questionnaires drafted in accordance with the guidance note issued by SEBI. The performance of the individual Directors was evaluated after seeking inputs from all the Directors other than the one who is being evaluated. The evaluation was based on the criteria such as Director's knowledge and understanding of their role, Company's vision and mission, Director's Commitment, qualification, skill and experience, assertiveness in communication, etc.

The performance of the Board was evaluated on the basis of various criteria such as composition of the Board, information flow to the board, matters addressed in the meeting, strategic issues, roles and functions of the Board, relationship with the management, engagement with the Board and external stakeholders and other development areas.

The performance of the Committee Members was evaluated after seeking the inputs of committee members on the criteria such as understanding the terms of reference, committee composition, independence, contributions to Board decisions etc.

Further, the performance of Executive Directors was evaluated on certain additional parameters depending upon their roles and responsibilities such as leadership, relationship with stakeholders, execution of business plans, risk management, development of plans and policies in alignment with the vision and mission of the Company, etc.

Similarly, criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors include effective deployment of knowledge and expertise, willingness to devote time and efforts towards his/her role, high ethical standards, adherence to applicable codes and policies, effective participation, etc.

During the year, the Independent Directors met separately and discussed, *inter-alia*, the performance of Non-Executive Chairman, Executive Directors of the Company and the Board as a whole. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has also carried out evaluation of every Director's performance.

The Board's evaluation report on performance of each individual Director and the Board as a whole was placed before the Board for appropriate analysis and confirmation.

Based on the annual performance evaluation, the Board expressed its satisfaction with the performance evaluation process.

17) COMMITTEES:

The composition of committees constituted by the Board along with changes, if any, forms part of the Corporate Governance Report, which is a part of Annual Report.

18) NOMINATION & REMUNERATION POLICY:

Pursuant to the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors, based on the recommendations of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, adopted a Policy for selection and appointment of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel & Senior Management and for determining their remuneration, qualifications, positive attributes and independence of Directors. The policy also ensures that the relationship of remuneration to performance is clear so as to meet appropriate performance benchmark.

The Policy on Nomination & Remuneration is available on the website of the Company viz. www.orientceratech.com. The details about the Nomination & Remuneration Committee and payment of remuneration to the Directors are provided in the Report on Corporate Governance which forms part of this Annual Report.

19) PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES AND RELATED DISCLOSURES:

The information required under Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 in respect of Directors/ employees of the Company is set out in “Annexure A” to this Report.

Considering the provisions to section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Annual Report, excluding the statement required to be given under rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, is being sent to the shareholders of the Company and others entitled thereto. The aforesaid statement is available for inspection of members at the registered office of the Company during working hours up to the date of Annual General Meeting and shall be made available to any shareholder on request. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to investor@oalmail.co.in

20) MEETINGS OF THE BOARD:

During the year under review, the Board of Directors met 4 (Four) times. The gap between the two meetings did not exceed one hundred and twenty days. The dates of the meetings along with the attendance of the Directors therein have been disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report. The necessary quorum was present for all the meetings.

21) AUDIT COMMITTEE:

The Company has an Audit Committee of the Board of Directors in place. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are in line with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations. Detailed information pertaining to the Audit Committee including its composition has been provided in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of this Annual Report.

22) AUDITORS AND AUDITORS' REPORT:

(i) Statutory Auditors:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, M/s. Sanghavi & Co., Chartered Accountants (FRN: 109099W), were re-appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the second term for a period of five years w.e.f. conclusion of 51st Annual General Meeting held on 26th September, 2022 till the conclusion of 56th Annual General Meeting to be held in the year 2027.

The Auditors' Report for the financial year ended 31st March, 2026 on the financial statements (standalone & consolidated) of the Company forms part of this Annual Report.

Further, the Auditor's Report for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2026 does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

(ii) Cost Auditors:

Pursuant to Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, the Board of Directors has, on recommendation of the Audit Committee, appointed M/s. S. S. Puranik & Associates, Cost Accountants, as the Cost Auditors of the Company to conduct audit of the Company's Cost Accounting Records in respect of the products of the Company for the Financial Year 2026-2027 at a remuneration of Rs. 1,87,000/- (Rupees One Lakh Eighty Seven Thousand Only) per annum plus Goods & Service Tax (GST) and out-of-pocket expenses, if any.

Your Company has received consent from M/s. S. S. Puranik & Associates, to act as the Cost Auditors of your Company for the financial year 2026-2027 along with a certificate confirming their independence. As per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, a resolution seeking approval of the Members for the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors forms part of the Notice convening Annual General Meeting.

The Company has maintained the cost accounts and records in accordance with Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules framed thereunder. The Cost Audit Report for the Financial Year 2024-2025 was filed with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs on 2nd September, 2025.

(iii) Secretarial Auditors:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014, your Company had engaged the services of Ms. Dipti Gohil, Company Secretary in Practice to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company for term of five consecutive years commencing from Financial Year 2025-26 till Financial Year 2029-30.

The Secretarial Audit Report in Form MR-3 is annexed herewith as "**Annexure B**". Further, the Secretarial Audit Report for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2026 does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

23) INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM & THIER ADEQUACY:

The Company has an adequate internal control system commensurate with the size, scale, and nature of its operations. The Audit Committee periodically reviews the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control system and ensures that necessary improvements are implemented to strengthen the same.

The Company appointed M/s. Atul HMV & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants, as its Internal Auditors for Financial Year 2025-2026. They carry out periodic audit as per the Scope of Work approved by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee of the Company periodically reviews the Internal Audit Reports submitted by the Internal Auditors. Internal Audit observations and corrective action taken by the Management are presented to the Audit Committee. The status of implementation of the recommendations are reviewed by the Audit Committee on a regular basis and concerns, if any, are reported to the Board. The Company continues to take appropriate measures to strengthen internal controls across all areas of operations.

In addition, the Company is using 'SAP' Systems, an advanced IT business solution platform, to achieve standardized operations that ensures seamless data and information flow. This would further ensure ease in working environment & style and shall enable the Company to be in line with the best global practices.

As per the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Statutory Auditors have expressed their views on the adequacy of Internal Financial Control in their Audit Report.

24) CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY:

Your Company embraces responsibility for impact of its operations and actions on all stakeholders including society and community at large. As per requirements of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has duly constituted Corporate Social Responsibility Committee. The brief outline of the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) policy of the Company and the initiative undertaken by the Company on CSR activities during the year are set out in “**Annexure C**” of this Report in the format prescribed in the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014. The details of composition of CSR Committee etc. are provided under the Corporate Governance Report.

25) REPORTING OF FRAUDS:

During the year under review, the Statutory Auditors have not reported any instances of frauds committed in the Company by its Officers or Employees, to the Audit Committee / Central Government under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 13 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.

26) VIGIL MECHANISM- WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY:

The Company has vigil mechanism named as Whistle Blower Policy, in compliance with the provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Listing Regulations, wherein the employees/directors can report the instances of unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud, mismanagement or any violation of the Code of Conduct and/or laws applicable to the Company and seek redressal. This mechanism provides appropriate protection to a genuine Whistle.

The said Policy is available on the website of the Company viz. www.orientceratech.com. During the year under review, no complaint has been received under the Whistle Blower Policy (Vigil Mechanism).

27) RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Company recognizes that risk is an inherent aspect of any business and is committed to proactively and effectively managing it. In line with best corporate governance practices, the Company continuously assesses risks arising from both internal and external environments. This enables the management to monitor, evaluate, and implement appropriate mitigation measures in a timely manner. An adequate risk management framework is in place to address identified risks and ensure business continuity.

28) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

All contracts/arrangements/transactions entered into by the Company during the Financial Year under review with the Related Parties were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis. During the year, the Company had entered into contract/arrangement/transaction with the Related Parties which are considered as material in accordance with the Company's Policy on Related Party Transactions and for which approval of members has been duly taken. The disclosure in Form AOC-2 is attached herewith as "**Annexure D**".

The Company places all Related Party Transactions before the Audit Committee and also before the Board of Directors for its approval on quarterly basis. The omnibus approval was obtained from the Audit Committee in respect of transactions which are repetitive in nature, in accordance with the Company's Policy on Related Party Transactions. The Audit Committee also reviewed the details of such Related Party Transactions entered into by the Company pursuant to each of the omnibus approval given on a quarterly basis.

The Policy on Related Party Transactions as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company is available on the website of the Company viz. www.orientceratech.com.

Your Directors draw attention of the members to Note nos. 37 & 37 A to the financial statements which sets out related party disclosures.

29) PARTICULARS OF LOANS GIVEN, INVESTMENTS MADE, GUARANTEES GIVEN AND SECURITIES PROVIDED:

Particulars of loans given, investments made, guarantees given and securities provided in accordance with the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013, are given in the Notes to Financial Statements (Please refer to Note nos. 5 & 6).

30) COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Company has complied with the Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India on:

1. Meetings of the Board of Directors
2. General Meetings
3. Reports of the Board of Directors

31) CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

The particulars relating to conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo, as required to be disclosed under the Companies Act, 2013, are provided in "**Annexure E**" to this Report.

32) ANNUAL RETURN:

In accordance with the provisions of sections 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, the copy of Annual Return of the Company is available on its website www.orientceratech.com.

33) PENDING APPLICATION OR PROCEEDING UNDER THE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016:

There are no applications made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 during the year under review.

34) DETAILS OF SETTLEMENT WITH THE BANKS OR FINANCIAL INSTITUTION:

The Company has not entered into any one time settlement with the Banks or Financial Institutions for the FY 2025-2026.

35) PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT AT WORKPLACE:

The Company has zero tolerance for sexual harassment of women at workplace and has adopted a Policy for prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment at workplace, in terms of provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder.

An Internal Complaints Committee (“ICC”) has been duly constituted to provide a safe and respectful working environment and to address complaints, if any, in a fair and timely manner. The Company is committed to ensuring that all employees are treated with dignity and respect, irrespective of gender, race, caste, creed, religion, place of origin, sexual orientation, disability, economic status, or hierarchical position.

During the year under review, no complaints relating to sexual harassment were filed, received, disposed of, or remained pending before the ICC as on 31st March 2026. The management places on record its commitment to maintaining a safe and inclusive workplace. The Policy is also available on the Company’s website at www.orientceratech.com.

36) COMPLIANCE WITH MATERNITY BENEFIT ACT, 1961

The Company has duly complied with the provisions of maternity benefit act, 1961 during the year under review.

37) ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:

Your Directors wish to express their appreciation for the assistance and co-operation received from the financial institutions, banks, employees, investors, customers, government & government agencies, shareholders and all other business associates for the continuous support given by them to the Company and their confidence in its Management during the year under review and look forward for their contributed support in future.

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors

**Sd/-
Manan Shah
Managing Director
(DIN: 06378095)**

**Sd/-
Hemul Shah
Director
(DIN: 00058558)**

Place : Mumbai
Date : 6th August, 2026

E & O E Regretted

DISCLOSURE ON THE REMUNERATION OF THE MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

a) the ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the company for the financial year;

Director 1 : **14.70 times***

Director 2 : **16.84 times***

(NOTE: i) “median” means the numerical value separating the higher half of a population from the lower half and the median of a finite list of numbers may be found by arranging all the observations from lowest value to highest value and picking the middle one

ii) If there is an even number of observations, the median shall be the average of the two middle values

b) the percentage increase in remuneration of each director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year: **10.11%**

c) the percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year : **3.68%**

d) the number of permanent employees on the rolls of company : **278 (Previous year 256)**

e) average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration;

Overall Increased in salary : **12.12 %**

Increased in salary for Managerial person : **10.11 %**

Increased in salary for other than Managerial person : **12.35 %**

f) affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the company.

It is affirmed that the remuneration paid to the Directors, KMP and other employees is as per the remuneration policy of the Company.

(2) Considering the provision of Section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013, the annual report, excluding the remuneration paid to top ten employees is being sent to shareholders of the Company. The said details of remuneration paid to top ten employees is available for inspection of members at the Registered Office of the Company during working hours up to the date of Annual General Meeting and shall be made available to any shareholder on request.

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors

**Sd/-
Manan Shah
Managing Director
(DIN: 06378095)**

**Sd/-
Hemul Shah
Director
(DIN: 00058558)**

Place : Mumbai

Date : 6th August, 2026

FORM NO. MR-3
SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31.03.2026

[Pursuant to Section 204 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9
of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
ORIENT CERATECH LIMITED
CIN: L24299MH1971PLC366531
Lawrence & Mayo House, 3rd Floor,
276 D. N. Road, Fort, Mumbai – 400001.

I report that:

I have conducted Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **ORIENT CERATECH LIMITED** [CIN: L24299MH1971PLC366531] (hereinafter referred to as ‘**the Company**’). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on physical and online verification of the books, papers, minutes, statutory registers, Records, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its Officers, Agents and Authorized Representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, the explanations and clarifications given and the representations made by the Management, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company during the audit period covering the financial year 1st April, 2025 to 31st March, 2026, has prima facie complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minutes, statutory registers, Records, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2026 according to the applicable provisions of:

- i. The Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred as ‘Act’) and Rules made there under and various allied acts warranting compliance; as also Secretarial Standards 1 & 2 Issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- ii. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (‘SCRA’) and the Rules made thereunder;
- iii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye - Laws framed thereunder ;
- iv. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 & the Rules & Regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment & External Commercial Borrowings, as may be applicable ;
- v. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (‘SEBI Act’):-
 - a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 ;
 - b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - c) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with Stock Exchange read with Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 [Hereinafter referred to as ‘ LODR’]

Though the following laws are prescribed in the format of Secretarial Audit Report by the Authority(ies), the same were NOT applicable to the Company for / during the financial year ended 31st March, 2026:-

- a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;

- b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014;
- c) The Securities & Exchange Board of India (Issue & listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
- d) The Securities & Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009;
- e) The Securities & Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998;
- f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993, regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;

vi. Further based on the discussion had with and Documents / Reports obtained from the Management, the concerned Departmental Heads and the Management Representation Letter furnished, the Company has *inter-alia* complied with the following laws:

- (a) The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947
- (b) The Factories Act, 1948
- (c) The Payment of Wages Act, 1936
- (d) The Minimum Wages Act, 1948
- (e) The Employees State Insurance Act, 1948
- (f) The Employees Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952
- (g) The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965
- (h) The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972
- (i) The Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946
- (j) The Employees Compensation Act, 1923
- (k) Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
- (l) Mines Act, 1952
- (m) Metalliferous Mines Regulations, 1961
- (n) The Water (Prevention & Control) of Pollution Act, 1974
- (o) The Air (Prevention & Control) of Pollution Act, 1981
- (p) The Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986
- (q) The Hazardous Wastes (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2008
- (r) The Apprentices Act, 1961
- (s) The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
- (t) The Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986
- (u) Mineral Conservation & Development Rules, 1988
- (v) The Employment Exchange (Compulsory Notification of Vacancies) Act, 1959.

I further report that I have relied on the Statutory Auditor's Reports in relation to the financial statements and accuracy of financial figures for Sales Tax, Wealth Tax, Value Added Tax, Related Party Transactions, Provident Fund, ESIC, etc. as disclosed under financial statements, Accounting Standard 18 & note on foreign currency transactions during the audit period .

I further report that:

- i. the Directors have complied with the requirements as to disclosure of interests and concerns in contracts and arrangements, shareholdings and directorships in other Companies and interest in other entities;
- ii. the Company has obtained all necessary approvals under various provisions of the Act where necessary;
- iii. there was no prosecution initiated against or show cause notice received by the Company during the year under review under the Companies Act and rules, regulations and guidelines under these Acts.

I further report that the Company's Management and Board of Directors are also responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate systems and process, commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to identify, monitor and ensure compliances with the applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

Further, the Management is responsible for compliances of all business laws. This responsibility includes maintenance of statutory registers/records required by the concerned authorities and internal control of the concerned department.

I further report that :

- 1) During the year under review, Bombay Minerals Limited (BML), the Promoter Company, transferred 37,17,500 Equity Shares representing 3.11% of paid-up capital of the Company to Ashapura International Limited (AIL), a fellow subsidiary of BML.

Further, AIL also purchased some shares of the Company from the open market. Post these transactions, BML held 2,83,82,453 Equity Shares representing 23.72% of the paid-up share capital of the Company, while AIL held 99,95,136 equity shares representing 8.35% of the paid-up share capital of the Company.

- 2) The Company, during the year under review, received Eviction Orders (3nos.) dated 29th October 2025, under Gujarat Public Premises Act from Gujarat Industrial Development Corporation (GIDC), Porbandar, to vacate certain premises of the Company at Porbandar on account of alleged outstanding dues pertaining to the financial years 2023–24 and 2024–25.

The Company has filed a Civil Appeals in respect of all the 3 Orders, before the District and Sessions Court, Porbandar against GIDC-Porbandar. The matter is sub judice.

- 3) The Management of the Company, during the last quarter of the financial year considered and approved the sale of Thermal power Station at the Company's Porbandar Plant. The Company has given the necessary disclosures and complied with the necessary formalities for the same.

I further report that during the year, the status of the Company has been a widely held listed Company (listed on BSE and NSE) and I am informed that Company is regular in complying with applicable provisions.

The Compliance to that effect has been made, this fact has been examined from the perusal of various records maintained by the Company.

- (i) The Board of Directors of the Company and the various Committees thereof as required under the Companies Act, 2013, and the LODR are duly constituted. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors and various Committees that took place during the period under review and upto the date of this report are carried out in compliance with the provisions of the said Act / Regulations.
 - 1) Mrs Akhila Agnihotri [DIN 07028159] was appointed as an Additional Director (Non – Executive, Independent Director Woman Director) of the Company w.e.f. 10th November, 2025. Her appointment as Non – Executive, Independent Director was regularized via Special Resolution passed by way of Postal Ballot process held on 6th February, 2026.
 - 2) Mr. Manan Shah [DIN: 06378095] was reappointed as the Managing Director of the Company for a further period of five years w.e.f. 12th April 2026 via Special Resolution passed by way of Postal Ballot process held on 6th February, 2026. In the said Special Resolution payment of remuneration for the first three years of his tenure as MD was also approved.
 - 3) Mr. Ketan Shrimankar (DIN: 00452468) was re-appointed as a Non-Executive, Independent Director of the Company, for a further term of two years w.e.f. 11th August, 2026, via Special Resolution passed by way of Postal Ballot process held on 30th July, 2026.
 - 4) Mrs. Neeta Shah [DIN 07134947] resigned an Independent Director of the Company w.e.f. 10th November, 2025.
- (ii) Mrs. Seema Sharma the Company Secretary, Compliance Officer and Key Managerial Person of the Company, resigned from her position w.e.f. 7th April, 2026. Mr. Krupal Upadhyay [ACS – 50301], was appointed as the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer w.e.f. 1st June, 2026 and also designated as the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.
- (iii) Adequate notices are given to all Directors in respect of the Board Meetings and/ or Committee Meetings alongwith the agenda and detailed notes. The said documents are sent in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

I further report that:-

1. Maintenance of Secretarial Records is the responsibility of the Management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these Secretarial Records based on the audit.
2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in the Secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of the financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Where ever required, I have obtained the Management Representation about the compliance of Laws, Rules and Regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable Laws, Rules, Regulations, Standards is the responsibility of the Management. My examination was limited to the verification of compliances / processes on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficacy or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Sd/-

DIPTI GOHIL

Practicing Company Secretary

Peer Review Certificate No.: 2026/2022

CP No.: 11029 ACS No.: 14736

Place : Mumbai

Date : 6th August, 2026

UDIN : A014736H001034249

**ANNUAL REPORT ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) ACTIVITIES
(AS PER SECTION 135 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013)**

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company.

The Company has framed a CSR Policy in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014.

During the year under review, your Company undertook CSR activities for promotion of health care & eradicating hunger, promoting Women empowerment, establishment of Museum for protection of national heritage, art & culture, promoting education, rural development projects and for other activities as set out below.

2. Composition of CSR Committee as on March 31, 2026:

Name of Directors	Category	No. of Meetings during the FY 2025-2026	
		Held	Attended
Mrs. Chaitali Salot (Chairman)	Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director	2	2
Mr. Hemul Shah	Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director	2	2
Mr. Harish Motiwalla	Non-Executive, Independent Director	2	2

3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the Company:- www.orientceratech.com
4. Provide the details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report):-

Not applicable

5. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the Financial Year, if any :-

Sr. No	Financial Year	Amount Available For Set off	Amt. Set off in financial year, if any	Balance Amt.
1	2023-2024	Rs. 1.11 Lakhs	Rs.1.11 Lakhs	-
2	2024-2025	Rs. 0.39 Lakhs	Rs. 0.39 Lakhs	-

6. Average Net Profit of the Company as per section 135(5) :- **Rs. 1453.93 Lakhs/-**
7. (a) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5) :- **Rs. 29.08 Lakhs/-**
- (b) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous Financial Years:- **NIL**
- (c) Amount required to be set off for the Financial Year, if any:- **Rs.1.50 Lakhs**
- (d) Total CSR obligation for the Financial Year (7a+7b-7c):- **Rs.27.58 Lakhs**

8. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the Financial Year:

Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year. (Rs.)	Amount Unspent (in Rs.)				
	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per Section 135(6).		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5).		
	Amount	Date of transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of transfer
Rs. 32.49 (lakhs)	Not Applicable		Not Applicable		

(b) Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the Financial Year: **Not Applicable**

(c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the Financial Year:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)	(8)	
Sl. No.	Name of The Project	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act	Local area (Yes/No).	Location of the project.		Amount spent for the project (Rs.in Lakhs)	Mode of implementation - Direct (Yes/No)	Mode of implementation - Through implementing agency.	
				State	District			Name	CSR Registration Number
1	To promote health care & Eradicating hunger	I	Yes	Gujarat	Kutch	3.29	No	Ashapura Foundation	CSR00014879
2.	Environmental sustainability, Animal Welfare	IV	Yes	Gujarat	Kutch	1.26	No	Ashapura Foundation	CSR00014879
3.	Establishment of Museum for protection of national heritage , art and culture and expenses towards protection of culture.	V	Yes	Gujarat	Kutch	10.45	No	Ashapura Foundation	CSR00014879
4.	To promote health care & Eradicating hunger	I	Yes	Gujarat	Kutch	0.12	No	Kutch Navnirman Trust	CSR00014880
5.	Promoting Education	II	Yes	Gujarat	Kutch	0.36	No	Kutch Navnirman Trust	CSR00014880
6.	Women Empowerment	III	Yes	Gujarat	Kutch	1.24	No	Kutch Navnirman Trust	CSR00014880
7.	Rural Development Projects	X	Yes	Gujarat	Kutch	1.10	No	Kutch Navnirman Trust	CSR00014880

8.	Establishment of Museum for protection of national heritage, art and culture and expenses towards protection of culture.	V	Yes	Gujarat	Kutch	12.07	No	Kutch Navnirman Trust	CSR00014880
9.	Disaster management, rehabilitation and reconstruction	XII	Yes	Gujarat	Kutch	0.11	No	Kutch Navnirman Trust	CSR00014880
10.	Promoting education	II	Yes	Gujarat	Kham-baliya & Por-bandar	0.65	Yes	-	-
11.	Environmental Sustainability, Animal Welfare	IV	Yes	Gujarat	Dwarka	1.84	Yes	-	-
	TOTAL					Rs. 32.49			

(d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: N.A.

(e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: N.A.

(f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year: Rs. 32.49 Lakhs
(8b+8c+8d+8e)

(g) Excess amount for set off, if any -.

SI. No.	Particular	Amount (Rs.)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)*	Rs. 27.58 Lakhs*
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year 2025-26	Rs. 32.49 Lakhs
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	Rs. 4.91 Lakhs
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	-
(v)	Amount available for set off over three succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]#	Rs. 4.91 Lakhs

Note - *Total CSR obligation for the FY, after adjusting amount required to be set off for the FY pursuant to provisions of section 135(5) of the Companies Act, 2013.

#Including balance set off mentioned in point no. 5 above

(a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years: N.A.

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the Financial Year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s): N.A.

9. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the Financial Year (asset-wise details): N.A.

(a) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s).

(b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset.

- (c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc.
- (d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset).

10. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5):
N.A.

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors

**Sd/-
Manan Shah
Managing Director
(DIN: 06378095)**

**Sd/-
Hemul Shah
Director
(DIN: 00058558)**

Place : Mumbai
Date : 6th August 2026

FORM NO. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section(3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto

1. Details of contract or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis- **Not Applicable**

- Name(s) of related party and nature of relationship
- Nature of contracts/arrangement/transactions
- Duration of contracts/arrangement/transactions
- Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any
- Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions
- Date(s) of approval by the Board
- Amount paid as advances, if any
- Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188.

2. *Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis-

Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Duration of the contracts / arrangements/ transactions	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	date(s) of approval by the Board	Amount paid as advances, if any
Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited, Wholly Owned Subsidiary	Sale and Purchase of goods or Services	2025-2026	The terms and conditions of goods / services set forth in each of the sale/ purchase order/ agreement. <u>Total Transaction Value:</u> Rs. 11,772.98 Lakhs	6th February 2025	Rs. 511.65 Lakhs as on 31st March 2026

* The Company has reported only material transaction (exceeding 10 % of annual turnover). Please refer Note No 37 & 37A of Financial Statements for all Related Party Transactions.

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-
Manan Shah
Managing Director
(DIN: 06378095)

Sd/-
Hemul Shah
Director
(DIN: 00058558)

Place : Mumbai
Date : 6th August, 2026

**CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND
FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO**

The particulars as required under the provisions of Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 in respect of conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings & outgo forms an integral part of this report.

A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY:

(i) The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy

- Modified Block Furnace electrode design which enabled us for better utilization of the available grid power and achieved increased fused lump production.
- **Optimization of kiln operations:** Continuous monitoring and optimization of kiln operating parameters such as feed rate, firing conditions, flame characteristics, temperature profile and fuel consumption to improve thermal efficiency and reduce specific fuel consumption.
- **Reduction of heat loss from kiln shell: 4 metres of damaged kiln shell were replaced** to restore the integrity of the kiln and minimize heat loss through the shell. This measure also helps in maintaining the desired kiln operating temperature, improving thermal efficiency and reducing avoidable fuel consumption.

(ii) The steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy

To promote Green Energy, Company signed additional Wheeling Agreement with vendor and PGVCL, for 3.05MW Hybrid Energy (2MW Solar & 1.05MW Wind) in FY 2025-26.

(iii) The capital investment on energy conservation equipment – Nil

B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION:

Your Company focused its efforts on process improvement of its existing products, recovery of products from pollutants and process development of new products and formulations. The R&D departments also extended support in troubleshooting in manufacturing departments.

(i) Efforts made towards Technology Absorption:

- Modification of the Tilting Furnace ladle storage capacity resulted in improved quality parameters and reduced the quantity of WFA grit sintered material. Additionally, the Tilting Furnace water-jacketed shell was fabricated and erected by the in-house mechanical team, resulting in the successful development of heavy engineering fabrication capabilities, enhancement of in-house engineering skills, and reduction in dependency on external agencies. Around 90% mechanical fabrication jobs were done by in-house engineering team.
- **R&D Trials for Improve Product Quality:** Taking R & D Trials for Fused Product & Calcined product to Improve physical properties which increase the Refractory Product life and decrease the thermal heat loss during Operation.
- As part of the technology absorption and process improvement initiatives, the **Color Aggregate Plant has successfully enhanced its batch capacity from 250 kg to 2 MT** by upgrading the tumbler capacity from the pilot-plant scale to a larger, plant-scale tumbler. This capacity enhancement has significantly improved operational efficiency and productivity, while reducing fixed costs associated with production. The larger batch size has also helped in **minimizing feeding material and additive losses**, thereby improving material utilization, reducing process wastage and contributing to overall cost optimization

(ii) The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution:

- Reduced maintenance cost after modifying the ball mill drive system from tire-roller-based to bearing-based operation.
- Additionally, a 10-inch bucket elevator was installed at the kiln cooler outlet for material handling, resulting in reduced breakdown frequency, improved equipment availability through a standby system, and increased kiln running hours.
- Modification done in Tilting & Block furnace for Quality improvement and achieved benchmark in Fused Product quality now exporting Fused Product in Europe countries.

(iii) In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year)-

The company imported gyratory sifter screen (Swacco Screen) technology for WFA product grit grading, resulting in increased production capacity, reduced breakdown frequency, and a 5% reduction in maintenance costs.

C. EXPENDITURE ON RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT:

(Rs. In lakhs)

Particulars	2025-2026	2024-2025
a) Capital	---	---
b) Recurring	110.00	100.00
c) Total	110.00	100.00
d) Total R & D Expenditure as a percentage of total turnover	0.27 %	0.30 %

D. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING OUTGO:

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	2025-2026	2024-2025
Foreign Exchange earned in terms of actual inflows during the year (F.O.B.)	23,381.14	13,231.64
Foreign Exchange outgo in terms of actual outflows during the year	4,245.50	3,620.18

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors

**Sd/-
Manan Shah
Managing Director
(DIN: 06378095)**

**Sd/-
Hemul Shah
Director
(DIN: 00058558)**

Place : Mumbai
Date : 6th August, 2026

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

1. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

Corporate Governance continues to be a strong focus area for the Company. At Orient, we believe that good Corporate Governance strengthens the investors trust and ensures long term relationship with its Stakeholders which helps the Company to achieve its objectives.

Our commitment to Corporate Governance is rooted not just in regulatory compliance, but in our core philosophy of conducting business with integrity and responsibility. At Orient, we uphold a governance framework that is implemented in both letter and spirit. This includes timely and transparent disclosures of all material and reportable events, based on the Company's performance and strategic initiatives under the oversight of the Board of Directors.

Creating value for all stakeholders is the prime goal of the Company. The Company has a duty towards all its stakeholders to operate the business of the Company based on the core principles of good governance, accountability, transparency, integrity, societal, environment and regulatory compliances while creating long-term value for all its stakeholders. These elements collectively enable an organization to operate efficiently and ethically, fostering the generation of long-term wealth and value creation for all its stakeholders.

Corporate governance for us is a process, customs, policies and laws that direct the organizations in the way they act or administer and control operations. It works to achieve the goal of the organization and manages the relationship among the stakeholders including the board of directors and the shareholders. As a Company we promote investor confidence, transparency, & ensures that all our shareholders fully exercise their rights and that the organization fully recognizes their rights. Not only we comply the law in letter and in spirit we have taken additional steps to abide by the principles even if these steps are not mentioned specifically in the law/regulations.

We confirm that the Company is in full compliance with the applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations" or "SEBI LODR Regulations"). In accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the Listing Regulations, we present the Corporate Governance Report for the financial year ended 31st March, 2026.

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

A. Composition and category of Board of Directors:

During the year under review, the Board of Directors had an optimum combination of Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors. The composition of the Board was in conformity with Regulation 17 of the SEBI Listing Regulations read together with Sections 149 and 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and Rules framed thereunder.

Board Composition as on 31st March, 2026:

Category	Number of Directors
Executive Directors	2
Non-Executive Directors	2
Non-Executive Independent Directors (including one Independent Woman Director)	3
Total	7

The Company has obtained the requisite disclosures from the Directors in respect of their Directorships and Memberships in Committees of other Companies.

The Composition of the Board of Directors and their attendance at the Board Meetings during the year and at the previous Annual General Meeting and also number of Directorships/Memberships of Committees of other Companies are as under:

Name of Directors with DIN	Category of Directors	No. of Board Meetings attended	Attendance at last AGM Held On 23 rd September, 2025	No. of Directorships in other companies as on 31 st March, 2026 ¹	No. of Committee positions held including in Orient Ceratech Ltd as on 31 st March, 2026 ²	
					Member	Chairman
Mr. Harish Motiwalla (DIN: 00029835)	Non-Executive, Independent Director (Chairman)	4	Yes	2	3	1
Mr. Manan Shah (DIN: 06378095)	Managing Director	4	Yes	2	3	0
Mr. Manubhai Rathod (DIN: 07618837)	Whole-Time Director (Operations)	3	Yes	1	-	-
Mr. Hemul Shah (DIN: 00058558)	Non-Executive Director	4	Yes	8	7	4
Mrs. Chaitali Salot (DIN: 02036868)	Non-Executive Director	4	Yes	5	1	-
Mr. Ketan Shrimankar (DIN: 00452468)	Non-Executive, Independent Director	4	Yes	2	4	2
Mrs. Akhila Agnihotri Samdaria ⁴ (DIN: 07028159)	Non-Executive, Independent Director	2	NA	1	1	-
Mrs. Neeta Shah ³ (DIN: 07134947)	Non-Executive, Independent Director	2	Yes	-	-	-

1. Excludes directorships in Private Limited Companies, Foreign Companies, Companies incorporated under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Alternate Directorships.
2. Represents only Membership/Chairmanship of the Audit Committee and the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee including Orient Ceratech Limited.
3. Mrs. Neeta Shah ceased to be Non-Executive, Independent Director w.e.f. 10th November, 2025.
4. Mrs. Akhila Agnihotri Samdaria was appointed on the Board as an Non- Executive, Independent Director w.e.f. 10th November, 2025.

As required under Para C (2) of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations, based on the latest disclosures received by the Company, following are the number of other directorships and the names of the listed entities, as on 31st March, 2026, where the Directors of the Company are also a Director and the category of their Directorships therein:

Sr. No.	Name of Director	Name of other Listed Entities in which the concerned Director is a Director	Category of Directorship
1.	Mr. Manan Shah	Aeonx Digital Technology Limited	Non-Executive & Non-Independent Director
2.	Mr. Manubhai Rathod	Nil	Not Applicable
3.	Mrs. Chaitali Salot	Nil	Not Applicable
4.	Mr. Hemul Shah	Ashapura Minechem Limited	Executive Director & CEO
5.	Mr. Harish Motiwalla	Excel Industries Limited	Non-Executive & Independent Director
6.	Mr. Ketan Shrimankar	Aeonx Digital Technology Limited	Non-Executive & Independent Director
7.	Mrs. Neeta Shah ¹	Nil	Not Applicable
8.	Mrs. Akhila Agnihotri Samdaria ²	Aeonx Digital Technology Limited	Non-Executive & Independent Director

¹ Mrs. Neeta Shah ceased to be Non-Executive, Independent Director w.e.f. 10th November, 2025.

² Mrs. Akhila Agnihotri Samdaria was appointed on the Board as an Non- Executive, Independent Director w.e.f. 10th November, 2025.

B. Inter-se relationships among Directors:

None of the Directors of the Company have any inter-se relationships, except between Mr. Manan Shah, Managing Director, and Mrs. Chaitali Salot, Non-Executive & Non-Independent Director, who are siblings.

C. Number of shares held by Non-Executive Directors:

The details of number of shares held by the Non-Executive Directors as on 31st March, 2026 is given below:

Name of Director	Designation	Number of Shares Held
Mr. Hemul Shah	Non-Executive, Non- Independent	1256
Mrs. Chaitali Salot	Non-Executive, Non- Independent	111000
Mr. Ketan Shrimankar	Non-Executive, Independent	14540
Mr. Harish Motiwalla	Non-Executive, Independent	-
Mrs. Neeta Shah ¹	Non-Executive, Independent	-
Mrs. Akhila Agnihotri Samdaria ²	Non-Executive, Independent	-

¹ Mrs. Neeta Shah ceased to be Non-Executive, Independent Director w.e.f. 10th November, 2025.

² Mrs. Akhila Agnihotri Samdaria was appointed on the Board as an Non- Executive, Independent Director w.e.f. 10th November, 2025.

D. Number of Meetings held during Financial Year 2025-2026:

During the Financial Year 2025-2026, the Board of Directors of the Company met four (4) times on 28th May, 2025, 7th August, 2025, 10th November, 2025 and 4th February, 2026 and the time elapsed between any two consecutive meetings did not exceed 120 days. The necessary quorum was present at all the meetings.

E. Core Skills / Expertise / Competencies:

The Board as on 31st March, 2026 comprised of qualified members who bring in the required skills, competence and expertise which allow them to make effective contributions to the Board and its Committees.

The table hereinbelow summarizes the list of core skills / competencies identified by the Board of Directors as required in the context of the Company's business and possessed by individual members of the Board. Each Director may possess varied combinations of skills/ expertise within the described set of parameters and it is not necessary that all Directors possess all skills/ expertise listed therein.

Expertise in	Description	Name of the Directors
Mining Industry Expertise & Experience	Knowledge and experience of Mining industry structure, manufacturing, operations and research & development activities.	Mr. Manan Shah, Mr. Hemul Shah, Mr. Manubhai Rathod
Business Management / Strategy	Knowledge and experience in corporate strategy, planning, risk management and business sustainability.	Mr. Manan Shah, Mr. Hemul Shah, Mr. Manubhai Rathod, Mrs. Chaitali Salot
Business Leadership/ entrepreneurship	Leadership experience including in areas of business development, strategic planning, succession planning, driving change and long-term growth and guiding the Company and its Senior Management towards its vision and values.	Mr. Manan Shah, Mr. Hemul Shah, Mr. Manubhai Rathod, Mrs. Chaitali Salot
Financial Expertise	Expert Knowledge and skills in accounts, finance, banking, treasury management, taxation and financial control & management.	Mr. Harish Motiwalla, Mr. Manan Shah, Mr. Hemul Shah, Mr. Manubhai Rathod, Mrs. Chaitali Salot, Mr. Ketan Shrimankar.
Risk Management	Ability to understand and assess the key risks to the Organization, legal compliances and ensure that appropriate policies and procedures are in place to effectively manage risk.	Mr. Manan Shah, Mr. Harish Motiwalla, Mr. Hemul Shah, Mr. Manubhai Rathod, Mrs. Chaitali Salot, Mr. Ketan Shrimankar Mrs. Akhila Agnihotri Samdaria.
Legal Compliances	Knowledge in the field of law and legal compliance Management.	Mr. Harish Motiwalla, Mr. Manan Shah, Mr. Hemul Shah, Mr. Ketan Shrimankar, Mr. Manubhai Rathod.
Corporate Governance	Experience in developing good governance practices, serving the best interests of all Stakeholders, maintaining Board and Management accountability, building long term effective Stakeholder engagements and driving corporate ethics and values.	Mr. Harish Motiwalla, Mr. Manan Shah, Mr. Hemul Shah, Mr. Manubhai Rathod, Mrs. Chaitali Salot, Mr. Ketan Shrimankar, Mrs. Akhila Agnihotri Samdaria
Sales and Marketing	Expert knowledge & experience in selling and marketing.	Mr. Manan Shah, Mr. Hemul Shah, Mr. Manubhai Rathod, Mrs. Chaitali Salot, Mrs. Akhila Agnihotri Samdaria
Corporate Social Responsibility	Experience and knowledge in the matters of Corporate Social Responsibility including environment protection and social development.	Mr. Manan Shah, Mr. Hemul Shah, Mr. Manubhai Rathod, Mrs. Chaitali Salot
Global Business Development	Expertise in global business development, operation and strategy	Mr. Manan Shah, Mr. Hemul Shah

F. Independent Directors:

- a. The Company has received necessary declarations from the Independent Directors of the Company, confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under Section 149(6) of the Act read with Regulation 16(1)(b) of the Listing Regulations. In terms of Regulation 25(8) of the Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors have confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstances or situations which exist or may be reasonably anticipated that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties.

Further, in the opinion of the Board too, the Independent Directors fulfil the conditions of independence as specified in the Listing Regulations and are independent of the Management.

- b. During the year, the Independent Directors met separately on 20th March, 2026 without the presence of Non-Independent Directors and Management Personnel of the Company. The meeting was held with the objective of reviewing the performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board as a whole. The Independent Directors also assessed the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Management of the Company and the Board of Directors which is necessary for the Board of Directors to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

Familiarization Programmes: Whenever any new Independent Director is appointed, he/she is made familiar with the business and its operations through familiarization programmes enabling them to familiarize and get acquainted with operational performance and forward going business formulations/strategies, so as to gain a better understanding of their roles, rights and responsibilities for the purpose of providing appropriate assistance, counselling & directions in order to achieve growth of the Company, the details of which are available on the website of the Company at www.orientceratech.com.

The Independent Directors appointed so far have attended such orientation process/familiarization programme. Before the Board and/or Committee Meetings of the Company, members of the Board meet key functional/business heads separately to get themselves more familiarized with the business/operations and challenges faced by the industry on an ongoing basis.

Further, the Managing Director / Chief Financial Officer makes presentations to all Board Members periodically pertaining to Company's business & financial performance and future strategy for their respective business units. The Board holds the Board meeting from time to time to review financial result and long-term growth/plans of the Company, familiarization program for the Independent Directors forms part of such quarterly Board Meetings of the Company. The Independent Directors are regularly apprised of all regulatory and policy changes relevant to the business.

As a part of such program, the Independent Directors have an opportunity to interact with Management Personnel and are provided with all the relevant information and documents required and/or sought by them enabling them to have a good understanding of the Company, its business model and various operations.

G. CEO/CFO Certification:

A Compliance Certificate, pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 17(8) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, read with Part B of Schedule II thereto, duly signed by Mr. Manan Shah, Managing Director, and Mr. Vikash Khemka, Chief Financial Officer, certifying that the financial statements do not contain any untrue statement and present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs for the financial year ended 31st March, 2026, was placed before and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company.

H. CODE OF CONDUCT:

The Company has adopted a 'Code of Conduct' for the Board Members, Senior Management and all employees in and above Officer Level and the same is posted on the website of the Company.

A declaration from the Managing Director that all Board Members and Senior Management personnel have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2026 is attached as 'Annexure I'.

The Company is in due compliance of all the provisions of Regulation 17 of the Listing Regulations for the Financial Year 2025-2026.

3. COMMITTEES OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

There are five Committees of the Board such as Audit Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and Executive Committee. The basic structure of each Committee is detailed herein below:

A. AUDIT COMMITTEE:

The Board has constituted a qualified and independent Audit Committee in line with the provisions of Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations, read with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and is in due compliance of all the provisions stated therein.

a. Terms of Reference:

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are in line with the regulatory requirements which amongst others are specified hereinbelow:

- Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statements are correct, sufficient and credible;
- Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of Auditors of the Company;
- Approval of payment to Statutory Auditors for any other services rendered by them;
- Reviewing, with the Management, the Annual Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon before submission to the Board for its approval, with particular reference to:
 - Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement forming part of the Board's Report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;
 - Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
 - Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by Management;
 - Significant adjustments made in the Financial Statements arising out of audit findings;
 - Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to Financial Statements;
 - Disclosure of any related party transactions;
 - Modified opinion(s) in the draft Audit Report;
- Reviewing, with the Management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval;
- Reviewing, with the Management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter;
- Reviewing and monitoring the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
- Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties;
- Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary;
- Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- Reviewing, with the Management, performance of Statutory and Internal Auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
- Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
- Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the Internal Auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board;

- Discussion with Statutory Auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors, if any;
- To review the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism;
- Approval of appointment of Chief Financial Officer after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
- Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the audit committee.
- Reviewing the utilization of loans and/ or advances from/investment by the Company in its subsidiaries exceeding Rupees 100 Crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower, including existing loans / advances / investments.
- To consider and comment on rationale, cost-benefits and impact of schemes involving merger, demerger, amalgamation etc., on the Company and its shareholders.
- To review all other information as requested by the Board of Directors and/or are required under Listing Regulations.

b. Composition:

As on 31st March, 2026, the Audit Committee comprised of Three (3) Directors. The composition of the Audit Committee and the details of attendance by its members are as given below:

Name	Category	Number of meetings during the F.Y. 2025-2026	
		Held	Attended
Mr. Harish Motiwalla (Chairman)	Non-Executive, Independent Director	4	4
Mr. Ketan Shrimankar	Non-Executive, Independent Director	4	4
Mr. Hemul Shah	Non-Executive, Non- Independent Director	4	4

Mr. Harish Motiwalla, Chairman of the Audit Committee was present at the 55th Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 23rd September, 2025.

Mrs. Seema Sharma, acts as the Secretary of the Audit Committee.

The Managing Director, Whole-Time Director (Operations), Chief Financial Officer, the representative of Statutory Auditors and the Internal Auditors are permanent invitees at the Audit Committee Meetings.

c. Meetings:

During the Financial Year 2025-2026, the Board of Directors of the Company met four (4) times on 28th May, 2025, 7th August, 2025, 10th November, 2025 and 4th February, 2026 and that time elapsed between any two consecutive meetings never exceeded 120 days. The necessary quorum was present for all the meetings.

B. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

The Board has constituted the Nomination and Remuneration Committee in line with the provisions of Regulation 19 of the Listing Regulations, read with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and is in compliance of all the provisions stated therein.

a. Terms of Reference:

The terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are in line with the regulatory requirements which among other are specified herein below:

- To form criteria/policy for appointment/remuneration/removal of Directors including Whole-Time Director / Managing Director, if any and Senior Management Executives
- To identify deserving candidates for Directorships & Senior Management positions, in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the Board of Directors their appointment and removal.
- To form policy for performance evaluation of Directors/Committee of Directors and to alter and modify the same to be in line with Companies Act, 2013 and Listing Regulations.
- To devise guidelines for Diversity of Board of Directors of the Company.
- To recommend extension/termination of the term of appointment of the Independent Directors, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of the Independent Directors.

b. Composition:

As on 31st March, 2026, the Nomination & Remuneration Committee comprised of Three (3) Directors. The composition of Nomination & Remuneration Committee and the details of Meetings attended by its members are as given below:

Name	Category	Number of meetings during the F.Y. 2025-2026	
		Held	Attended
Mr. Ketan Shrimankar (Chairman)	Non-Executive, Independent Director	2	2
Mr. Harish Motiwalla	Non-Executive, Independent Director	2	2
Mr. Hemul Shah	Non-Executive, Non- Independent Director	2	2

c. Meetings:

During the Financial Year 2025-2026, the members of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee met Two (2) times on 28th May, 2025 and 10th November, 2025.

d. Remuneration of Directors:

The Non-Executive Directors have no pecuniary relationships or transactions with the Company in their personal capacity except that the payment of sitting fees for attending the Board Meetings and Audit Committee Meetings (detailed herein below) as recommended by the Board pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules framed thereunder.

The Company does not have stock option scheme for grant of stock options either to the Executive Directors or its employees.

The details of sitting fees paid to Non-Executive Directors for the year ended 31st March, 2026 are as under:

Name of the Directors	Sitting fees paid for Board Meetings (Rs.)	Sitting fees paid for Audit Committee Meetings (Rs.)
Mr. Hemul Shah	1,00,000/-	60,000/-
Mr. Harish Motiwalla	1,00,000/-	60,000/-
Mr. Ketan Shrimankar	1,00,000/-	60,000/-
Mrs. Chaitali Salot	1,00,000/-	N.A
Mrs. Neeta Shah	50,000/-.	N.A.
Mrs. Akhila Agnihotri Samdaria	50,000/-	N.A.

The details of Remuneration paid to Executive Director(s) for the financial year 2025-2026 are as under:

Sr. No.	Name of the Directors with Designation	Salaries & Perquisites including allowance	Commission	Tenure as per agreement upto*	Notice period
1.	Mr. Manan Shah, Managing Director	Rs. 62,51,016/-	Rs. 93,41,000/-	Appointed for a period of 5 years	3 months
2.	Mr. Manubhai Rathod, Whole Time Director (Operations)	Rs. 50,01,723/-	-	Re-appointed for a further period of three years w.e.f 15 th June, 2024.	3 months

* Terms of appointment/ re-appointment including Remuneration:

1. The Executive Directors shall be entitled to encashment of earned leave at the end of his tenure as per Company's Rules/ Policies, from time to time.
2. Additionally, they shall be entitled to annual/performance increments/incentives as shall be approved by the Board of Directors of the Company and which shall be within the limits as prescribed under Schedule V and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act.
3. They shall not be paid any fees for attending meetings of the Board of Directors and/or any Committee thereof.
4. They shall be liable to retire by rotation.

e. Performance Evaluation:

Pursuant to applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulations, the Board, in consultation with Nomination & Remuneration Committee, has formulated a policy containing, inter-alia, the process, format, attributes and criteria for performance evaluation of the entire Board of the Company, its Committees and Individual Directors, including Independent Directors.

As a part of the said policy, a structured questionnaire covering various aspects has been framed depending on the category of Director, Board & Committee, whose performance is to be evaluated. Accordingly, the annual performance evaluation of the Board, its Committees and each Director was carried out for the Financial Year 2025-2026 by Independent Directors at their separate Meeting held on 20th March, 2026, as also by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee and the same was analyzed & confirmed by the Board of Directors.

Details of methodology adopted for performance evaluation of Directors including that of the Board as a whole and its committees have been provided in the Board's Report.

C STAKEHOLDERS' RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE:

The Board has constituted the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee in line with the provisions of Regulation 20 of the Listing Regulations, read with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and is in due compliance of all the provisions stated therein.

a. Terms of Reference:

The terms of reference of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee are in line with the regulatory requirements which among others are as specified hereinbelow:

- Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the Listed Entity including complaints related to transfer/ transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc.
- Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.
- Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the Listed Entity in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.
- Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the Listed Entity for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the Shareholders of the company.

- Any other function as may be stipulated by the Companies Act, 2013, SEBI, Stock Exchange or any other regulatory authorities from time to time.

b. Composition:

As on 31st March, 2026, the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee comprised of Three (3) Directors. The composition of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee and the details of meetings attended by its Members are as given below:

Name	Category	Number of meetings during the F.Y. 2025-2026	
		Held	Attended
Mr. Hemul Shah (Chairman)	Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director	4	4
Mrs. Chaitali Salot	Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director	4	4
Mr. Ketan Shrimankar	Non-Executive, Independent Director	4	4

c. Meetings:

During the Financial Year 2025-2026, the members of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee met four (4) times on 19th May, 2025, 18th August, 2025, 10th November, 2025, and 4th February, 2026.

d. Name, Designation and Address of Compliance Officer:

Mrs. Seema Sharma, Company Secretary (resigned w.e.f 7th April, 2026) and Mr. Krupal Upadhyay (appointed w.e.f 1st June, 2026) acts as the Compliance Officer for ensuring compliance with the regulatory requirements of Securities Laws and Listing Regulations.

Compliance Officer may be contacted at the following address:

Jeevan Udyog Building, 3rd Floor, 278, D.N. Road,
Fort, Mumbai- 400001
[Tel:- +91 22 66221700](tel:+912266221700)
Email- investor@oalmail.co.in

e. Stakeholder's Grievance Redressal

The Secretarial Department and the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent viz. Skyline Financials Services Pvt. Ltd. attend to all grievances received from the shareholders either directly or through SEBI and Stock Exchanges. Efforts are made to ensure that all the grievances of the shareholders are redressed expeditiously and satisfactorily. The details of the complaints received from the shareholders and redressed upto their satisfaction during the Financial Year 2025-2026 are as follows:

No. of complaints pending at the beginning of the financial year i.e. April 1, 2025	NIL
No. of complaints received during the financial year	1
No. of complaints resolved during the financial year	1
Complaints pending at the end of the financial year i.e. March 31, 2026	NIL

A separate e-mail ID, investor@oalmail.co.in, has been designated by the Company for the shareholders to lodge their complaints/queries.

D CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE:

The Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee of the Company is constituted in line with the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and is in due compliance of all the provisions stated therein.

a. Terms of Reference:

The terms of reference of CSR Committee are as follows:

- Formulate and recommend to the Board, a CSR Policy indicating the activities to be undertaken by the Company after taking into consideration Schedule VII of the Act;
- Recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities referred above;
- Monitor the CSR activities of the Company from time to time;
- To finalize the budget for CSR expenditure and recommend the same to the Board for approval considering the applicable rules/regulations.

Composition:

The composition of the CSR Committee and details of attendance by its members are as given below:

Name of Directors	Category	No. of Meetings during the FY 2025-2026	
		Held	Attended
Mrs. Chaitali Salot (Chairman)	Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director	2	2
Mr. Hemul Shah	Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director	2	2
Mr. Harish Motiwalla	Non-Executive, Independent Director	2	2

b. Meetings:

During the year under review, Two (2) meeting of the CSR Committee was held on 7th August, 2025 and 23rd February, 2026.

E EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:

The Board has constituted the Committee of Directors named “Executive Committee” in line with the provisions of the Listing Regulations, read with relevant sections of the Companies Act, 2013 and is in due compliance of all the provisions stated therein.

a. Terms of Reference:

The terms of reference of the Executive Committee are as follows:

- Reviewing various day to day administrative, operational and finance matters requiring urgent decisions;
- To open/close bank account(s) in the name of the Company & avail such other facilities as may be provided by the bank and to review & revive the signatories authorised to operate the bank account(s);
- To authorise executives/officers/representatives to do all such acts, deeds and things for & on behalf of the Company and to represent the Company before various authorities;
- To borrow money;
- To invest the funds of the Company;
- To grant loans or give guarantee or provide security in respect of loans;
- To acquire/give property/assets for/of the Company on lease/leave & license basis;
- To issue power of attorney in favour of executives/officers/representatives for carrying out business affairs of the Company;
- To consider setting-up/closure of units/branches for the business affairs of the Company and for said purpose to verify and take on record the project report as may be tabled before the Committee Meetings;
- To consider registering of the Company with Financial/other Institutions;
- To participate in tender/bid for the business of the Company;
- To make application to government/semi-government authorities/registrars/local bodies/ corporations and to receive requisite permissions / registrations / orders for the business of the Company;
- To initiate/defend legal/other proceedings for & on behalf of and in the name of the Company;
- Such other matters as may be delegated by the Board to the Committee pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and such other Acts.

b. Composition

The Composition of the Executive Committee of Board of Directors and the particulars of attendance of the Executive Committee Members are as follows:

Name of Directors	Category	No. of Meetings during the F.Y. 2025-2026	
		Held	Attended
Mr. Hemul Shah (Chairman)	Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director	2	2
Mr. Ketan Shrimankar	Non-Executive, Independent Director	2	2
Mrs. Chaitali Salot	Non- Executive, Non- Independent Director	2	2
Mr. Manan Shah	Managing Director	2	2

c. Meetings:

During the Financial Year 2025-2026, the members of the Executive Committee met three (3) times on 22nd April, 2025, 16th March, 2026 and 20th March, 2026.

4. DETAILS OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL:

SEBI vide its notification dated 14/06/2023 has mandated listed companies to provide particulars of senior management including the changes therein since the close of the previous financial year.

The Senior Management of the Company comprises of Key Managerial Personnel. There has been no change in the Senior Management of the Company. The particulars of Senior Management are as under:

Name	Designation	As on 31.03.2025	As on 31.03.2026	Date of Cessation/ Change along with details
Mr. Manubhai Rathod	Whole-Time Director (Operations)	Yes	Yes	No Change
Mr. Manan Shah	Managing Director	Yes	Yes	No Change
Mr. Vikash Khemka	Chief Financial Officer	Yes	Yes	No Change
Mrs. Seema Sharma*	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer	Yes	Yes	No Change

* Mrs. Seema Sharma has resigned as Company Secretary & Compliance Officer w.e.f 7th April, 2026.

Subsequent to the FY year 2025-2026, Mr. Krupal Upadhyay was appointed as a Company Secretary Compliance Officer of the Company w.e.f. 1st June, 2026.

Further, in terms of Regulation 30A of the Listing Regulations, there are no such agreements which are required to be disclosed in the Annual Report.

5. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS:

Details of Annual General Meetings (AGMs) of the last three financial years:

Financial Year	Date	Time	Location	Special Resolution passed
2024-2025	23 th September 2025	11.30 a.m.	Through video-conferencing / other audio-visual means	-
2023-2024	30 th September 2024	11.00 a.m.	Through video-conferencing / other audio-visual means	Revision in Remuneration of Mr. Manan Shah (DIN: 06378095), Managing Director of the Company.
2022-2023	25 th September, 2023	3.00 p.m.	Through video-conferencing / other audio-visual means	1. Re-appointment of Mr. Manubhai Rathod (DIN: 07618837) as the Whole-Time Director (Operations) of the Company. 2. Re-appointment of Mrs. Neeta Shah (DIN: 07134947) as an Independent Director of the Company.

Postal Ballot

Details of Special Resolution passed during the year through postal ballot:

During the financial year ended 31st March, 2026, following Two (2) Special Resolution was passed through postal ballot:

1. Regularization of the Appointment of Mrs. Akhila Agnihotri Samdaria (DIN: 07028159) as Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company
2. Reappointment of Mr. Manan Shah (DIN: 06378095) as Managing Director of the Company

The details of voting are as follows:

Resolution	Percentage of number of valid votes cast in assent	Percentage of number of valid votes cast in dissent
Regularization of the appointment of Mrs. Akhila Agnihotri Samdaria (DIN: 07028159) as Non-Executive, Independent Director of the Company	99.9759	0.0241
Reappointment of Mr. Manan Shah (DIN: 06378095) as Managing Director of the Company	96.3934	3.6066

Procedure followed for Postal Ballot:

The Board by circulation Resolution on 5th January, 2026, had approved the Notice of Postal Ballot / E-Voting for passing of special resolution to obtain approval of shareholders for Regularization of the appointment of Mrs. Akhila Agnihotri Samdaria (DIN: 07028159) as Non-Executive, Independent Director of the Company and Reappointment of Mr. Manan Shah (DIN: 06378095) as Managing Director of the Company.

Person Conducting the Postal Ballot Exercise:

Mr. Manan Shah, Managing Director, Mrs. Seema Sharma, Company Secretary & Compliance Officer were appointed as persons responsible for the entire postal ballot / e-voting process. Mrs. Dipti Gohil (ACS No. 14736, COP No. 11029), Practicing Company Secretary was appointed as the Scrutinizer for conducting the postal ballot / e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.

Procedure followed:

1. In compliance with the Regulation 44 of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Section 108, 110 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the rules made thereunder, the Company provided electronic voting facility to all its members, to enable them to cast their votes through electronic means only (remote e-voting). The Company engaged the services of Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for the purpose of providing e-voting facility.

2. The Company has emailed the postal ballot notice dated 7th January, 2026 containing the proposed resolution together with the explanatory statements to the members whose names appeared in the register of members / list of beneficiaries as on cut-off date i.e. Friday, 2nd January, 2026. The Company also published a notice in the newspaper stating the details of completion of dispatch on 8th January, 2026 as mandated under the Act and applicable rules.

3. Ministry of Corporate Affairs (“MCA”) vide it’s General Circular Nos. 14/2020 dated 8th April, 2020, 17/2020 dated 13th April, 2020, 39/2020 dated 31st December, 2020, 10/2020 dated 23rd June, 2021, 20/2021 dated 8th December, 2021, 3/ 2022 dated 5th May, 2022 ,11/2022 dated 28th December, 2022, 09/2023 dated 25th September, 2023, 09/2024 dated 19th September, 2024 and 03/2025 dated 22nd September, 2025 read with the relevant SEBI Circulars, provided relaxation with the requirement of providing physical copies of the Notice, postal ballot forms and pre-paid Business Reply Envelopes to Members. Therefore, members were requested to provide their assent or dissent through e-voting only.

4. The Scrutinizer submitted his report on 6th February, 2026 after the completion of scrutiny.

5. The results of the postal ballot were announced by the Company Secretary, being duly authorised by the Chairman of the Company on 6th February, 2026. The last date specified for closure of e-voting i.e. 6th February, 2026, was taken as the date of passing the resolution.

The result of the postal ballot along with the scrutinizer’s report was displayed at the registered office of the Company, hosted at the Company’s website at www.orientceratech.com and on the website of CDSL and was also communicated to the Stock Exchanges.

Apart from the above, after the end of the Financial Year 2025-2026 a special resolution was passed by way of Postal Ballot for Regularization of the appointment of Shri Ketan Shrimankar (DIN: 00452468) as Non-Executive Independent Director of the company, the details there of given in Directors’ Report forming part of this Annual Report.

Further, there is no other proposal for passing any special resolution through Postal Ballot before ensuing Annual General Meeting.

6. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION:

Pursuant to Listing Regulations, 2015 the announcement of Quarterly, Half-Yearly and Yearly Financial Result is made within the statutory period as per the Regulations. The Company from time to time has provided information as required under Listing Regulations to Stock Exchanges and the same has been updated on the website of the Company at www.orientceratech.com.

The Quarterly, Half-Yearly and Yearly Financial Results are published in Free Press (English) and Navshakti (Marathi) newspapers. A separate section under ‘Investor Relations’ on the Company’s website gives information on various announcements made by the Company, Quarterly/ Half Yearly Results and Annual Financial Results of the Company. The Company also has separate email id- investor@oalmail.co.in for investor grievance. The Company has not made any presentation to any institutional investor or to any analyst during the year under review. Annual Reports and any other communication will be sent to email ids of members whose emails are available with the Company.

7. GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION:

55th Annual General Meeting:	Day & Date : Thursday, 24 th September, 2026 Time : 11.00 AM Venue : VC
E-voting Details	Cut Off Date: 17 th September, 2026 E-voting Start Date: 21 st September, 2026 E-voting End Date: 23 rd September, 2026
Financial Year:	The Financial year of the Company starts from 1 st April and ends on 31 st March.
Dividend Payment Date:	On or after 24 th September, 2026
Listing Details:	Equity Shares are listed on the following Stock Exchanges: 1. BSE Limited, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400 001. 2. National Stock Exchange of India Limited, “Exchange Plaza”, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400051. The Annual Listing Fees for the year 2025-2026 have been paid to the said Stock Exchanges.
Stock Code:	BSE Limited - 504879 National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. - ORIENTCER
ISIN Number:	INE569C01020
Corporate Identification Number (CIN):	L24299MH1971PLC366531
Registrar and Share Transfer Agent:	M/s. Skyline Financial Services Pvt. Ltd. D-153/A, 1 st floor, Phase I, Okhla Industrial Area, New Delhi 110020. Tel.: + 011 40450193 to 197
Share Transfer System:	The Board-level Stakeholders’ Relationship Committee examines and redresses investors’ grievances. The status of investors’ grievances and share transfers are reported to the Board. As mandated by SEBI, securities of the Company can be transferred /traded only in dematerialised form. Further, SEBI vide its circular dated 25th January, 2022, mandated that all service requests for issue of duplicate certificate, claim from unclaimed suspense account, renewal/ exchange of securities certificate, endorsement, subdivision/splitting/consolidation of certificate, transmission and transposition which were allowed in physical form should be processed in dematerialised form only. The necessary forms for the above request are available on the website of the Company. Shareholders holding shares in physical form are advised to avail the facility of dematerialisation. Shareholders should communicate with M/s. Skyline Financial Services Private Limited, the Company’s Registrars & Share Transfer Agent at info@skylinerta.com quoting their folio number or Depository Participant ID and Client ID number, for any queries relating to their securities. All the valid service requests are processed within the prescribed timelines.
Distribution of Shareholding & Category-wise distribution:	Refer Table A & B

Dematerialization of shares and liquidity:	As on 31 st March, 2026, 99.61% of the paid-up share capital (face value of Equity Shares of Re. 1 each) is held in Demat form with NSDL and CDSL.																		
	<table><tr><th>Mode</th><th>No. of equity shares</th><th>% to the Total Share Capital</th></tr><tr><td>Physical</td><td>4,51,735</td><td>0.38%</td></tr><tr><td>Electronic:</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>(A) NSDL</td><td>10,92,21,929</td><td>91.28%</td></tr><tr><td>(B) CDSL</td><td>99,65,536</td><td>8.33%</td></tr><tr><td>TOTAL</td><td>11,96,39,200</td><td>100.00%</td></tr></table>	Mode	No. of equity shares	% to the Total Share Capital	Physical	4,51,735	0.38%	Electronic:			(A) NSDL	10,92,21,929	91.28%	(B) CDSL	99,65,536	8.33%	TOTAL	11,96,39,200	100.00%
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Physical	4,51,735	0.38%																	
Electronic:																			
(A) NSDL	10,92,21,929	91.28%																	
(B) CDSL	99,65,536	8.33%																	
TOTAL	11,96,39,200	100.00%																	
Suspension of Securities	The Stock Exchange has not suspended trading in securities of the Company.																		
Outstanding GDR / ADR / Warrants or any Convertible Instruments and their likely impact on Equity:	N.A.																		
Plant Locations:	- GIDC Industrial Area, Porbandar, Gujarat – 360 577. - Survey No. 254, Village–Baraya Taluka –Mundra, Dist. – Kutch Baraya, Gujarat – 370415.																		
Address for Correspondence:	The Company’s Registrar and Share Transfer Agent viz. M/s Skyline Financial Services Pvt. Ltd. provides all shareholder related services. Any query relating to shares and requests for transactions such as transfers, transmissions and nomination facilities, duplicate share certificates, change of address and also dematerialization of shares may please be taken up with: M/s. Skyline Financial Services Pvt. Ltd. D-153/A, 1 st floor, Phase I, Okhla Industrial Area, New Delhi 110020; Tel.: + 011 40450193 to 197 E-mail: info@skylinerta.com																		

8. OTHER DISCLOSURES:

- a) The Company has formulated a policy on dealing with Related Party Transactions (RPTs), which is uploaded on the website of the Company at www.orientceratech.com. The Board of Directors have entrusted responsibility on the Audit Committee to grant omnibus approval for the transactions which are repetitive in nature and to confirm that they meet the criteria of having entered into ordinary course of business and at arm's length basis. During the FY 2025-2026, the Company had taken approval of shareholders for the material RPTs at the last Annual General Meeting held on 23rd September, 2025. The Related party transactions have been disclosed under Note 37A to the Accounts for the year under review. A Statement in summary form of transactions with related parties in the ordinary course of business are placed periodically before the Audit Committee/Board for review and approval.

There were no materially significant transactions with related parties during the financial year which were in conflict with the interest of the Company.

- b) The Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. There was no Non-Compliance by the Company and no penalties or strictures were imposed on the Company by the Stock Exchanges or SEBI or any statutory authority on any matter related to the capital markets during the F.Y. 2025-26.

The Company has complied with the Corporate Governance requirements specified in Regulation 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and paras (2) to (10) mentioned in part 'C' of Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

- c) In line with Regulation 22 of the Listing Regulations and Section 177 of the Act, a Vigil Mechanism/Whistle Blower Policy has been established for Directors and employees to report genuine concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct. The mechanism provides for adequate safeguard against victimization of Director(s)/employee(s) who avail the mechanism and provides for direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee in exceptional cases. No person has been denied access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. The Policy is available on the Company's website www.orientceratech.com.

During the year under review, no complaint has been received under the Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy.

- d.) Details of Compliance with Mandatory requirements and adoption of Non-Mandatory Requirements
- The Company has complied with all the applicable mandatory requirements.
 - The status of adoption of Non-mandatory requirement provided under Schedule II Part (E) of the Listing Regulations is as below:
- i. **The Board**
The Company has regular Chairperson on the Board.
 - ii. **Shareholder Rights**
The Company publishes its quarterly/half yearly and annual financial results in English and Marathi newspapers (Mumbai Edition). The financial results and significant events, if any, are communicated by the Company to the Stock Exchange and are also uploaded on its website i.e. www.orientceratech.com
 - iii. **Modified opinion(s) in audit report**
The Company's financial statements for the financial year 2025-2026 do not contain any modified audit opinion.
 - iv. **Separate posts of Chairperson and the Managing Director or the Chief Executive Officer**
The Company has appointed separate persons to the post of Chairperson and Managing Director. The Chairperson of the Board is not related to the Managing Director.
 - v. **Reporting of Internal Auditor**
The Internal Auditor reports directly to the Audit Committee and attends the Audit Committee meetings and interacts directly with the Audit Committee members.
- e.) The details of commodity risk are given in Management Discussion & Analysis Report and the details of foreign exchange risk of the Company are disclosed in Note No. 32 to the Standalone Financial Statements forming part of this Annual Report.
- f.) Details of Utilization of Funds raised through Preferential Allotment: During the year under review, the Company has not raised funds through Preferential Allotment or any other mode.
- g.) The Company has adopted policy on Determination of Material Events and Policy for preservation of Documents. The said policy can be accessed at www.orientceratech.com.
- h.) The Company has in place a Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading and Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information to regulate, monitor and report trading by Insiders as prescribed under SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, as approved by the Board of Directors.

Mrs. Seema Sharma, Company Secretary acting as the Compliance Officer of the Company, is responsible for complying with the procedures, monitoring, adherence to the rules for the preservation of price sensitive information, pre-clearance of trade, monitoring of trades and implementation of the Code of Conduct under the overall supervision of the Board.

The Code requires pre-clearance for dealing in the Company's shares and prohibits purchase and/or sale of the Company's shares by the Directors and Designated Employees while in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the Company.

- i.) Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited continued to be Material Subsidiary of the Company for the FY 2025-2026. A policy on material subsidiaries has been formulated by the Company and posted on website of the Company at the link www.orientceratech.com.

Details of Material Subsidiary:

Sr. No.	Name of Material Subsidiary	Date of Incorporation	Place of Incorporation	Name of Statutory Auditor	Date of Appointment of Statutory Auditor
1.	Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited	7 th March, 2006	Gujarat	Sanghavi & Company	28 th September 2024

Pursuant to regulation 24A, the Secretarial Audit report of Company's material unlisted subsidiary incorporated in India has been attached as 'Annexure-II'.

- j) Certificate from Company Secretary in Practice on Non-Disqualification of Directors of the Company:

A Certificate has been received from Mrs. Dipti Gohil, Practicing Company Secretary, that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Company by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such Statutory Authority. The Certificate received from Mrs. Dipti Gohil is duly enclosed as 'Annexure-III'.

- k) Fees Paid to Statutory Auditors:

The details of fees paid by the Company to the Statutory Auditor is mentioned in Note No. 29 of the Financial Statements.

- l) Disclosures in Relation to Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:

The details have been disclosed in the Directors' Report forming part of this Annual Report.

- m) Disclosure by listed entity and its subsidiaries of 'Loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms/companies in which Directors are interested by name and amount':

The Company has provided loan to its wholly owned subsidiary, whose accounts are being consolidated, the details are disclosed under Note 6 to the Accounts for the year under review.

9. COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REQUIREMENTS:

The Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements as contained in the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The Certificate received from M/s Sanghavi & Company, Chartered Accountants, is duly enclosed as 'Annexure-IV'.

10. UNCLAIMED SUSPENSE DEMAT ACCOUNT:

In accordance with the Regulation 39 of the Listing Regulations, the Company had Unclaimed Suspense Demat Account with Stock Holding Corporation of India Limited. The outstanding shares lying in the Unclaimed Suspense Demat Account were transferred to Demat Account of IEPF Authority during the FY 2020-2021.

There were no outstanding shares in the Unclaimed Suspense Demat Account to transfer to the IEPF authority's Demat Account during the FY 2025-2026.

11. DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN TYPES OF AGREEMENTS BINDING LISTED ENTITIES

There are no such agreements entered under clause 5A of paragraph A of Part A of Schedule III of these regulations.

12. TRANSFER OF UNCLAIMED/UNPAID AMOUNTS TO THE INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND:

In terms of the provisions of Sections 124 and 125 of the Act read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ("IEPF Rules"), dividends, if not claimed for a consecutive period of 7 years from the date of transfer to Unpaid Dividend Account of the Company, are liable to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund ("IEPF") of the Government.

Further, all the shares in respect of which dividend has remained unclaimed for a period of seven consecutive years or more from the date of transfer to Unpaid Dividend Account shall also be transferred to IEPF Authority. The said requirement does not apply to shares in respect of which there is a specific order of Court, Tribunal or Statutory Authority, restraining any transfer of the shares.

In the interest of the shareholders, the Company sends periodical reminders to the shareholders to claim their dividends in order to avoid transfer of dividends/shares to IEPF Authority. Notices in this regard are also published in the newspapers and the details of unclaimed dividends and shareholders whose shares are liable to be transferred to the IEPF Authority, are uploaded on the Company's website at www.orientceratech.com.

In light of the aforesaid provisions, the Company has during the year under review, transferred to IEPF the unclaimed dividends, outstanding for 7 consecutive years, of the Company. Further, shares of the Company, in respect of which dividend has not been claimed for 7 consecutive years or more from the date of transfer to unpaid dividend account, have also been transferred to the demat account of IEPF Authority.

The details of unclaimed dividends and shares transferred to IEPF during the year are as follows:

Financial Year	Amount of unclaimed dividend transferred to IEPF	Number of shares transferred to IEPF
2017-18	Rs. 9,55,394.25/-	48,406

The members who have a claim on above dividends and shares may claim the same from IEPF Authority by submitting an online application in the prescribed Form No. IEPF-5 available on the website www.iepf.gov.in and sending a physical copy of the same, duly signed to the Company, along with requisite documents enumerated in the Form No. IEPF-5. No claims shall lie against the Company in respect of the dividend/shares so transferred.

**“TABLE A”
DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDING AS ON 31ST MARCH, 2026**

No. of Equity Shares held	No. of Shareholders	% of Shareholders	No. of Shares held	% of shareholding
1-500	21313	78.21	2414733.00	2.02
501-1000	2452	9.00	2079212.00	1.74
1001-2000	1770	6.49	2937582.00	2.46
2001-3000	459	1.68	1201431.00	1.00
3001-4000	368	1.35	1387688.00	1.16
4001-5000	232	0.85	1104068.00	0.92
5001-10000	378	1.39	2849621.00	2.38
10001 & above	280	1.03	105664865.00	88.32
Total	27252	100.00	119639200.00	100.00

**“TABLE B”
CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION AS ON 31ST MARCH, 2026**

Categories	Total No. of Shares	% of Holdings
A) Promoters Holding	76443765	63.90
B) Public Holding		
Director and their Relatives (excluding Independent Directors and Nominee Directors)	11256	0.01
Key Managerial Personnel	2	0.00
Foreign Portfolio Investor/ Foreign Institutions (Corporate)	15939535	13.32
Banks	3000	0.00
Bodies Corporate	302049	0.25
Non-Resident Indian	1601124	1.35
Resident Indian HUF	1049586	0.88
Trust	2590	0.00
Clearing Members / House	1123	0.00
Individuals	20560929	17.18
IEPF	3668978	3.07
Firm	55263	0.05
Total (B)	43195435	36.10
Grand Total	119639200	100.00

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors

**Sd/-
Manan Shah
Managing Director
(DIN: 06378095)**

**Sd/-
Hemul Shah
Director
(DIN: 00058558)**

Place : Mumbai
Date : 6th August, 2026

**DECLARATION REGARDING COMPLIANCE BY BOARD MEMBERS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT
PERSONNEL WITH THE COMPANY’S CODE OF CONDUCT**

This is to confirm that the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for all the Board Members, Senior Management and all employees in and above Officer Level. The said code of conduct is available on the Company’s website.

I further confirm that the Company has in respect of the financial year ended on 31st March, 2026, received from all the Board Members and Senior Management Personnel of the Company, a declaration of compliance with the Code of Conduct as applicable to them.

For and on behalf of the Board

Place: Mumbai
Date: 6th August, 2026

Sd/-
Manan Shah
Managing Director
(DIN: 06378095)

Form No. MR-3
SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
ORIENT ADVANCED MATERIALS PRIVATE LIMITED
CIN - U26100GJ2006PTC047900
Dwarka Highway, Opp. Ashok Petrol Pump,
Khambhalia – 381305, Gujarat.

I have conducted the Secretarial Audit of compliance of applicable Statutory Provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **ORIENT ADVANCED MATERIALS PRIVATE LIMITED [CIN – U26100GJ2006PTC047900]** (hereinafter called “the Company” OR “OAMPL”). The Company is a Wholly Owned Material Subsidiary of Orient Ceratech Limited, a listed entity, having CIN L24299MH1971PLC366531. Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provides me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on verification of the Company’s books, papers, minutes, statutory registers, Records, forms and returns filed with the Registrar of Companies (‘the ROC’) and other records maintained by the Company (on physical and online basis) and also the information provided by the Company, its Officers, Agents and Authorized Representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, the explanations and clarifications given and the representations made by the Management, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company during the audit period covering the financial year 1st April, 2025 to 31st March, 2026, (“audit period”) has prima facie complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent , in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minutes, statutory registers, Records, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company (on physical and online basis) for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2026 according to the applicable provisions of :

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made there under; as also Secretarial Standards 1 & 2 Issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under;
- (iii) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 {limited to the provisions pertaining to a Wholly Owned Material Subsidiary}
- (iv) Though the following laws are prescribed in the format of Secretarial Audit Report by the Government, and also the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (‘SEBI Act’), the same were NOT applicable to the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026:-
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities And Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021
 - (e) The Securities & Exchange Board of India (Issue & listing of Debt securities) Regulations, 2008;
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021
 - (g) The Securities & Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009;
 - (h) The Securities & Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998;
 - (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993

regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client.

- (j) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 & the Rules & Regulations made there under
- (v) I further report that, based on the discussion had with the Management and the Management Representation Letter furnished, the Company has *inter-alia* complied with the following laws:
 - (a) Industrial Disputes Act, 1947
 - (b) Factories Act, 1948
 - (c) The Payment of Wages Act, 1936
 - (d) The Minimum Wages Act, 1948
 - (e) The Employees Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952
 - (f) The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965
 - (g) The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972
 - (h) The Contract Labour (Regulations & Abolition) Act, 1970
 - (i) The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
 - (j) The Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986
 - (k) The Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946
 - (l) The Employees' Compensation Act, 1923
 - (m) The Apprentices Act, 1961
 - (n) Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
 - (o) The Employment Exchange (Compulsory Notification of Vacancies) Act, 1959
 - (p) Environment Protection Rules, 1986
 - (q) Water (Prevention & Control) of Pollution Act, 1974
 - (r) Air (Prevention & Control) of Pollution Act, 1981
 - (s) Hazardous Wastes (M&H) Rules

I further report that I have relied on the Statutory Auditor's Reports in relation to the financial statements and accuracy of financial figures for Sales Tax, Wealth Tax, Value Added Tax, Related Party Transactions, Provident Fund, ESIC, etc. as disclosed under financial statements, Indian Accounting Standard 24 & note on foreign currency transactions during the audit period and I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of the books of accounts of the Company.

I further report that:-

1. The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted as on 31st March, 2026.
The following changes took place in the Board of Directors during the year under review.
 - (i) The Company w.e.f. 22/05/2025 appointed Mrs. Chaitali Nishit Salot (DIN: 02036868) as an Additional Director on its Board of Directors, and the said appointment was regularized at the ensuing AGM of the Company held on 20/09/2025.
 - (ii) Mr. Sandeep Nadkarni (DIN : 05112533) resigned from the Directorship of the Company w.e.f. 02/02/2026.
2. the Directors have complied with the requirements as to disclosure of interests and concerns in contracts and arrangements, shareholdings and directorships in other Companies and interest in other entities;
3. As per the information provided, the Company has prima facie given adequate notice in respect of the Board Meetings, agenda & detailed notes on agenda were sent in advance. Further as per the information provided and observed, majority decisions are carried unanimously while the dissenting members' views, if any, are captured & recorded as part of the minutes.
4. the Company has obtained all necessary approvals under various provisions of the Act where necessary;
5. there was no prosecution initiated against or show cause notice received by the Company during the year under review under the Companies Act and rules, regulations and guidelines under these Acts.

6. the Company's Management and Board of Directors are also responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate systems and process, commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to identify, monitor and ensure compliances with the applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines, subject to observations and qualifications, if any made by the Statutory Auditors in their report.
7. the Management is responsible for compliances of all business laws. This responsibility includes maintenance of statutory registers/records required by the concerned authorities and internal control of the concerned department.

I further report that:-

1. Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the Management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these Secretarial Records based on the audit.
2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in the Secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of the financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Where ever required, I have obtained the Management Representation Letter about the compliance of Laws, Rules and Regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance with the provisions of Corporate and other applicable Laws, Rules, Regulations, Standards is the responsibility of the Management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficacy or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.
7. Due to the inherent limitations of an audit including internal, financial and operating controls, there is an unavoidable risk that some Misstatements or material non-compliances may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the Standards.

Sd/-

DIPTI GOHIL

ACS No : 14736 ; COP No : 11029

P. R. No. : 2026/2022

UDIN : A014736H001034304

Place: Mumbai

Date: 6th August, 2026

CERTIFICATE OF NON DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS
(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C Clause (10)(i) of the SEBI
(Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015)

To
The Members,
Orient Ceratech Limited (The Company)
 CIN: L24299MH1971PLC366531
 Lawrence & Mayo House, 3rd Floor,
 276, D.N.Road, Fort, Mumbai – 400001.

I have examined the relevant Registers, Records, Forms, Returns and disclosures received from the Directors of Orient Ceratech Limited having CIN L24299MH1971PLC366531 and having its Registered Office at Lawrence & Mayo House, 3rd Floor, 276 D.N.Road, Fort, Mumbai – 400001, (hereinafter referred to as ‘the Company’) as produced before me by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para C sub Clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015.

In my opinion and to the best of my knowledge and according to the verifications including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in as considered necessary and explanation furnished to us by the Company and its Officers, I hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below have been debarred or disqualified for the financial year ended 31st March 2026, from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Companies by the Securities Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sr. No.	Name of The Director	DIN	Designation	Date of appointment in the Company
1.	Mr. Harish Motiwalla	00029835	Non-Executive, Independent Director (Chairman)	12/02/2018
2.	Mr. Manan Shah	06378095	Managing Director	12/01/2023
3.	Mr. Manubhai Rathod	07618837	Whole Time Director (Operations)	15/06/2017
4.	Mr. Hemul Shah	00058558	Non-Executive Director	15/07/2017
5.	Mrs. Chaitali Salot	02036868	Non-Executive Director	12/02/2018
6.	Mr. Ketan Shrimankar	00452468	Non-Executive, Independent Director	11/08/2021
7.	Mrs. Akhila Agnihotri Samdaria	07028159	Non-Executive, Independent Director	10/11/2025
8.	Mrs. Neeta Shah	07134947	Non-Executive, Independent Director	Ceased to be Director w.e.f. 10/11/2025

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment or continuity of every Director on the Board of above referred Company is the responsibility of the Management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion as stated above based on the verification. This certificate is neither an assurance to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Sd/-
DIPTI GOHIL
PRACTICING COMPANY SECRETARY
 Peer Review Certificate No. : 2026/2022
 CP No.: 11029 ACS No.: 14736

Place : Mumbai
 Date : 06/08/2026
 UDIN : A014736H001034260

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To
The Members of
ORIENT CERATECH LIMITED

1. We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by **Orient Ceratech Limited** ("the Company") for the year ended 31st March, 2026 as stipulated in regulations 17 to 27 and clause (b) to (i) of regulation 46 (2) and para C, D and E of schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015 ("Listing Regulations").

Managements' Responsibility

2. The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management of the Company. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control and procedures to ensure the compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance stipulated in Listing Regulations.

Auditors' Responsibility

3. Our responsibility is limited to examining the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.
4. We have examined the books of account and relevant records and documents maintained by the Company for the purposes of providing reasonable assurance on the compliance with Corporate Governance requirements by the Company.
5. We have carried out an examination of the relevant records of the Company in accordance with the Guidance Note on Certification of Corporate Governance issued by the Institute of the Chartered Accountants of India ("the ICAI") and Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, in so far as applicable for the purpose of this certificate and as per the Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes issued by the ICAI which requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI.
6. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.

Opinion

7. Based on our examination of the relevant records and according to the information and explanations provided to us and the representation provided by the Management, we are of the opinion that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in Listing Regulations for the year ended 31st March, 2026.
8. We state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Restriction on Use

9. The certificate is addressed and provided to the members of the Company solely for the purpose of enabling the Company to comply with the requirement of the Listing Regulations and should not be used by any other person or for any other purpose. Accordingly, we do not accept or assume any liability or any duty of care for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this certificate is shown or into whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing. We have no responsibility to update this certificate for events and circumstances occurring after the date of this certificate.

For SANGHAVI & COMPANY
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 109099W

Place : Mumbai
Date : August 6, 2026

Sd/-
MANOJ GANATRA
Partner
Membership No. 043485
UDIN: 26043485SDJTLN5667

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

Overview:

This Management Discussion and Analysis (MDA) Report forms an integral part of the Board's Report and provides insights into the Company's performance and strategic direction during the FY 2025-26. It covers the management's views on the economic environment, industry landscape, operational performance, risks, opportunities, internal controls, and other key developments. This report should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements, notes thereto, and other relevant information provided in the Annual Report.

Economic Overview:

The Indian economy delivered another year of robust performance in FY 2025-26, reaffirming its position among the world's fastest-growing major economies globally despite an increasingly uncertain external environment. As per the Provisional Estimates released by the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI), India's Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) grew by 7.7% during the year, compared with the revised growth of 7.1% in FY 2024-25. Growth remained broad-based, supported by resilient domestic demand, sustained government capital expenditure, improving private investments, and strong performance across the manufacturing, construction and services sectors.

The manufacturing sector recorded a robust growth of 10.7%, while Gross Fixed Capital Formation (GFCF) increased by 8.2%, reflecting healthy investment activity driven by improving corporate balance sheets, favourable policy initiatives, expanding capacity utilisation and continued infrastructure development. Domestic consumption remained resilient throughout the year, supported by strengthening employment conditions, healthy credit growth and steady urban and rural demand.

The global economy, however, remained challenged by heightened geopolitical tensions and slowing economic activity. The International Monetary Fund (IMF) projects global growth to moderate to around 3.0% in calendar year 2026, reflecting the impact of geopolitical conflicts, evolving trade policies and tighter global financial conditions. Escalating instability in the Middle East disrupted global trade routes and supply chains, resulting in elevated freight costs, supply chain bottlenecks and increased volatility in energy markets, especially during the last quarter of FY26. Rising protectionist measures, tariff uncertainties and weaker industrial activity further moderated global trade, affecting both advanced and emerging economies.

The United States witnessed moderation in economic growth amid tighter financial conditions and trade-related uncertainties, while the Euro Area to experience subdued industrial production and weak consumer demand despite easing inflationary pressures. China's economic growth remained constrained by structural challenges in the real estate sector, subdued domestic consumption and softer export demand. Against this backdrop, India demonstrated remarkable resilience, supported by its large domestic market, policy stability, expanding infrastructure investments and improving manufacturing competitiveness.

India's macroeconomic fundamentals remained strong throughout the year. Retail inflation moderated significantly, remaining broadly within the RBI's target range, which allowed the RBI to adopt a calibrated, growth-supportive monetary stance while maintaining financial stability. The Government remained committed to its fiscal consolidation roadmap while sustaining productive capital expenditure across infrastructure, transportation, logistics, renewable energy and manufacturing. The current account deficit stayed comfortable, supported by resilient services exports and remittances, while forex reserves and the Rupee remained relatively stable despite global volatility.

Gross Value Added (GVA) growth remained broad-based across manufacturing, construction, financial services and public administration. Continued implementation of structural reforms, including the Production Linked Incentive (PLI) Schemes, the 'Make in India' initiative, digitalisation, logistics improvements and ease of doing business measures, further strengthened India's industrial ecosystem and investment climate. Nevertheless, export-oriented sectors continued to face challenges arising from weaker global demand, volatile commodity prices, elevated logistics costs and increasing trade barriers.

Looking ahead, India's economic outlook remains favourable, supported by resilient domestic consumption, favourable demographics, rising infrastructure investments, expanding manufacturing capabilities and continued structural reforms.

While geopolitical uncertainties, global trade fragmentation, commodity price volatility and evolving trade policies may continue to pose external risks.

Industry Scenario:

Below table details our key product segments with industries and customers they cater to:

Product Segment	Industries / End Customers
Ceramic Raw Materials	Metals & other related industries, Refractories, Foundries, Abrasives
Refractories	Steel, Metals & other related industries, Cement, Power, Non-Ferrous Metal Industries
Speciality Ceramics	Oil & Gas

Steel and Refractories:

India's steel industry maintained strong growth momentum during FY 2025-26, reinforcing its position as the world's second-largest steel producer. Crude steel production increased by over 10% year-on-year to approximately 168 million tonnes, while finished steel consumption grew by around 7-8% to reach 164 million tonnes, supported by sustained investments in infrastructure, construction, railways, automotive, engineering and capital goods sectors. Domestic steelmaking capacity expanded to nearly 220 million tonnes per annum (MTPA), keeping the industry on track towards the National Steel Policy target of 300 MTPA by 2030.

The continued expansion of steel production directly supported demand for refractory products and allied consumables. Growth in induction furnace (IF) and electric arc furnace (EAF) steelmaking capacities, together with increasing furnace utilisation, continued to generate stable demand for refractory bricks, monolithics, castables and ramming mass. As refractory consumption is largely linked to steel production volumes and furnace operating cycles, the long-term demand outlook remains favourable.

However, the refractory industry continued to face challenges arising from dependence on imported raw materials such as fused alumina, calcined alumina, magnesia, microsilica and graphite, with China remaining the dominant global supplier. Volatility in alumina prices, elevated energy costs and fluctuations in international freight rates continued to exert pressure on manufacturing costs. Consequently, the industry remained focused on raw material diversification, backward integration, process optimisation, recycling of spent refractories, localisation of critical inputs and sustainability initiatives to enhance long-term competitiveness.

Ceramic Raw Materials:

The Ceramic Raw Materials segment continued to witness healthy demand during FY 2025-26, supported by growth in the refractory, foundry, abrasive and metallurgical industries. Expansion of steelmaking and casting capacities, particularly across eastern and western India, continued to drive demand for value-added ceramic minerals and processed raw materials. Rising quality requirements from end-user industries accelerated the need of mineral processing improvements and product customisations, with industry participants continuing to invest in technology upgrades and resource optimisation to reduce dependency on imported raw materials.

With increasing emphasis on localisation, mineral value addition and sustainable mining practices, the domestic ceramic raw materials industry is expected to benefit from India's expanding manufacturing base and continued growth across steel, refractories and engineering industries.

Specialty Ceramics – Oil & Gas:

The global oil & gas industry experienced a mixed operating environment during FY 2025-26. While geopolitical tensions and regional conflicts led to short-term disruptions in energy markets and project execution, higher crude oil prices encouraged upstream investment by several international oil and gas companies. Operators continued to focus on improving well productivity, enhancing reservoir recovery and extending the productive life of existing assets.

The global proppants market continued to evolve with increasing adoption of longer horizontal wells, higher proppant loading per stage and improved completion technologies. Although natural frac sand continued to dominate overall consumption due to its cost advantage, demand for premium ceramic and ultra-high strength ceramic proppants remained strong for high-pressure, high-temperature and deep unconventional reservoirs where superior strength, conductivity and durability are critical for long-term well performance.

Demand for ceramic proppants remained particularly attractive across selected projects in the Middle East, Africa and Asia, where increasingly complex reservoir conditions favour high-performance ceramic solutions over conventional sand-based alternatives. At the same time, growing focus on operational efficiency, reservoir optimisation and enhanced hydrocarbon recovery is expected to support long-term adoption of advanced ceramic proppants.

As India's leading manufacturer of ceramic proppants, the Company remains well positioned to capitalise on emerging opportunities through its integrated manufacturing capabilities, product development expertise, customised solutions and expanding export presence.

Opportunity and Threats:

Your Company continues to operate in a competitive and evolving industrial landscape that presents significant opportunities alongside emerging challenges. India's continued infrastructure development, expanding manufacturing sector, increasing steel production capacity and favourable policy initiatives provide a strong foundation for long-term growth across the Company's core businesses, supported by continued government policy initiatives and rising investment in roads, railways, renewable energy and urban infrastructure.

Growing adoption of modern steelmaking technologies, expansion of foundry and engineering industries, and increasing focus on localisation and import substitution present attractive opportunities for the Company's refractory and ceramic raw materials businesses. Continued investment in research and development, product innovation and customer-specific solutions remain critical for developing high-performance, energy-efficient products that strengthen long-term customer relationships.

In the Ceramic Raw Materials segment, opportunities continue to emerge through value addition, development of customised mineral solutions and increasing substitution of imported raw materials. Rising quality standards across end-user industries are expected to support demand for higher value-added and technically superior products.

The Specialty Ceramics business continues to offer significant long-term growth potential, with the Company well positioned to benefit from the gradual recovery in global upstream oil and gas investments, particularly in high-pressure and high-temperature applications where ceramic proppants offer superior performance over conventional sand-based alternatives.

At the same time, the Company operates in an environment of increasing global competition, commodity and freight-cost volatility, import dependence, evolving trade policies and rising sustainability and compliance requirements - detailed further under Risks and Concerns. The Company remains focused on mitigating these through product diversification, operational excellence and expansion into new domestic and international markets, backed by its diversified portfolio and strong customer relationships.

Risks and Concerns:

The Company operates in industries that are influenced by global economic conditions, commodity price movements, geopolitical developments, regulatory changes and evolving customer demand. While the long-term outlook for the Company's core businesses remains favourable, several external and operational risks continue to require close monitoring and proactive mitigation.

The Indian refractory industry continues to remain dependent on imports for a significant proportion of critical raw materials, including fused alumina, calcined alumina, low ferric bauxite, magnesite, microsilica and graphite, with China continuing to be the dominant global supplier. Volatility in raw material prices, energy costs, freight rates and foreign exchange movements can significantly impact manufacturing costs and operating margins. In addition, pricing pressure from Chinese and other international manufacturers continues to intensify competition in standard-grade refractory products.

The refractory industry also remains closely linked to the performance of the domestic steel sector, which accounts for a substantial share of refractory consumption. Any slowdown in steel production, delays in infrastructure spending or moderation in industrial activity could adversely impact demand for refractory products. Furthermore, increasing environmental regulations, and changing customer expectations regarding sustainability are expected to require continued investments in cleaner technologies, and resource efficiency.

The Ceramic Raw Materials business is exposed to risks arising from fluctuations in mineral availability, quality variations in natural resources, mining regulations, logistics constraints and volatility in energy and transportation costs, along with continued dependence on imported raw materials for certain specialised products.

The Specialty Ceramics business is influenced by global exploration and production activities in the oil and gas sector, which are inherently cyclical and sensitive to movements in crude oil and natural gas prices, capital expenditure by energy companies and broader macroeconomic conditions. Competition from lower-cost sand-based alternatives, along with geopolitical developments and supply chain disruptions, may impact export demand and international competitiveness.

Broader macroeconomic risks, including global trade fragmentation, evolving tariff regimes, inflationary pressures, higher interest rates in certain economies, commodity price volatility and slower-than-expected global economic growth, could influence demand across the Company's operating segments. Climate-related risks, increasing focus on decarbonisation and evolving ESG expectations may also require additional investments in sustainable manufacturing processes.

The Company continues to mitigate these risks through strategic sourcing of raw materials, technology upgradation, product innovation, expansion into higher value-added products and diversification of both customer base and export markets. Continued focus on research and development, supply chain resilience and prudent capital allocation will remain central to strengthening the Company's long-term competitiveness.

Outlook:

The global economic environment is expected to remain dynamic over the near to medium term, influenced by evolving geopolitical developments, changing trade policies, commodity price volatility and continued shifts in global supply chains. While global growth is expected to moderate compared with the post-pandemic recovery years, improving investment in digital technologies, infrastructure, manufacturing and energy security is expected to provide support to economic activity across several regions.

India is expected to remain one of the fastest-growing major economies. Following the robust economic growth recorded during FY 2025-26, economic activity is expected to normalise while remaining healthy, supported by sustained public capital expenditure, increasing private sector investments, favourable demographics and continued emphasis on digitalisation, ease of doing business and industrial development. Stable macroeconomic fundamentals, improving logistics infrastructure and ongoing structural reforms are expected to further strengthen India's long-term growth prospects.

The steel industry and allied sectors, including refractories and ceramic raw materials, are expected to continue benefiting from India's expanding infrastructure, construction, engineering and manufacturing sectors, with continued progress towards higher domestic steelmaking capacity and rising customer preference for high-performance, energy-efficient and environmentally sustainable refractory solutions expected to create further opportunities.

The Ceramic Raw Materials business is expected to benefit from increasing domestic manufacturing, higher mineral value addition and import substitution initiatives, with continued investment in beneficiation and process optimisation expected to strengthen the Company's competitive positioning.

The long-term outlook for the Specialty Ceramics business remains encouraging, with increasing investment in upstream oil and gas exploration and unconventional reservoir development expected to support demand for high-performance ceramic proppants. The Company will continue to focus on expanding its international presence and strengthening customer partnerships to capitalise on emerging opportunities.

The Company remains committed to strengthening its market position through continuous investment in research and development, product innovation, technology upgradation, and sustainable manufacturing practices. With its diversified product portfolio, integrated manufacturing capabilities, strong technical expertise and expanding domestic and international presence, the Company is well positioned to capitalise on emerging growth opportunities, enhance stakeholder value and deliver sustainable long-term growth despite an evolving global business environment.

Internal Controls systems and their adequacy:

Your Company continues to maintain a robust and adequate internal control procedures and vigilance system in place that aligns with its scale of operations and business complexity. These controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the Company's assets are safeguarded, transactions are duly authorized, recorded accurately, and reported timely. The internal control systems also ensure the reliability of financial reporting, effective operational monitoring, protection against unauthorized use or loss of assets, and adherence to applicable laws and regulations. During the year, the Company continued to strengthen its internal control environment through process improvements, digitization of key workflows, and risk-based reviews.

In line with best governance practices, and based on recommendations from the Audit Committee, the Company appointed M/s. Atul HMV & Associates LLP as the Internal Auditors for the financial year 2025-2026. The internal auditors conduct periodic audits across key departments and processes, assessing the effectiveness of business systems, compliance, and risk management practices.

Their observations and audit findings, along with the status of implementation of remedial actions recommended by them, are reviewed and discussed quarterly with the Audit Committee to ensure timely corrective measures and continuous improvement. Additionally, the Statutory Auditors provide an independent assessment of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's internal control systems, reinforcing confidence in financial controls and governance standards.

The Company remains committed to continuous improvement of its internal control systems to ensure strong governance and sustained business performance.

Segment-wise performance

Please refer Note No. 38 of the Financial Statements.

Segment:

Segment performance is evaluated and monitored based on profit or loss and is measured consistently with the statement of profit & loss. Operating segment have been identified on the basis of nature of products and other quantitative criteria specified in the Ind AS 108. The chief operational decision maker monitors the operating results of its business segment separately for the purpose of making decision about resource allocation and performance assessment.

The Board of Directors of the Company has authorised its KMPs to assess the financial performance and position of the Company and make decisions in normal course of business operations. For key strategic decisions, the Board of Directors take decisions after evaluating the possible options and recommendations given by the management.

Segment revenue and results:

Unallocable expenditure which are not directly attributable to any business segment are shown net of allocable income.

Segment assets and Liabilities:

Segment assets include all operating assets used by the operating segment and mainly consist of property, plant and equipment, trade receivables, inventories and other operating assets. Segment liabilities primarily includes trade payable and other liabilities. Common assets and liabilities which cannot be allocated to any of the business segment are shown as unallocable assets / liabilities.

Inter segment transfer:

There is no change in the nature of business of the Company during the year under review. The Company has two major business segments in terms of the nature of output (i) Alumina Refractories & Monolithics products & bauxite ores: and (ii) Power generation. Inter segment revenues are recognised at sales price. The same is based on market price and business risks. Profit & loss on inter segment transfer are eliminated at the group level.

Financial Highlights & Accounting Treatment:

The Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2026, have been prepared in accordance with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rule, 2015 (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other recognised accounting practices and policies to the extent applicable.

For the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2026, at Standalone level, revenue from operations of the Company stood at Rs 40,538.98 Lakhs and profit before exceptional item and tax stood at Rs. 2,613.93 Lakhs. At Consolidated level, revenue from Operations stood at Rs. 40,360.41 Lakhs and profit before exceptional item and tax stood at Rs. 3,042.14 Lakhs. As compared to FY 2024-25, the Company's consolidated revenue from operations in FY 2025-26 increased by 23.39%, while profit before exceptional item and tax increased by 130.31%.

Dividend:

The Board has recommended dividend of Rs.0.35/- per equity share for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2026, payable subject to approval of the Members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. This will result in a total outflow of Rs. 418.74 Lakhs.

The Company believes in maintaining a fair balance between dividend distribution and cash retention. The cash retention is required for future growth and to meet any unforeseen contingencies.

Key Financial Ratios:

The key financial ratios for FY 2025-2026 and FY 2024-2025, are as follows:

Sr. No.	Particulars	2025 - 26	2024- 25	% Change	Reasons for change in the ratio by more than 25%
1	Debtors Turnover (Days) (Avg. Debtors/Sales)	69.00	85.59	(19.39)	
2	Inventory Turnover (Days) (Sales/Avg. Inventory)	87.07	93.42	(6.79)	
3	Interest coverage Ratio (Profit before Exceptional Item and tax + interest Exp) / Interest Expenses	8.83	3.27	170.03	Increase in profit
4	Current Ratio (Current assets /Current Liability)	3.22	2.66	21.20	
5	Debt Equity Ratio (Total debts /Shareholders fund)	0.08	0.16	(49.83)	Decrease in Debt
6	Operating Profit Margin (in %) (EBIT- other Income) /Revenue from Operation	3.26%	3.56%	(8.43)	Increase in profit
7	Net Profit Margin* (in %) (Net Profit/ Revenue from Operation)	5.03%	2.89%	73.88	Increase in profit
8	Return on Net Worth (in %) (Net Profit/Average shareholder's equity)	6.51%	3.49%	86.66	Increase in profit

*before exceptional item

Human Resource/Industrial Relation Development:

As on March 31, 2026, the Company had a total head count of 278 as against 256 in the previous year.

The Company continues to maintain healthy and harmonious employee relations across all its plants and offices. The Human Resources function plays a pivotal role in enabling business transformation by aligning organizational goals with individual aspirations. Senior management remains approachable and responsive, ensuring effective counselling and prompt redressal of employee grievances.

Recognizing that its workforce is a key driver of success, the Company remains committed to continuous training, skilling, and upskilling initiatives. These efforts ensure that employees are well-equipped to adapt to evolving technologies, processes, and industry practices.

Statutory Compliance:

The Managing Director makes a declaration at each Board Meeting on quarterly basis, regarding the compliance with provisions of various statutes after obtaining confirmation from all the unit heads of the Company. The Company Secretary also ensures compliance, *inter-alia*, with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Regulations.

Cautionary Statement:

Statements made in this report describing the Company's objective, projections, estimates and expectations may be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. Important factors that could make a difference to the Company operations include, among others, economic conditions affecting demand/supply and price conditions in the domestic and overseas markets in which the Company operates, changes in government regulations, tax laws & other statutes and incidental factors.

Although the expectations are based on reasonable assumptions, the actual results might differ.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of
ORIENT CERATECH LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **Orient Ceratech Limited** (“the Company”) which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2026, the statement of profit and loss including other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as “the standalone financial statements”).

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, (“Ind AS”) and the other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2026, its profit including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (“the ICAI”) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI’s Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters which, in our professional judgment were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in our forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report:

Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Revenue Recognition Revenue from the sale of goods (“Revenue”) is recognized when the Company performs its obligation to its customers, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and recovery of the consideration is probable. The timing of such recognition is when the control over the same is transferred to the customer, which is mainly upon delivery. The timing of revenue recognition is relevant to the reported performance of the Company.	Our audit approach was a combination of test of internal controls and substantive procedures including assessing the appropriateness of the Company’s revenue recognition accounting policies in line with Ind AS 115 (“Revenue from Contracts with Customers”) and testing thereof; evaluating the integrity of the general information and control environment and testing the operating effectiveness of key controls.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor’s Report Thereon

The Company’s Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board’s Report including Annexures to Board’s Report, Management Discussion and Analysis, Corporate Governance Report, Shareholder’s Information, but does not include the standalone financial statements and auditor’s report thereon. The Board’s Report and other information are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor’s report.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the aforesaid reports and information, if we conclude that there is material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Management’s Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company’s Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concerns and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company’s financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of the internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosure, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1 As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure – A, a statement on the matters specified in clause 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss including other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and the cash flow statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2015;
 - e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2026, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2026, from being appointed as a director in terms section 164(2) of the Act;
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and operating effectiveness of such controls, our separate report in annexure – B may be referred;
 - g) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act read with Schedule V of the Act.
 - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring the amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv.
 - a. The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note no. 39(h) to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - b. The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note no. 39(i) to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever

- by or on behalf of the Funding Party (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- c. Based on such audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. The dividend declared or paid during the year by the Company is in compliance with section 123 of the Act.
- vi. Based on our examination which included compliance test and test checks, the Company has used the accounting software for maintaining books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

For SANGHAVI & COMPANY
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 109099W

Sd/-
MANOJ GANATRA
Partner
Membership No. 043485
UDIN: 26043485LGYYYG8772

Mumbai
May 27, 2026

ANNEXURE – A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our report of even date)

On the basis of such checks as we considered appropriate and in terms of information and explanations given to us, we state that:

- 1 In respect of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and right of use assets (“the ROU”):
 - a. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress and the ROU.

The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - b. Property, plant and equipment were physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals in a phased manner in accordance with a programme of physical verification. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c. The title deeds of immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements included under property, plant and equipment are held in the name of the Company.
 - d. The Company has not revalued any of its property, plant and equipment (including right of use assets) or intangible assets during the year.
 - e. There are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 as amended and Rules made thereunder.
- 2
 - a. The physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the Management during the year and, in our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by Management is appropriate. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory.
 - b. During the year, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate, from banks on the basis of security of current assets of the Company. The quarterly returns or statements filed by the Company with such banks are generally in agreement with the books of account. The difference is not material which is on account of valuation, provisions etc. during the course of audit subsequent to the submission of such returns or statements.
- 3 In respect of investments, guarantees or securities provided or loans or advances in the nature of loans granted by the Company:
 - a. The Company has not provided any loans or advances in the nature of loans or stood guarantee or provided security to any other entity during the year except:

Particulars	Loans (₹ in lacs)
Aggregate amount of loans granted during the year – others	6.57
Balances outstanding as on balance sheet date – others	8.27
Balances outstanding as on balance sheet date – subsidiary	4,000.00
 - b. The terms and conditions of the grant of these loans and investment made during the year are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.

- c. In respect of loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal has been stipulated and the repayments are regular.
 - d. There is no overdue amount in respect of loans granted.
 - e. No loans or advances in the nature of loans granted by the Company that have fallen due during the year, have been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties.
 - f. The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans that are either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- 4 The Company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and securities, to the extent applicable.
 - 5 The Company has not accepted any deposits from public or amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable.
 - 6 We have broadly reviewed the cost records maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed cost records have been maintained. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
 - 7 In respect of statutory and other dues:
 - a. The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including provident fund, employees state insurance, income tax, cess, goods & service tax and other statutory dues, to the extent applicable, with the appropriate authorities during the year.

- b. Undisputed dues in respect of following liabilities were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable:

Name of the statute	Nature of the dues	₹ in lacs	Period to which the amount relates
Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation) (Amendment) Act, 2015	Payment of Royalty	136.18	Various years
Mines and Minerals (Contribution to District Mineral Foundation) Rules, 2015	Contribution to District Mineral Foundation	58.89	Various years
Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation) (Amendment) Act, 2015	Contribution to National Mineral Exploration Trust	8.26	Various years

- c. There are no statutory dues, which have not been deposited on account of dispute except for the followings:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	₹ In lacs	Forum where dispute is pending
Customs Act, 1962	Custom Duty	54.51	Commissioner of Customs (Appeals)
Customs Act, 1962	Custom Duty	1.58	Additional Commissioner of Customs
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	1,096.60	The High Court of Gujarat
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	130.97	Income Tax Appellate Tribunal
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	1,877.56	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)
Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017	Goods and Service Tax	311.21	Deputy Commissioner (Appeals)

Mines and Minerals (Contribution to District Minerals Foundation) Rules, 2015	Royalty	218.04*	Office of District Minerals Foundation and the Geology and Mining Department (District Minerals Foundation (Cell))
Mines and Minerals (Contribution to District Minerals Foundation) Rules, 2015	Royalty	16.62	Office of District Minerals Foundation and the Geology and Mining Department (District Minerals Foundation (Cell))

* excluding Rs. 33.00 lacs paid under protest

- 8 The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- 9
 - a. The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - b. The Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - c. The term loans have been applied for the purposes for which they were obtained.
 - d. On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - e. On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries. The Company does not have any associate or joint venture companies.
 - f. The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries.
- 10
 - a. The Company has not raised any money during the year by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments).
 - b. The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully/partly convertible debentures during the year and hence, the requirement to report under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- 11
 - a. No fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - b. No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.
 - c. The Company has not received any whistle blower complaint during the year and up to the date of this report.
- 12 The Company is not a Nidhi Company as per the provisions of the Act. The requirement to report under clause 3 (xii) of the Order is, therefore, not applicable.
- 13 Transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act, wherever applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- 14
 - a. The Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - b. We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.

- 15 The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors.
- 16
- a. The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - b. The Company has not conducted any non-banking financial or housing finance activities without obtaining a valid certificate of registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - c. The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India.
 - d. There is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly the requirement to report under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- 17 The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- 18 There has been no resignation by the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- 19 According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- 20
- a. In respect of other than ongoing Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) projects, there are no unspent amounts that are required to be transferred to a fund specified in Schedule VII of the Act in compliance with second proviso to sub-section 5 of section 135 of the Act.
 - b. There are no ongoing CSR projects. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

For SANGHAVI & COMPANY
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 109099W

Mumbai
May 27, 2026

Sd/-
MANOJ GANATRA
Partner
Membership No. 043485
UDIN: 26043485LGYYYYG8772

ANNEXURE – B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our report of even date)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Orient Ceratech Limited** (formerly known as “Orient Abrasives Limited”) (“the Company”) as of 31st March, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (“the Guidance Note”) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (“the ICAI”). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by the ICAI and prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors’ judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company’s internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company’s internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that -

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company’s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2026, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

For SANGHAVI & COMPANY
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 109099W

Mumbai
May 27, 2026

Sd/-
MANOJ GANATRA
Partner
Membership No. 043485
UDIN: 26043485LGYYYYG8772

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH, 2026

		(Indian ₹ in lacs)	
Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
ASSETS:			
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	2	10,673.08	10,203.38
Capital work-in-progress	2	62.71	2,483.20
Right-of-use assets	3	66.55	69.70
Intangible assets	4	8.86	8.86
Financial assets			
Investments	5	509.03	509.03
Loans	6	4,000.44	4,050.95
Other financial assets	7	437.46	397.04
Other non-current assets	8	36.31	28.49
		15,794.44	17,750.65
Current Assets			
Inventories	9	10,104.08	9,237.68
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	10	7,620.21	7,706.24
Cash and cash equivalents	11	557.22	368.97
Other bank balances	12	134.19	95.55
Loans	6	7.83	8.60
Other financial assets	7	53.44	73.59
Current tax assets (net)	13	493.35	465.64
Other current assets	8	2,950.24	1,943.44
Assets held for sale	40	376.93	-
		22,297.49	19,899.71
	Total Assets	38,091.93	37,650.36
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES:			
Equity			
Equity share capital	14	1,196.52	1,196.52
Other equity	15	28,297.76	26,738.66
		29,494.28	27,935.18
Liabilities			
Non-Current Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	16	630.76	1,073.16
Other financial liabilities	20	75.00	-
Provisions	17	209.86	126.57
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	18	765.03	1,033.70
		1,680.65	2,233.43
Current Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	16	1,780.12	3,478.42
Trade payables	19		
total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		75.86	190.17
total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		4,031.48	3,019.78
Other financial liabilities	20	48.16	150.39
Provisions	17	135.79	25.70
Other current liabilities	21	585.02	542.76
Current tax liabilities (net)	13	260.57	74.53
		6,917.00	7,481.75
	Total Equity and Liabilities	38,091.93	37,650.36

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Sanghavi & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Sd/-
Manoj Ganatra
Partner

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-
Manan Shah
Managing Director
DIN: 06378095

Sd/-
Hemul Shah
Director
DIN: 00058558

Sd/-
Vikash Khemka
Chief Financial Officer

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2026

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Note No.	2025-2026	2024-2025
INCOME:			
Revenue from operations (net)	22	40,538.98	33,263.11
Other income	23	1,458.36	673.94
Total income		41,997.34	33,937.05
EXPENSES:			
Cost of materials consumed	24	14,524.66	11,483.19
Purchases of stock-in-trade		8,726.70	6,252.34
Changes in inventories	25	(445.52)	(436.73)
Employee benefits expenses	26	2,759.82	2,511.91
Finance costs	27	333.77	567.51
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	28	1,460.22	1,094.92
Other expenses	29	12,023.76	11,173.41
Total expenses		39,383.41	32,646.55
Profit before exceptional items and tax		2,613.93	1,290.50
Exceptional items	41	169.28	-
Profit before tax		2,444.65	1,290.50
Tax expense	13		
Current tax		853.08	408.52
Earlier years' tax		(11.35)	3.79
Deferred tax		(265.30)	(83.30)
Total tax expense		576.44	329.01
Profit for the year		1,868.21	961.49
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
a. Remeasurements of defined benefit plans		(13.37)	48.62
b. Tax impacts on above		3.36	(12.24)
Other comprehensive income for the year		(10.01)	36.38
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,858.20	997.87
Basic earning per share (₹)	30	1.56	0.80
Diluted earning per share (₹)		1.56	0.80
Face value per share (₹)		1.00	1.00

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our report of even date
For Sanghavi & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Sd/-
Manoj Ganatra
Partner

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-
Manan Shah
Managing Director
DIN: 06378095

Sd/-
Hemul Shah
Director
DIN: 00058558

Sd/-
Vikash Khemka
Chief Financial Officer

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2026
A. SHARE CAPITAL

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
At the beginning of the year	1,196.52	1,196.52
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-
At the end of the year	1,196.52	1,196.52

B. OTHER EQUITY

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Capital Reserve	Other Comprehensive Income	Total equity
				Remeasurements of net defined benefit plans	
As at 1st April, 2024	8,979.44	16,389.64	807.72	(136.91)	26,039.89
Profit for the year	-	961.49	-	-	961.49
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)	-	-	-	36.38	36.38
Final dividend, declared and paid during the year	-	(299.10)	-	-	(299.10)
As at 31st March, 2025	8,979.44	17,052.03	807.72	(100.53)	26,738.66
Profit for the year	-	1,868.21	-	-	1,868.21
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)	-	-	-	(10.01)	(10.01)
Final dividend, declared and paid during the year	-	(299.10)	-	-	(299.10)
As at 31st March, 2026	8,979.44	18,621.14	807.72	(110.54)	28,297.76

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our report of even date
For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
For Sanghavi & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Sd/-
Manan Shah
Managing Director
DIN: 06378095

Sd/-
Hemul Shah
Director
DIN: 00058558

Sd/-
Manoj Ganatra
Partner

Sd/-
Vikash Khemka
Chief Financial Officer

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2026

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-2026	2024-2025
A Cash flow from operating activities:		
Net profit for the year	1,868.21	961.49
Adjustments for -		
Depreciation	1,460.22	1,094.92
Income tax expenses	576.44	329.01
Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant & equipment	87.31	(4.70)
Provision for doubtful debts/(sundry balances written back)	142.10	(29.62)
Interest income	(433.97)	(351.48)
Finance cost	333.77	567.51
Operating Profit Before Working Capital Changes	4,034.08	2,567.13
Movements in working capital:		
Decrease / (Increase) in trade and other receivables	115.59	33.96
Decrease / (Increase) in other assets	(1,014.64)	4,593.31
Decrease / (Increase) in inventories	(866.40)	(1,448.23)
Decrease / (Increase) in provisions	180.01	(8.48)
Decrease / (Increase) in trade and other payables	782.88	(1,153.35)
Cash generated from operations	3,231.53	4,584.34
Income tax paid	(683.41)	(556.60)
Net cash generated by operating activities	2,548.12	4,027.74
B Cash flow from investing activities:		
Payment for property, plant and equipment	(315.78)	(2,399.51)
Sale of property, plant & equipment	345.26	9.22
Proceed/ (Deposit) from Term deposits and margin money with bank	(88.47)	123.10
Repayments of loans received/ (loans granted)	51.28	(0.51)
Interest received	433.97	351.48
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities	426.27	(1,916.22)
C Cash flow from financing activities:		
Proceeds from borrowings	-	42.18
Repayments of borrowings	(447.68)	(414.12)
Changes in working capital loans (net)	(1,693.02)	(838.74)
Interest paid	(336.94)	(563.74)
Dividend paid	(308.50)	(307.82)
Net cash used in financing activities	(2,786.14)	(2,082.24)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	188.25	29.28
Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the year	368.97	339.69
Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year	557.22	368.97

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Sanghavi & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Sd/-
Manan Shah
Managing Director
DIN: 06378095

Sd/-
Hemul Shah
Director
DIN: 00058558

Sd/-
Manoj Ganatra
Partner

Sd/-
Vikash Khemka
Chief Financial Officer

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

COMPANY INFORMATION

Orient Ceratech Limited (formerly known as “Orient Abrasives Limited”) (“the Company”) is a public limited company domiciled in India and incorporated on 12th November, 1971 under the provisions of the Companies Act vide CIN: L24299MH1971PLC366531 applicable in India. The Company is principally engaged in the business of production and trading of aluminum refractories and monolithics products, mining of bauxite ores and generation of power (including windmill facilities). The Company’s manufacturing facilities are located at Porbandar (Gujarat) along with thermal power generation, bauxite mines located at various sites in Gujarat and windmill facilities in the state of Rajasthan and Karnataka. The registered office of the Company is located at Lawrence & Mayo House, 3rd Floor, 276, D.N Road, Fort, Mumbai - 400001. The equity shares of the Company are listed on Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) as well as National Stock Exchange (NSE).

The standalone financial statements (“the financial statements”) were authorized for issue in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors on May 27, 2026.

1 BASIS OF PREPARATION, MEASUREMENT AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of preparation and measurement:

These financial statements are the separate financial statements of the Company (also called standalone financial statements) prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (‘Ind AS’) notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”), read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as applicable.

These financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, on the accrual basis of accounting except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as stated in the accounting policies set out below. The accounting policies have been applied consistently over all the periods presented in these financial statements.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non current as per the Company’s normal operating cycle and other criteria as set out in the Division II of Schedule III to the Act. The Company considers 12 months as normal operating cycle.

The Company’s financial statements are reported in Indian Rupees, which is also the Company’s functional currency, and all values are rounded to the nearest lacs except otherwise indicated.

1.2 Material accounting policies:

a. System of accounting

The financial statements of the Company are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS), under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis as per the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 (‘Act’), except in case of significant uncertainties.

b. Key accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements, in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS, requires the management to make estimates and assumptions in the application of accounting policies that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and disclosure of contingent liabilities as at the date of financial statements and the results of operation during the reported period. Although these estimates are based upon management’s best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates which are recognised in the period in which they are determined.

The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change

due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Estimates and judgements are regularly revisited. Estimates are based on historical experience and other factors, including futuristic reasonable information that may have a financial impact on the Company.

c. Property, plant and equipment

- (i) Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost of acquisition including attributable interest and finance costs, if any, till the date of acquisition/installation of the assets less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.
- (ii) Subsequent expenditure relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the statement of profit and loss as incurred.
- (iii) The cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the financial statements, either on disposal or when retired from active use and the resultant gain or loss are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.
- (iv) The Company depreciates property, plant and equipment on straight line method over the estimated useful life prescribed in Schedule II of the Act from the date the assets are ready for intended use after considering the residual value.

Class of Assets	Useful Life (Years)
Buildings	15/30/60
Plant & Equipment	8/10/15/25
Office Equipment (including computer hardware/software)	3/5
Furniture & Fixtures	10
Vehicles	8/10
Right of use assets	99

For this class of assets, based on internal assessment and independent technical evaluation carried out by chartered engineers, the Company believes that the useful lives as given above best represent the period over which the Company expects to use these assets. Hence the useful lives for these assets are different from the useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Act.

- (v) Capital work-in-progress, representing expenditure incurred in respect of assets under development and not ready for their intended use, are carried at cost. Cost includes related acquisition expenses, construction cost, related borrowing cost and other direct expenditure.
- (vi) Intangible assets mainly represent implementation cost for software and other application software acquired/developed for in-house use. These assets are stated at cost. Cost includes related acquisition expenses, related borrowing costs, if any, and other direct expenditure. Intangible assets are amortized over the estimated useful life.
- (vii) Items of stores and spares that meet the definition of property, plant and equipment are capitalized at cost and depreciated over their useful life. Otherwise, such items are classified as inventories.
- (viii) Losses arising from the retirement of and gains or losses arising from disposal of property, plant and equipment which are carried at cost are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.
- (ix) Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value

in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units).

d. Investments and financial assets

(i) Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised at cost and not adjusted to fair value at the end of each reporting period. Cost represents amount paid for acquisition of the said investments.

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period, if there is any indication that the said investments may be impaired. If so, the Company estimates the recoverable value of the investments and provides for impairment, if any, i.e. the deficit in the recoverable value over cost.

(ii) Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is recognised at fair value, in case of financial assets which are recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), its transaction costs are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. In other cases, the transaction costs are attributed to the acquisition value of financial asset. However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price.

Financial assets are subsequently classified measured at –

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their recognition except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

Financial asset is derecognised only when the Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset. Where the entity has transferred the asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, financial asset is derecognised.

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies the expected credit loss ("ECL") model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets and credit risk exposures. The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables. Simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition.

e. Inventories

- (i) Raw materials and stores and spares are valued at weighted average cost including all charges in bringing the materials to the present location.
- (ii) Finished and semi-finished goods are valued at the cost plus direct expenses and appropriate value of overheads or net realizable value, whichever is lower.

- (iii) Obsolete, slow moving and defective inventories are written off/valued at net realisable value during the year as per policy consistently followed by the Company.

f. Cash and bank balances

Cash and Cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprises of balance with banks and cash on hand and short term deposits with an original maturity of three month or less, which are subject to insignificant risks of changes in value.

Other bank balances:

Other bank balances include deposits with maturity less than twelve months but greater than three months and balances and deposits with banks that are restricted for withdrawal and usage.

g. Trade receivables

A receivable is classified as a trade receivable if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods sold or services rendered in the normal course of business. Trade receivables are recognised initially at their transaction price and subsequently measured net of any expected credit losses.

h. Financial liabilities

- (i) Financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the amortised cost unless at initial recognition, they are classified as fair value through profit and loss.
- (ii) Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit and loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit and loss.
- (iii) Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

i. Trade payables

A payable is classified as a trade payable if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods purchased in the normal course of business. These amounts represent liabilities for goods provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. These amounts are unsecured and are usually settled as per the payment terms. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period.

j. Revenue recognition

- (i) Revenue shall be recognised to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services.
- (ii) Revenue is measured based on transaction price, which is the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, stated net of discounts, return and goods & service tax. Transaction price is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated sales incentives/discounts.
- (iii) Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the discounts/rights of return, using the expected value method.
- (iv) Export incentives are accounted for on export of goods if the entitlements can be estimated with reasonable accuracy and conditions precedent to claim are reasonably expected to be fulfilled.

- (v) Revenue in respect of other income is recognised on accrual basis. However, where the ultimate collection of the same lacks reasonable certainty, revenue recognition is postponed to the extent of uncertainty.

k. Mining expenses

Expenses incurred on mining including removal of overburden of mines are charged to the statement of profit & loss as mining cost on the basis of quantity of minerals mined during the year, overburden of removal and mining being carried out concurrently and relatively within a short period of time. Mining restoration expenses are annually reviewed and provided for.

l. Foreign currency transactions

- (i) Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of primary economic environment in which the company operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (INR), which is the company's functional and presentation currency.
- (ii) Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the reporting currency at foreign exchange rate on the date of the transaction.
- (iii) Monetary items of current assets and current liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are reported using the closing rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.
- (iv) The gain or loss on decrease/increase in reporting currency due to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

m. Employee benefit expenses

- (i) Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as provident fund, employees' state insurance, labour welfare fund etc. are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees. These benefits are classified as defined contribution schemes as the Company has no further obligations beyond the monthly contributions.
- (ii) The Company provides for gratuity which is a defined benefit plan, the liabilities of which are determined based on valuations, as at the reporting date, made by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. Re-measurement comprising of actuarial gains and losses, in respect of gratuity are recognised in the other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. The classification of the Company's obligation into current and non-current is as per the actuarial valuation report.
- (iii) The employees are entitled to accumulate leave subject to certain limits, for future encashment and availment, as per the policy of the Company. The liability towards such unutilised leave as at the end of each balance sheet date is determined based on independent actuarial valuation and recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

n. Leases

Company as lessee

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Company as lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income.

o. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Also, the effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs. Borrowing costs relating to acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset which takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are added to the cost of such asset to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they occur.

p. Impairment of non financial assets

As at each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is an indication that a non-financial asset may be impaired and also whether there is an indication of reversal of impairment loss recognised in the previous periods. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company determines the recoverable amount and impairment loss is recognised when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. If the amount of impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, then the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through the statement of profit and loss.

q. Taxes on income

Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and the deferred tax during the year. Current and deferred taxes are recognised in the statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current income tax is recognised based on the estimated tax liability computed after taking credit for allowances and exemptions in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. In case of uncertainty of reversal of the deferred tax assets or when it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available in the foreseeable future, deferred tax assets, as a matter of prudence, are not recognised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax is reviewed at each reporting date and measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

r. Provisions and contingent liabilities

The Company creates a provision when there is present obligation, legal or constructive, as a result of past events that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in respect of possible obligations that arise from past events, whose existence would be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

s. Earnings per share

- (i) Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.
- (ii) For the purpose of calculating diluted earning per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to the equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

t. Exceptional items

Exceptional items refer to items of income or expense within the Statement of Profit and Loss from ordinary activities which are non-recurring and are of such size, nature or incidence that their separate disclosure is considered necessary to explain the performance of the Company.

u. Segment reporting

Business Segment

The chief operational decision maker (CODM) monitors the operating results of its business segment separately for the purpose of making decision about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on profit or loss and is measured consistently with profit or loss in the financial statements, Operating segment have been identified on the basis of nature of products and other quantitative criteria specified in the Ind AS 108. The analysis of geographical segments is based on the areas in which major operating divisions of the Company operate.

Intersegment Transfers

The Company generally accounts for intersegment sales and transfers as if the sales or transfers were to third parties at current market prices.

Allocation of common costs

Common allocable costs are allocated to each segment according to the relative contribution of each segment to the total common costs.

Segment Policies

The Company prepares segment information in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the financial statements of the Company as a whole.

v. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has notified amendments to the existing standards Ind AS 1 – Presentation of financial statements relating to classification of liabilities as current or non-current subject to covenants, Ind AS 12 – Income Taxes relating to international tax reforms – Pillar Two Model Rules, Ind AS 21 – the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates and Ind AS 107 – Financial Instruments: Disclosures and Ind AS 7 - Statement of Cashflows relating to disclosure of supplier financing arrangements, applicable from April 1, 2025. The Company has assessed that there is no significant impact on its financial statements with respect to the amendments in Ind AS.

Note 2
Property, Plant and Equipment

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Land	Building	Plant & Equipment	Office Equipments	Furniture & Fixtures	Vehicles	Total
Gross carrying value							
As at 1st April, 2024	174.71	3,736.14	22,522.37	239.79	67.34	271.09	27,011.44
Additions	-	-	202.94	11.81	0.09	27.90	242.74
Disposals	-	-	(4.49)	-	-	(32.79)	(37.28)
As at 31st March, 2025	174.71	3,736.14	22,720.82	251.60	67.43	266.20	27,216.90
Additions	8.48	269.72	2,413.41	29.24	0.23	15.19	2,736.27
Disposals	-	(23.73)	(1,225.71)	(0.62)	-	(29.21)	(1,279.27)
Transfer (refer note no. 40)	-	(486.28)	(3,705.30)	-	-	-	(4,191.58)
As at 31st March, 2026	183.19	3,495.85	20,203.22	280.22	67.66	252.18	24,482.32
Accumulated Depreciation							
As at 1st April, 2024	-	1,416.69	14,054.71	209.86	54.61	218.44	15,954.31
Depreciation charged	-	119.09	936.65	12.77	6.21	17.25	1,091.97
Disposals	-	-	(1.80)	-	-	(30.96)	(32.76)
As at 31st March, 2025	-	1,535.78	14,989.56	222.63	60.82	204.73	17,013.52
Depreciation charged	-	118.98	1,313.02	13.22	1.60	10.25	1,457.07
Disposals	-	(16.03)	(989.42)	(0.37)	-	(23.27)	(1,029.09)
Transfer (refer note no. 40)	-	(283.88)	(3,348.38)	-	-	-	(3,632.26)
As at 31st March, 2026	-	1,354.86	11,964.78	235.48	62.42	191.71	13,809.24
Net carrying value							
As at 31st March, 2025	174.71	2,200.36	7,731.26	28.97	6.61	61.47	10,203.38
As at 31st March, 2026	183.19	2,140.99	8,238.44	44.74	5.24	60.47	10,673.08

Capital work in progress ageing schedule :

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Capital work in progress for the period of				Total
	Less than 1 Year	1 - 2 Years	2 - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	
31st March 2026					
Projects in progress	62.71	-	-	-	62.71
	62.71	-	-	-	62.71
31st March 2025					
Projects in progress	2,159.71	323.49	-	-	2,483.20
	2,159.71	323.49	-	-	2,483.20

Note 3
Right-of-use assets

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Leasehold Land	Total
Gross carrying value		
As at 1st April, 2024	86.70	86.70
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
As at 31st March, 2025	86.70	86.70
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
As at 31st March, 2026	86.70	86.70
Accumulated depreciation		
As at 1st April, 2024	14.16	14.16
Depreciation charged	2.84	2.84
Disposals	-	-
As at 31st March, 2025	17.00	17.00
Depreciation charged	3.15	3.15
Disposals	-	-
As at 31st March, 2026	20.15	20.15
Net Carrying Amount		
As at 31st March, 2025	69.70	69.70
As at 31st March, 2026	66.55	66.55

Leases - Company as a lessee

(a) Set out below, are the carrying amount of the company's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities and the movements during the period:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Lease Liability	Right-of-use Assets (Leasehold Land)
As at 1st April, 2024	-	72.54
Amortisation for the year	-	2.84
As at 31st March, 2025	-	69.70
Amortisation for the year	-	3.15
As at 31st March, 2026	-	66.55

(b) Set out below, are the amounts recognized in profit and loss:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
Amortisation expense of right-of-use assets	3.15	2.84
Interest expense on lease liability	-	-
Lease expense- Short term and lease of low value assets (refer note (ii) below)	22.34	70.10
	25.49	72.94

Notes:

(i) The Company has entered into various lease contract for land with lease terms between 30-99 years. The Company has option to renew at various time interval. The Company's obligation under its lease are secured by the lessor's title to the leased assets.

(ii) The Company also has certain leases of factories, office premises and equipment with lease term of 12 months or less and also has certain leases with low values. The Company applies the 'Short term leases' and 'Leases of low value assets' recognition exemption for these leases.

Note 4
Intangible assets

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Computer Software	Total
Gross carrying value		
As at 1st April, 2024	177.27	177.27
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
As at 31st March, 2025	177.27	177.27
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
As at 31st March, 2026	177.27	177.27
Accumulated depreciation		
As at 1st April, 2024	168.30	168.30
Depreciation charged	0.11	0.11
Disposals	-	-
As at 31st March, 2025	168.41	168.41
Depreciation charged	-	-
Disposals	-	-
As at 31st March, 2026	168.41	168.41
Net carrying value		
As at 31st March, 2025	8.86	8.86
As at 31st March, 2026	8.86	8.86

Note 5
Investments

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Investments valued at cost, fully paid up		
a. Investments in a subsidiary in India		
60,000 equity shares of Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited of ₹ 10 each (extent of holding 100.00%)	501.00	501.00
b. Investments in a subsidiary outside India		
35 equity shares of Orient Advanced Materials FZE of AED 1000 each (extent of holding 100.00%)	8.03	8.03
Total investments	509.03	509.03
Aggregate amount of quoted investments	-	-
Market value of quoted investments	-	-
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	509.03	509.03

Note 6
Loans

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Non - Current		
<u>Unsecured, considered good</u>		
To employees	0.44	4.37
To wholly-owned subsidiary companies	4,000.00	4,046.58
	4,000.44	4,050.95
Current		
To employees	7.83	8.60
Total loans	4,008.27	4,059.55

Disclosures for loans to subsidiaries u/s 186(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 and disclosure as per Regulation 34 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Name of the entity	Outstanding balances		Maximum balance outstanding during the year	
	31st March 2026	31st March 2025	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
Subsidiary company:				
Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited	4,000.00	4,000.00	4,000.00	4,000.00
Orient Advanced Materials FZE	-	46.58	-	46.58
	4,000.00	4,046.58	4,000.00	4,046.58

Note:

a) Above loans have been given for business purposes.

b) There are no outstanding loan given to any promoter, director, key managerial personnel and any officer of the Company.

Note 7

Other financial assets

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Non-current		
Term deposits with maturity of more than 12 months*	149.73	109.31
Security deposits	287.73	287.73
	437.46	397.04
Current		
Security deposits	7.64	33.96
Less: allowance for credit impaired	-	(18.00)
	7.64	15.96
Interest receivables	45.80	34.63
Others	-	23.00
	53.44	73.59
Total other financial assets	490.90	470.63

* under lien with banks against letter of credits and bank guarantees

Movement in expected credit loss:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Impairment allowance measured as per simplified approach:		
Loss allowance at the beginning of the reporting year	18.00	34.00
Changes in loss allowance	(18.00)	(16.00)
Loss allowance at the end of the reporting year	-	18.00

Note 8
Other assets

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Non-current		
Capital advances	18.66	-
Less: allowance for credit impaired	-	-
	18.66	-
Prepaid expenses	17.65	28.49
	36.31	28.49
Current		
Trade advances to suppliers	1,701.36	952.74
Less: allowance for credit impaired	(0.90)	-
	1,700.46	952.74
Prepaid expenses	97.78	68.41
Staff advances	2.88	5.19
Balance with government authorities	1,010.10	857.87
Gratuity fund balance (net)	-	19.12
Other advances	139.02	40.11
	2,950.24	1,943.44
Total other asset	2,986.55	1,971.93

Movement in provision for doubtful advances:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Provision at the beginning of the year	-	47.68
Add: Provision / (reversal) during the year	0.90	(47.68)
Provision at the end of the year	0.90	-

Note 9
Inventories

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Raw materials	4,095.52	3,643.18
Work-in-progress	987.24	356.35
Finished goods	3,922.91	4,076.33
Others	-	31.95
Stores and spares*	959.09	987.00
Packing materials	139.32	142.87
Total inventories	10,104.08	9,237.68

*net of provision for non-moving stock of ₹ 697.24 (previous year ₹ 515.04) lacs

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense during the year as disclosed in note no. 24 & 25 includes Nil (previous year - ₹ 67.40 lacs) towards written down of inventories.

Note 10
Trade receivables

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Unsecured, considered good	7,513.03	7,668.05
Unsecured, significant increase in credit risk	136.70	52.92
Unsecured, Undisputed – credit impaired	40.88	136.36
Unsecured, considered doubtful	537.21	331.45
Less: Loss allowance for doubtful debts	(607.61)	(482.54)
Total trade receivables	7,620.21	7,706.24

a. Movement in the expected credit loss allowances :

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Loss allowance at the beginning of the year	482.54	604.23
Add: additional loss allowance provision during the year	125.07	-
Less: reversal against bad debts	-	(121.69)
Less: reversal against provision/realisation	-	-
Loss allowance at the end of the year	607.61	482.54

10.1 Trade receivables ageing schedule:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particular	Not due	Outstanding for the following period from due date of payments					Total
		< 6 Months	6 months- 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	> 3 years	
31st March, 2026							
Undisputed, considered good	2,152.20	4,871.84	488.99	-	-	-	7,513.03
Undisputed having significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	129.45	7.25	-	136.70
Undisputed trade receivables- credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	40.88	40.88
Disputed trade receivables- credit impaired	-	-	1.90	238.03	115.25	182.03	537.21
	2,152.20	4,871.84	490.89	367.48	122.50	222.91	8,227.82
Less: Allowance for credit losses							(607.61)
Total trade receivables							7,620.21

Particular	Not due	Outstanding for the following period from due date of payments					Total
		< 6 Months	6 months- 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	> 3 years	
31st March, 2025							
Undisputed, considered good	3,723.42	3,443.98	500.65	-	-	-	7,668.05
Undisputed having significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	39.09	13.83	-	52.92
Undisputed trade receivables- credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	136.36	136.36
Disputed trade receivables- credit impaired	-	-	1.26	112.32	65.75	152.12	331.45
	3,723.42	3,443.98	501.91	151.41	79.58	288.48	8,188.78
Less: Allowance for credit losses							(482.54)
Total trade receivables							7,706.24

Note 11
Cash and cash equivalents

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Balances with banks	382.05	288.68
Cash on hand	7.32	4.24
Other term deposits*	167.85	76.05
Total cash and cash equivalents	557.22	368.97

* under lien with banks against letter of credits and bank guarantees

Note 12
Other bank balances

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Margin money deposits*	114.04	66.00
Unpaid dividend accounts**	20.15	29.55
Total other bank balances	134.19	95.55

* under lien with banks against letter of credits and bank guarantees

**There are no amounts due and outstanding to be credited to the Investor Education and Protection Fund as at the balance sheet date.

Note 13
Income tax

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Current income tax assets	493.35	465.64
Current income tax liabilities	(260.57)	(74.53)
Net balances	232.78	391.11
The gross movement in the current tax asset / (liability)		
Net current income tax asset at the beginning	391.11	246.82
Income tax paid (net of refunds)	683.41	556.60
Income tax expense	(841.73)	(412.31)
Income tax on other comprehensive income	-	-
Net current income tax asset at the end	232.78	391.11
A reconciliation of the income tax provision to the amount computed by applying the statutory income tax rate to the profit before income tax is as below:		
Profit before tax	2,613.93	1,290.50
Applicable income tax rate	25.17%	25.17%
	657.92	324.82
Effect of expenses not allowed for tax purpose	195.16	83.70
Effect of income not considered for tax purpose	-	-
	195.16	83.70
Income tax expense charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss	853.08	408.52

Note 14
Equity share capital

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
<u>Authorised</u>		
14,00,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 1 each	1,400.00	1,400.00
4,00,000 6% Redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100 each	400.00	400.00
	1,800.00	1,800.00
<u>Issued, Subscribed and Paid up</u>		
11,96,39,200 equity shares of ₹ 1 each	1,196.39	1,196.39
20,000 shares forfeited (amounts paid up)	0.13	0.13
Total equity share capital	1,196.52	1,196.52

a. Equity shares issued as fully paid-up bonus shares or otherwise than by cash during the preceding five years: Nil

b. Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year :

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As on 31st March, 2026		As on 31st March, 2025	
	No. of shares	₹	No. of shares	₹
Equity shares:				
Balance at the beginning of the year	11,96,39,200	1,196.39	11,96,39,200	1,196.39
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at end of the year	11,96,39,200	1,196.39	11,96,39,200	1,196.39

c. Shares held by promoters and promoter group :

Name of Shareholder	As at 31st March 2026		As at 31st March 2025		Change (%)
	Nos.	% of holding	Nos.	% of holding	
Cura Global Holdings Limited	2,83,89,494	23.73	2,83,89,494	23.73	-
Bombay Minerals Limited	2,83,82,453	23.72	3,20,99,953	26.83	(3.11)
Manan Chetan Shah	68,21,507	5.70	68,21,507	5.70	-
Ashapura International Limited	99,95,136	8.35	59,00,000	4.93	3.42
Chetan Navnitlal Shah	25,78,860	2.16	25,78,860	2.16	-
Himani Chetan Shah	1,65,315	0.14	1,65,315	0.14	-
Chaitali Nishit Salot	1,11,000	0.09	1,11,000	0.09	-
Name of Shareholder	As at 31st March 2025		As at 31st March 2024		Change (%)
	Nos.	% of holding	Nos.	% of holding	
Bombay Minerals Limited	3,20,99,953	26.83	3,79,99,953	31.76	(4.93)
Cura Global Holdings Limited	2,83,89,494	23.73	2,83,89,494	23.73	-
Manan Chetan Shah	68,21,507	5.70	68,21,507	5.70	-
Ashapura International Limited	59,00,000	4.93	-	-	4.93
Chetan Navnitlal Shah	25,78,860	2.16	25,78,860	2.16	-
Himani Chetan Shah	1,65,315	0.14	1,65,315	0.14	-
Chaitali Nishit Salot	1,11,000	0.09	1,11,000	0.09	-

d. Shares held by each shareholder holding more than five percent shares :

Name of Shareholder	As at 31st March 2026		As at 31st March 2025	
	Nos.	% of holding	Nos.	% of holding
Cura Global Holdings Limited	2,83,89,494	23.73	2,83,89,494	23.73
Bombay Minerals Limited	2,83,82,453	23.72	3,20,99,953	26.83
Legends Global Opportunities (Singapore) Pte Limited	1,04,68,010	8.75	1,04,68,010	8.75
Ashapura International Limited	99,95,136	8.35	59,00,000	4.93
Manan Chetan Shah	68,21,507	5.70	68,21,507	5.70

e. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares :

The company has one class of equity shares having a face value of ₹ 1 each ranking pari pasu in all respect including voting rights and entitlement to dividend. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. Dividend proposed by the board of directors and approved by the shareholders in the annual general meeting is paid to the shareholders.

Note 15
Other equity

Particulars	(Indian ₹ in lacs)	
	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
<u>General reserve</u>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	8,979.44	8,979.44
Add: transferred from retained earnings	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	8,979.44	8,979.44
<u>Capital reserve</u>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	807.72	807.72
Addition during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	807.72	807.72
<u>Retained earnings</u>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	17,052.03	16,389.64
Profit for the year	1,868.21	961.49
Appropriations		
Transfer to general reserve	-	-
Final dividend, declared and paid during the year	(299.10)	(299.10)
Balance at the end of the year	18,621.14	17,052.03
<u>Other components of equity</u>		
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans (net of tax)	(110.54)	(100.53)
	(110.54)	(100.53)
Total other equity	28,297.76	26,738.66

General reserve: The Company has transferred a portion of the net profit of the Company before declaring dividend to general reserve pursuant to the earlier provisions of Companies Act, 1956. Mandatory transfer to general reserve is not required under Companies Act, 2013 and the Company can optionally transfer any amount from the surplus of profit or loss to the General Reserve.

Capital reserve: The Company recognise profit or loss on purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of its own equity instruments to capital reserve. The reserves is utilised in accordance with the provisions of section 69 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Retained earnings: Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.

Remeasurement of defined benefit plans: The Company has recognised remeasurement gains/(loss) on defined benefit plans in OCI. These changes are accumulated within the OCI reserve within other equity. The Company transfers amount from this reserve to retained earning when the relevant obligations are derecognized.

Note 16
Borrowings

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Non-current		
Secured		
Working capital term loan from financial institutions	630.76	1,073.16
	630.76	1,073.16
Current		
Secured		
Working capital finance from banks	1,337.41	3,030.43
Current maturities of long term debt	442.71	447.99
	1,780.12	3,478.42
Total borrowings	2,410.88	4,551.58

Note:

- 1) Working capital finance from banks is secured by first charge on all current assets of the Company, both present and future, including hypothecation of raw materials, semi finished goods and finished goods including goods in transit, books debts and further secured by equitable mortgage of certain immovable properties of the Company.
- 2) Working capital term loans from financial institutions is secured by mortgage of certain immovable properties of the Company, a wholly-owned subsidiary company and an associate company, including hypothecation of all property, plant and equipment of a wholly-owned subsidiary company and further secured by corporate guarantee of a wholly-owned subsidiary company and an associate company.

Note 17
Provisions

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Non-Current		
Provision for leave encashment	137.04	80.76
Gratuity fund obligations (net)	27.02	-
Provision for litigation*	37.68	37.68
Provision for cost of mines restoration**	8.12	8.13
	209.86	126.57
Current		
Provision for leave encashment	38.01	25.70
Gratuity fund obligations (net)	97.78	-
	135.79	25.70
Total provisions	345.65	152.27

*The Company has received certain demand towards custom duty on account of mis-classification on import of coal, although the Company has availed the benefit of exemption notification and paid custom duty at a lower rate. Matter is in appeal but the Company has decided to make provision for the same of ₹ 37.68 lacs.

**The Company has made provision towards mines closure obligations based on estimated outflow of resources based on past experience.

Note 18
Deferred tax liabilities

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
On account of timing differences in		
Depreciation on property, plant & equipment	1,253.97	1,440.28
MAT credit entitlement	(206.66)	(206.66)
Provision for doubtful debts	(153.15)	(125.97)
Disallowances u/s 43B of the Income Tax Act	(129.13)	(73.95)
Total deferred tax liabilities	765.03	1,033.70

Note 19
Trade payables

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Trade payables		
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (Refer note no. 36)	75.86	190.17
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	4,031.48	3,019.78
Total trade payables	4,107.34	3,209.95

19.1 Trade Payables ageing schedule is as follows:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particular	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
		1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	> 3 years	
31st March, 2026						
Outstanding dues to micro and small enterprises	69.47	6.39	-	-	-	75.86
Others	3,586.33	445.15	-	-	-	4,031.48
Total....	3,655.80	451.54	-	-	-	4,107.34
31st March, 2025						
Outstanding dues to micro and small enterprises	181.58	8.59	-	-	-	190.17
Others	2,584.57	435.01	0.20	-	-	3,019.78
Total....	2,766.15	443.60	0.20	-	-	3,209.95

Note 20
Other financial liabilities

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Non-Current		
Interest free deposit	75.00	-
	75.00	-
Current		
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	7.63	10.80
Capital creditors	20.38	110.04
Unpaid dividend	20.15	29.55
	48.16	150.39
Total other financial liabilities	123.16	150.39

Note 21
Other liabilities

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Current		
Advances from customers	171.67	156.06
Statutory liabilities	320.59	279.20
Other liabilities	65.00	65.00
Deferred Government Grants (EPCG)	27.76	42.50
Total other liabilities	585.02	542.76

Note 22
Revenue from operations

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Revenue from sale of products:		
Export sales	22,819.06	13,080.56
Domestic sales	16,043.58	19,344.54
	38,862.64	32,425.10
Sale of services:		
Job work income	666.29	-
Other operating revenue:		
Sale of power from wind mills operations	627.22	576.69
Export incentives and credits	337.51	167.58
Other operating income	45.32	93.74
Total revenue from operations	40,538.98	33,263.11

Note 23
Other income

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Interest receipts	433.97	351.48
Gain on foreign currency fluctuation	708.86	254.10
Sundry balances/excess provisions written back (net)	-	29.62
Profit on sale of property, plant & equipment (net)	95.08	4.70
Insurance claim receipts	118.40	6.83
Miscellaneous income	102.05	27.21
Total other income	1,458.36	673.94

Note 24
Cost of materials consumed

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Raw material consumed		
Opening stock	3,643.18	2,320.52
Add: Purchases	13,628.12	11,349.79
Less: closing stock	(4,095.52)	(3,643.18)
	13,175.78	10,027.13
Packing material consumed		
Opening stock	142.87	183.98
Add: Purchases	638.26	556.03
Less: closing stock	(139.32)	(142.87)
	641.81	597.14
Royalty expenses	445.15	574.91
Mining expenses	261.92	284.01
Total cost of materials consumed	14,524.66	11,483.19

Note 25
Changes in inventories

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Closing Stock		
Work-in-progress	987.24	356.35
Finished goods	3,922.91	4,076.33
Others	-	31.95
	4,910.15	4,464.63
Opening Stock		
Work-in-progress	356.35	902.73
Finished goods	4,076.33	3,094.34
Others	31.95	30.83
	4,464.63	4,027.90
Total changes in inventories	(445.52)	(436.73)

Note 26
Employee benefits expense

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Salaries, wages and bonus	2,194.26	2,100.34
Directors' remuneration	205.94	148.38
Contribution to provident fund and other funds	117.85	75.42
Gratuity expenses	44.10	39.49
Staff welfare expenses	197.67	148.28
Total employee benefits expense	2,759.82	2,511.91

Note 27
Finance costs

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Interest:		
- Banks	248.63	487.59
- Others	24.86	9.57
	273.49	497.16
Other borrowing cost	60.28	70.35
Total finance costs	333.77	567.51

Note 28
Depreciation and amortization expenses

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Property, plant and equipment	1,457.07	1,091.97
Right-of-use assets	3.15	2.84
Intangible assets	-	0.11
Total depreciation and amortization	1,460.22	1,094.92

Note 29
Other expenses

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
<u>Manufacturing expenses</u>		
Power and fuel	3,808.92	4,154.68
Machinery repairs and maintenance	341.05	351.33
Research & development expenses	110.00	100.00
Stores and spares	807.37	1,003.93
Job Work Charges	1,225.15	675.92
Other expenses	702.31	520.16
	6,994.80	6,806.02
<u>Selling and distribution expenses</u>		
Sales commission	100.85	65.57
Export freight, insurance and other selling expenses	3,361.63	3,145.80
	3,462.48	3,211.37
<u>Administrative and other expenses</u>		
Rent	22.34	70.10
Travelling and conveyance expenses	365.59	359.47
Insurance premiums	128.45	97.80
Repairs to buildings and others	44.78	31.99
Legal and professional fees	96.18	129.26
Corporate social responsibility expenses	27.58	29.23
Donations	1.74	1.63
Payment to auditors	28.99	30.04
Directors' sitting fees	6.80	6.40
Bank discount, commission and other charges	152.31	95.88
Rates and taxes	66.22	26.51
Software expenses	141.47	36.26
Loss on Impairment of Property, plant & equipment	182.39	-
Provision for doubtful receivables, deposits and advances	142.10	-
Miscellaneous expenses	159.54	241.45
	1,566.48	1,156.02
Total other expenses	12,023.76	11,173.41

Expenditure towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities

1. Amount required to be spent u/s 135(5) of the Companies Act 2013	27.58	28.85
2. Amount spent in cash during the year		
i) Construction/acquisition of any asset	-	-
ii) On purposes other than (i) above	27.58	29.23
3. Shortfall/(excess) at the end of the year	-	(0.38)
4. Nature of CSR activities	Education, health, wellness, environmental sustainability.	
5. Details of related party transactions in relation to CSR expenditure to Kutch Navnirman Trust & Ashapura Foundation	27.58	28.50

Payments to auditors

Audit fees (including quarterly review)	17.50	17.50
Tax audit fees	5.25	5.25
Other services	5.15	6.60
Reimbursement of expenses	1.09	0.69
	28.99	30.04

Note 30
Earning per share

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Profit for the year (₹ in lacs)	1,868.21	961.49
Weighted average number of shares (Nos)	11,96,39,200	11,96,39,200
Earnings per share (Basic and Diluted) ₹	1.56	0.80
Face value per share ₹	1.00	1.00

Note 31
Fair value measurement
Financial instruments by category

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	31st March 2026				31st March 2025			
	FVPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	Fair Value	FVPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	Fair Value
Financial assets								
Investments	-	-	509.03	509.03	-	-	509.03	509.03
Trade receivables	-	-	7,620.21	7,620.21	-	-	7,706.24	7,706.24
Loans - non- current	-	-	4,000.44	4,000.44	-	-	4,050.95	4,050.95
Loans- current	-	-	7.83	7.83	-	-	8.60	8.60
Other financial assets - non-current	-	-	437.46	437.46	-	-	397.04	397.04
Other financial assets - current	-	-	53.44	53.44	-	-	73.59	73.59
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	557.22	557.22	-	-	368.97	368.97
Other bank balances	-	-	134.19	134.19	-	-	95.55	95.55
Total financial assets	-	-	13,319.81	13,319.81	-	-	13,209.97	13,209.97
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings								
Long term borrowings	-	-	630.76	630.76	-	-	1,073.16	1,073.16
Short term borrowings	-	-	1,780.12	1,780.12	-	-	3,478.42	3,478.42
Trade payables	-	-	4,107.34	4,107.34	-	-	3,209.95	3,209.95
Other financial liabilities - non-current	-	-	75.00	75.00	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities -current	-	-	48.16	48.16	-	-	150.39	150.39
Total financial liabilities	-	-	6,641.37	6,641.37	-	-	7,911.92	7,911.92

Note 32
Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit Risk	Cash and cash equivalents, financial assets and trade receivables	Credit ratings/ Aging analysis, credit evaluation	Diversification of counter parties, investment limits, check on counter parties basis credit rating and number of overdue days
Liquidity Risk	Other liabilities	Maturity analysis	Maintaining sufficient cash/cash equivalents and marketable securities
Market Risk	Financial assets and liabilities not denominated in INR	Sensitivity analysis	Constant evaluation and proper risk management policies

The Board provides guiding principles for overall risk management as well as policies covering specific areas such as foreign exchange risk, credit risk and investment of surplus liquidity.

A. Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of a counter party default on its contractual obligation resulting into a financial loss to the Company. The maximum exposure of the financial assets represents trade receivables, work in progress and receivables from group companies and others.

Customer credit risk is managed by the Company through established policy and procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally carrying upto 90 days credit terms. The Company has a detailed review mechanism of overdue customer receivables at various levels within organisation to ensure proper attention and focus for realisation. Trade receivables are consisting of a large number of customers. Export receivables are backed by forward contract. In respect of trade receivables, the Company uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss allowances for trade receivables in accordance with the expected credit loss (ECL) policy of the Company.

B. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet its commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial assets quickly at close to its fair value.

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and banking facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

Contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities are as follows:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Less than or equal to one year	more than one year	Total
As on 31st March 2026			
Financial liabilities			
Long term borrowings	-	630.76	630.76
Short term borrowings	1,780.12	-	1,780.12
Trade payables	4,107.34	-	4,107.34
Other financial liabilities	48.16	75.00	123.16
Total financial liabilities	5,935.62	705.76	6,641.37
As on 31st March 2025			
Financial Liabilities			
Long term borrowings	-	1,073.16	1,073.16
Short term borrowings	3,478.42	-	3,478.42
Trade payables	3,209.95	-	3,209.95
Other financial liabilities	150.39	-	150.39
Total financial liabilities	6,838.76	1,073.16	7,911.92

C. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Such changes in the values of financial instruments may result from changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates, credit, liquidity and other market changes.

The Company has several balances in foreign currency and consequently, the Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk. The Company evaluates exchange rate exposure arising from foreign currency transactions and follows established risk management policies.

a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates. The Company manages its interest rate risk by having a balanced portfolio of fixed and variable rate loans and borrowings.

b) Interest rate sensitivity:

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings affected. With all other variables held constant, the Company's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Increase/decrease in basis points	Effect of profit before tax
March 31, 2026	+100	24.11
	-100	(24.11)
March 31, 2025	+100	45.52
	-100	(45.52)

c) Exposure in foreign currency:

The Company deals with foreign currency loan given, trade payables, trade receivables etc. and is therefore exposed to foreign exchange risk associated with exchange rate movement.

The Company operates internationally and portion of the business is transacted in several currencies and consequently the Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk through its sales in overseas and purchases from overseas suppliers in various foreign currencies.

Exposure in foreign currency -Hedged: The Company has no hedged foreign currency exposure at the end of the relevant period.

Unhedged:

(respective foreign currencies in lacs)

Currency	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
Receivables		
USD	59.54	48.49
EURO	6.58	6.30
Payables		
USD	1.36	1.11
EURO	-	-

d) Foreign currency sensitivity

The Company is mainly exposed to changes in USD and EURO. The below table demonstrates the sensitivity to a 5% increase or decrease in the USD and EURO against INR, with all other variables held constant. The sensitivity analysis is prepared on the net unhedged exposure of the Company as at reporting date. 5% represents management's assessment of reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rate.

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Currency	Change in rate	Effect of profit before tax
March 31, 2026	USD	+5%	275.34
	USD	-5%	(275.34)
March 31, 2025	USD	+5%	202.74
	USD	-5%	(202.74)
March 31, 2026	EURO	+5%	35.86
	EURO	-5%	(35.86)
March 31, 2025	EURO	+5%	29.08
	EURO	-5%	(29.08)

Note 33

Capital management

The Company's capital management objective is to maximise the total shareholders' returns by optimising cost of capital through flexible capital structure that supports growth. Further, the Company ensures optimal credit risk profile to maintain/enhance credit rating.

The Company determines the amount of capital required on the basis of annual operating plan and long-term strategic plans. The funding requirements are met through internal accruals and long-term/short-term borrowings. The Company monitors the capital structure on the basis of net debt to equity ratio and maturity profile of the overall debt portfolio of the company.

The following table summarises the capital of the Company:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Total debt	2,410.88	4,551.58
Total equity	29,494.28	27,935.18
Total debt to equity ratio	0.08	0.16

Dividends

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Dividends recognised in the financial statements		
Final dividend for the year ended 31st March of ₹ 0.25 (0.25)	299.10	299.10
Dividends not recognised in the financial statements		
The Board of Directors have recommended the payment of final dividend of ₹ 0.35 (₹ 0.25 in the previous year) per share for the financial year 2025-26. The proposed dividend is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing general meeting	418.74	299.10

Note 34 (A)
Capital and Other commitments

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

No.	Particulars	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
1	Estimated value of contracts remaining to be executed	155.23	-

Note 34 (B)
Contingent Liabilities

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

No.	Particulars	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
1	Power claim matters related to the year 1995 decided in favour of the Company by the District Court (Civil Court, Senior Division, Porbandar) but Paschim Gujarat Vidyut Company Limited has gone into further appeal before Hon'ble High Court of Gujarat*	326.55	326.55
2	Demand (including interest on Tax demand) raised by the Income tax authorities during the assessment process, being disputed by the Company**	2,157.12	2,133.83
3	Demand from Joint Commissioner Customs for payment of differential customs duty***	18.42	18.42
4	Demand from District Minerals Foundation and National Mineral Extraction Trust****	167.51	160.53
5	Disputed liabilities of Goods & Service Tax	327.33	311.39
6	Disputed liabilities of Gujarat Industrial Development Corporation	274.94	-
7	Guarantees given to various authorities	1,012.15	897.55
8	Interest on differential customs duty demand***	Amount to be determined	
9	Interest unpaid contribution to District Minerals Foundation and National Mineral Extraction Trust****	Amount to be determined	
10	Cases pending with Labour Courts*****	Amount to be determined	
*	In view of decision already in favour of Company by the District Court (Civil Court, Senior Division, Porbandar) and based on discussion with the solicitors, the management believes that the Company has a strong chance and hence no provision there against is considered necessary.		
**	Demand raised by Income tax authorities (during the assessment process for A.Y.2009-10, 2011-12, 2012-13, 2014-15, 2015-16 and 2017-18) substantially pertains to dispute on determination of inter segment price for claiming tax holiday benefits on sale of power which are disallowed / disputed by such authorities. Further, dispute on account of allowance of 80-IA benefit due to late filing of return of income pertaining to A.Y.2015-16. The Management believes that its position is likely to be upheld in the appellate process.		
***	Demand of differential custom duty is raised by the Office of Joint Commissioner Customs against few import shipment of coal. In some cases many parties are involved. Few matters are pending with larger bench of Supreme Court and few matters are pending with CESTAT.		
****	Demand raised by the Office of District Mineral Foundation and the Geology and Mining Department (District Mineral Foundation (Cell)) against DMF, NMET and interest on unpaid DMF and NMET. The petition is filed by the Company against such demand which is pending in the Honorable Gujarat High Court and the management believes that the decision will come in favor of the Company.		
*****	In view of large number of cases, it is not practicable to disclose individual details of all the cases. On the basis of current status of individual case and as per legal advice obtained by the Company, wherever applicable, the Company is of view that no provision is required in respect of these cases.		

Note 35
Employee benefits - Gratuity Funded Scheme

Liability for employee gratuity has been determined by an actuary, appointed for the purpose, in conformity with the principles set out in the Indian Accounting Standard 19 the details of which are as hereunder. The Company makes contributions to approved gratuity fund.

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
Amount recognised in balance sheet		
Present value of funded defined benefit obligation	625.95	446.59
Fair value of plan assets	501.15	465.71
Net funded obligation/(assets)	124.80	(19.12)
Expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss		
Current service cost	45.52	34.80
Interest on net defined benefit asset	(0.06)	4.93
Past Service Cost	112.13	-
Total expense charged to profit and loss Account	157.59	39.73
Amount recorded as other comprehensive income		
Remeasurements during the period due to:		
Return on plan assets, excluding interest income	(12.67)	14.90
Actuarial gain/(loss) on obligation for the period	26.04	33.72
Amount recognised in OCI outside profit & loss account	13.37	48.62
Reconciliation of net liability/(asset)		
Opening net defined benefit liability/(asset)	(19.12)	68.45
Expense charged to profit and loss account	157.59	39.73
Amount recognised outside profit and loss account	13.37	(48.62)
Liability in/(out)	0.50	(10.00)
Employer contributions	(27.54)	(68.68)
Closing net defined benefit liability/(asset)	124.80	(19.12)
Movement in benefit obligation		
Opening of defined benefit obligation	446.59	472.26
Current service cost	45.52	34.80
Past service cost	112.13	-
Interest on defined benefit obligation	21.97	22.58
Liability in/(out)	0.50	(10.00)
Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from change in financial assumptions	26.04	(33.72)
Benefits paid	(26.80)	(39.33)
Closing of defined benefit obligation	625.95	446.59
Movement in plan assets		
Opening fair value of plan assets	465.71	403.82
Interest income	22.03	17.65
Contributions by employer	27.54	68.68
Benefits paid	(26.80)	(39.33)
Return on plan assets, excluding interest income	12.67	14.89
Closing of defined benefit obligation	501.15	465.71
Principal actuarial assumptions		
Discount Rate	7.67%	6.85%
Salary escalation rate p.a.	8.00%	8.00%

Sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is as shown below:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

No.	Sensitivity Level	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
1	Discount Rate - 1% Increase	(45.36)	(29.66)
2	Discount Rate - 1% Decrease	53.83	35.43
3	Salary - 1% Increase	53.12	34.66
4	Salary - 1% Decrease	(45.62)	(29.62)
5	Employee Turnover - 1% Increase	(2.63)	(3.67)
6	Employee Turnover - 1% Decrease	2.85	4.14

The following are the expected future benefit payments for the defined benefit plan:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

No.	Particulars	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
1	Within the next 12 months (next annual reporting period)	204.18	154.00
2	Between 2 and 5 years	122.84	106.61
3	Beyond 5 years	1,147.54	650.17

Note 36

Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 are provided as under for the year 2025-26, to the extent the Company has received intimation from the suppliers regarding their status under the Act.

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
1	Principal amount due to micro and small enterprise	75.86	190.17
2	Interest due on above	-	-

Note 37

As per Ind AS 24, Disclosure of transactions with related parties (as identified by the management) as defined in Ind AS are given below:

Sr No.	Particulars	Country of Incorporation
A	Subsidiary:	
1	Orient Advanced Materials FZE A wholly-owned subsidiary	UAE
2	Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited A wholly-owned subsidiary	India
B	Enterprises having significant influence over the company being owned and controlled by principal shareholder, entities owned/controlled by such enterprise and entities in which the relatives of the KMP are interested/(Associates):	
3	Aeonx Digital Solutions Private Limited	India
4	Aeonx Digital Technology Limited	India
5	Ashapura Arcadia Logistics Private Limited	India
6	Ashapura International Limited	India
7	Ashapura Midgulf NV	Belgium
8	Ashapura Minechem Limited	India
9	Ashapura Perfoclay Limited	India
10	Ashapura Foundation	India
11	Avighna Eco Solutions LLP	India
12	Bombay Minerals Limited	India
13	Kutch Navnirman Trust	India
14	Manico Minerals International Private Limited	India
15	Manico Resources Private Limited	India
16	Minotech Resources LLP	India
C	Key Managerial Personnel	
17	Mr. Manan Chetan Shah	Managing Director
18	Mr. Manubhai Rathod	Whole Time Director - Operations
19	Mr. Hemul Shah	Non-Executive Director
20	Mrs. Chaitali Salot	Non-Executive Director
21	Mr. Harish Motiwala	Independent Director
22	Mr. Ketan Shrimankar	Independent Director
23	Mrs. Akhila Samdaria (w.e.f 10th November, 2025)	Independent Director
24	Mrs. Neeta Shah (upto 10th November, 2025)	Independent Director
25	Mr. Vikash Khemka	Chief Financial Officer
26	Mrs. Seema Sharma	Company Secretary

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Nature of transaction	Relationship	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
1. Sale of materials			
Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	126.32	10.81
Ashapura Perfoclay Limited	Associate	91.30	52.48
Ashapura International Limited	Associate	560.60	480.86
Ashapura Midgulf NV	Associate	-	15.74
Manico Minerals International Private Limited	Associate	4.34	-
Avighna Eco Solutions LLP	Associate	-	0.06
Bombay Minerals Limited	Associate	-	546.49
Orient Advanced Materials FZE	Subsidiary	5,669.64	945.00
Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited	Subsidiary	1,531.24	1,029.36
Total..		7,983.44	3,080.79
2. Sale of property, plant and equipment			
Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	0.27	1.36
Ashapura International Limited	Associate	48.22	-
Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited	Subsidiary	-	2.86
Total..		48.49	4.22
3. Purchase of materials			
Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	59.68	73.62
Ashapura International Limited	Associate	3.63	4.27
Ashapura Perfoclay Limited	Associate	-	0.51
Ashapura Midgulf NV	Associate	-	6.23
Avighna Eco Solution LLP	Associate	131.10	65.19
Bombay Minerals Limited	Associate	2,617.14	1,261.37
Minotech Resources LLP	Associate	-	0.30
Manico Resources Private Limited	Associate	-	2.79
Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited	Subsidiary	8,462.33	5,355.55
Total..		11,273.88	6,769.83
4. Purchase of property, plant and equipment			
Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	1.50	-
Bombay Minerals Limited	Associate	13.69	5.16
Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited	Subsidiary	-	36.60
Total..		15.19	41.76
5. Rent paid			
Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	0.30	0.30
Bombay Minerals Limited	Associate	3.00	3.00
Minotech Resources LLP	Associate	1.35	1.80
Total..		4.65	5.10

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Nature of transaction	Relationship	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
6. Interest receipts			
Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited	Subsidiary	400.00	308.49
Orient Advanced Materials FZE	Subsidiary	0.45	4.27
Total..		400.45	312.77
7. Job work charges			
Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited	Subsidiary	1,190.86	672.23
8. Purchase of services			
Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	-	60.85
Ashapura International Limited	Associate	-	38.94
Aeonx Digital Solutions Private Limited	Associate	-	0.39
Aeonx Digital Technology Limited	Associate	62.08	53.13
Total..		62.08	153.31
9. Sale of services			
Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	3.66	3.12
10. Job work income			
Bombay Minerals Limited	Associate	483.83	-
Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited	Subsidiary	175.81	-
Total..		659.64	-
11. Guarantee Commission paid			
Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	12.74	16.84
Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited	Subsidiary	12.74	16.84
Total..		25.48	33.69
12. Research & Development expenses paid			
Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	110.00	100.00
13. Corporate social responsibility expenses			
Kutch Navnirman Trust	Associate	15.00	28.50
Ashapura Foundation	Associate	12.58	-
Total..		27.58	28.50
14. Reimbursement of expenses			
Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	100.77	43.46

Outstanding balances :

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Nature of transaction	Relationship	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
1. Trade receivables			
Orient Advanced Materials FZE	Subsidiary	1,248.61	21.04
2. Trade payables			
Bombay Minerals Limited	Associate	913.96	279.80
Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited	Subsidiary	-	331.84
Total..		913.96	611.65
3. Other payables			
Ashapura Arcadia Logistics Private Limited	Associate	65.00	65.00
4. Trade advances to suppliers			
Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited	Subsidiary	511.65	-
5. Loan receivables			
Orient Advanced Materials FZE	Subsidiary	-	46.58
Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited	Subsidiary	4,000.00	4,000.00
Total..		4,000.00	4,046.58

Key Managerial Personnel and relatives
1. Remuneration (including contribution to PF and other funds)

Mr. Manan Shah	Managing Director	155.92	100.25
Mr. Manubhai Rathod	Whole Time Director - Operations	50.02	48.13
Others		49.41	44.70
Total..		255.35	193.08

2. Sitting fees

Mr. Hemul Shah	Non-Executive Director	1.60	1.20
Mrs. Chaitali Salot	Non-Executive Director	1.00	1.00
Mr. Harish Motiwala	Independent Director	1.60	1.60
Mr. Ketan Shrimankar	Independent Director	1.60	1.60
Mrs. Neeta Shah	Independent Director	0.50	1.00
Mrs. Akhila Samdaria	Independent Director	0.50	-
Total..		6.80	6.40

3. Reimbursement of expenses

Mr. Manan Shah	Managing Director	6.60	6.60
Mr. Manubhai Rathod	Whole Time Director - Operations	6.60	6.60
Mr. Vikash Khemka	Chief Financial Officer	5.70	5.70
Mrs. Seema Sharma	Company Secretary	2.40	2.40
Total..		21.30	21.30

4. Dividend paid

Promoters and Promoters Controlled Entities		190.17	190.17
Other Key Managerial Personnels		0.03	0.03
Total..		190.20	190.20

Note 38
Segment reporting

For management purposes, the Company is organised into business units based on its products and services and has two reportable segments, as follows:

a) Alumina Refractories & Monolithics products & bauxite ores: Alumina Refractories & Monolithics products manufactures calcined bauxite, fused aluminium oxide abrasive grains and low cement castables which are mainly consumed in steel plants. Plant grade bauxite ores are captively consumed at the plant and Non plant grade bauxite ores are sold in the market.

b) Power generation: The Company has a thermal power plant, furnace oil based power plant and windmills. Power generated from thermal power plant and furnace oil based power plant is captively consumed at the plant and power generated from windmills is sold to the respective state power distribution companies.

No operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

The Executive Management Committee monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on profit or loss and is measured consistently with profit or loss in the financial statements. The Company's financing (including finance costs and finance income) and income taxes are managed on a Company basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Segment Revenues, Results and Other Information	Alumina Refractories, Monolithics Products & Bauxite Ores		Power Generation		Total	
	2025-2026	2024-2025	2025-2026	2024-2025	2025-2026	2024-2025
REVENUE						
External revenue	39,887.38	32,686.29	651.60	576.82	40,538.98	33,263.11
Inter Segment revenue	-	-	-	976.79	-	976.79
Total	39,887.38	32,686.29	651.60	1,553.61	40,538.98	34,239.90
Less: Elimination- Inter Segment revenue	-	-	-	(976.79)	-	(976.79)
Total revenue	39,887.38	32,686.29	651.60	576.82	40,538.98	33,263.11
SEGMENT RESULTS	4,567.91	3,032.87	(432.76)	9.54	4,135.15	3,042.41
Less: Unallocable expenditure/(income) net of unallocable income/expenditure					1,187.45	1,184.39
Operating Profit					2,947.70	1,858.02
Less: Exceptional Item					169.28	-
Less: Interest Expenses					333.77	567.51
Profit before tax					2,444.65	1,290.50
Less: Tax expenses					576.44	329.01
Net Profit after tax					1,868.21	961.49

Segment Assets and Liabilities

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Alumina Refractories, Monolithics Products & Bauxite Ores		Power Generation		Total	
	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Segment Assets	29,249.81	28,040.43	2,698.62	3,797.69	31,948.42	31,838.12
Unallocated Corporate Assets	-	-	-	-	6,143.50	5,812.24
Total Assets	29,249.81	28,040.43	2,698.62	3,797.69	38,091.93	37,650.36
Segment Liabilities	4,650.39	3,194.97	418.09	440.50	5,068.47	3,635.47
Unallocated Corporate Liabilities					3,529.17	6,079.71
Total Liabilities	4,650.39	3,194.97	418.09	440.50	8,597.65	9,715.18
Capital Expenditure	315.78	2,399.51	-	-	315.78	2,399.51
Depreciation	844.50	754.63	615.72	340.29	1,460.22	1,094.92

Revenue From External Customers

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
India	17,719.92	20,182.55
Outside India	22,819.06	13,080.56
Total revenue as per statement of profit & loss	40,538.98	33,263.11

Note 39
Additional Regulatory Information

Additional Regulatory Information pursuant to clause 6L of General Instructions for preparation of Balance Sheet as given in Part I of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, are given hereunder to the extent relevant and other than those given elsewhere in any other notes to the financial Statement.

a. Ratio

Sr. No.	Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	As at 31st March,		Variance %	Reason for variance, if more than
				2026	2025		
1	Current Ratio (in times)	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	3.22	2.66	21.20	
2	Debt-Equity Ratio (in times)	Total debt	Shareholders' equity	0.08	0.16	(49.83)	Decrease in Debt
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio (in times)	Earning available to service debt	Interest costs, current maturities of payments	4.83	2.58	87.22	Increase in profit
4	Return on Equity Ratio (%)	Net profit after taxes	Average shareholder's equity	6.51	3.49	86.66	Increase in profit
5	Inventory Turnover Ratio (No. of days)	Sales	Average inventory	87.07	93.42	(6.79)	
6	Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio (No. of days)	Net credit sales	Average trade receivables	69.00	85.59	(19.39)	
7	Trade Payables Turnover Ratio (No. of days)	Net credit purchases	Average trade payables	48.37	59.25	(18.36)	
8	Net Capital Turnover Ratio (in times)	Operating revenue	Working capital	2.64	2.68	(1.60)	
9	Net Profit Ratio (%) *	Net profit	Operating revenue	5.03	2.89	73.88	Increase in profit
10	Return on Capital Employed (%) *	Earning before interest and taxes	Capital employed	9.02	5.54	62.78	Increase in profit
11	Return on Investments (%)	Income generated from invested funds	Average invested funds	-	-	-	

* excluding exceptional items

- The title deeds of all immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), disclosed in the financial statements included under Property, Plant and Equipment are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date.
- The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- The Company has not been declared as a wilful defaulter by any lender who has powers to declare a company as a wilful defaulter at any time during the financial year or after the end of reporting period but before the date when the financial statements are approved.

- f. As contended by the management and as verified by the Auditors on sample test check basis, the Company does not have any transactions with struck-off companies.
- g. The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act 2013 read with Companies (Restrictions on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- h. The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(is), including foreign entities(intermediaries), with the understanding that the intermediary shall;
- i. Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries), or
- ii. Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- i. The Company has not received any funds from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall;
- i. Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate beneficiaries), or
- ii. Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- j. The Company does not have any transactions which is not recorded in the books of accounts but has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- k. Quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the Company with banks are generally in agreement with the books of accounts.
- l. The Company has used the borrowings from banks for the purpose for which it was obtained.
- m. The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- n. The Company is operating under SAP environment which is fully integrated financial accounting and reporting system. The management confirms that the accounting software used by the Company for maintaining books of account has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility which has been operated throughout the year for all transactions recorded in the software and the audit trail feature is not being tampered with.
- 40 As on 31st March, 2026, the Company's certain assets aggregating to ₹ 376.93 lacs are classified as "Held for Sale" as they meet the criteria laid out under Ind AS 105 and its value has been measured at the lower of its carrying value and fair value less costs to sell. Breakup of the assets is as under:

Particulars	As on 31 st March, 2026 (₹ in lacs)
Building	20.00
Plant and Machinery	356.93
Total	376.93

- 41 Effective 21st November 2025, the Government of India has consolidated multiple existing labour legislation into a unified framework comprising four Labour Codes (collectively referred to as "the New Labour Codes"). These legislative changes have revised the definition of wages for the purpose of computation of employee benefits and expanded the scope and eligibility of certain employees related social security benefits. Based on a detailed assessment carried out, the Company has evaluated the incremental impact arising from the implementation of the New Labour Codes. Considering the materiality, regulatory-driven and non-recurring nature of this impact, an incremental impact of Rs. 169.28 lacs have been recognized as an exceptional item in financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2026. The Company continues to monitor the developments and clarifications from the Government pertaining to other aspects of the New Labour Codes and would provide appropriate accounting effect as needed on the basis of such developments.

- 42 Balances with sundry creditors, sundry debtors and for loans and advances in few cases are subject to confirmations from the respective parties and reconciliations, if any. In absence of such confirmations, the balances as per books are relied upon by the auditors.
- 43 In the opinion of the Directors, the current assets, loans and advances are approximately of the value as stated in the balance sheet, if realized in the ordinary course of the business. The provision of all known liabilities is adequate and not in excess of the amount reasonably required.
- 44 All the amounts have been stated in Indian Rupees in lacs, unless otherwise stated.
45. Previous year's figures have been regrouped and rearranged, wherever necessary.

Signatures to Notes 1 to 45

As per our report of even date

For Sanghavi & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Sd/-
Manoj Ganatra
Partner

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-
Manan Shah
Managing Director
DIN: 06378095

Sd/-
Hemul Shah
Director
DIN: 00058558

Sd/-
Vikash Khemka
Chief Financial Officer

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of
ORIENT CERATECH LIMITED

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **Orient Ceratech Limited** (“the Parent Company”) and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (the Parent Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as “the Group”), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2026, the consolidated statement of profit and loss including other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as “the consolidated financial statements”).

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, (“Ind AS”) and the other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31st March 2026, of its consolidated profit including other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (“the ICAI”) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI’s Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters which, in our professional judgment were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in our forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report:

Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Revenue Recognition Revenue from the sale of goods (“Revenue”) is recognized when the Company performs its obligation to its customers, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and recovery of the consideration is probable. The timing of such recognition is when the control over the same is transferred to the customer, which is mainly upon delivery. The timing of revenue recognition is relevant to the reported performance of the Company.	Our audit approach was a combination of test of internal controls and substantive procedures including assessing the appropriateness of the Company’s revenue recognition accounting policies in line with Ind AS 115 (“Revenue from Contracts with Customers”) and testing thereof; evaluating the integrity of the general information and control environment and testing the operating effectiveness of key controls.

Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor’s Report Thereon

The Parent Company’s Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board’s Report including Annexures to Board’s Report, Management Discussion and Analysis, Shareholder’s Information, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and auditor’s report thereon. The Board’s Report and other information are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor’s report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the aforesaid reports and information, if we conclude that there is material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Management’s Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Parent Company’s Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the Ind AS and accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Parent Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the Group’s ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatements of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of the internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosure, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities or business activities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Parent Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

We did not audit the financial statements of one subsidiary company whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs. 1,493.88 lacs as at 31st March 2026 and gross total revenues of Rs. 6,516.54 lacs and net profit after tax, including other comprehensive income, Rs. 191.48 lacs for the year then ended as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements and other financial information have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the management, and our opinion on consolidated financial results, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of this subsidiary company is based solely on the report of such other auditors.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements above and our report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below is not modified in respect of these matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. With respect to the matters specified in clause (xxi) of paragraph 3 and paragraph 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("CARO"/"the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us included in the consolidated financial statements to which reporting under CARO is applicable, as provided to us by the Management of the Parent Company, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in the CARO reports of the said respective companies included in the consolidated financial statements except following:

Sr. No.	Name/CIN	Nature of Relationship	Clause number of the CARO report which is qualified or is adverse	Remarks
1	Orient Ceratech Limited L24299MH1971PLC366531	Parent Company	(vii)(b)	Non-payment of statutory liabilities

2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c) The consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit and loss including other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2015;
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2026 and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Parent Company and the subsidiary company incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group is disqualified as on 31st March 2026, from being appointed as a director in terms section 164(2) of the Act;
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Parent Company and its subsidiary incorporated in India and operating effectiveness of such controls, our separate report in annexure – A may be referred.

- g) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and according to the reports of the statutory auditors of the subsidiary company incorporated in India, remuneration paid by the Parent Company and its subsidiary company incorporated in India, to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act;
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us:
- i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group;
 - ii. The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivatives contracts;
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring the amounts, required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Parent company or its subsidiary incorporated in India.
 - iv.
 - a. The respective managements of the Parent Company and its subsidiary incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries, to the best of their knowledge and belief as disclosed in note 40(h) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Parent Company or subsidiaries or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Parent Company or subsidiaries ("Ultimate beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - b. The respective managements of the Parent Company, its subsidiary incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries, to the best of their knowledge and belief as disclosed in note 40(i) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been received by the Parent Company or subsidiaries from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Parent Company or subsidiaries shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - c. Based on such audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
 - v. The dividend declared or paid during the year by the Parent Company is in compliance with section 123 of the Act. No dividend is declared or paid during the year by the subsidiary company incorporated in India.
 - vi. Based on our examination which included compliance test and test checks and those performed by the respective auditors of the subsidiary which are incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, the Parent Company and its subsidiary have used the accounting software for maintaining books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all transactions

recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the Parent Company and its subsidiary incorporated in India as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

Mumbai
May 27, 2026

For SANGHAVI & COMPANY
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 109099W

Sd/-
MANOJ GANATRA
Partner
Membership No. 043485
UDIN: 26043485WYVMNA2757

ANNEXURE – A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our report of even date)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Orient Ceratech Limited** (“the Parent Company”) and its subsidiary, Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited (the Parent Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as “the Group”) which are companies incorporated in India as of 31st March, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Parent Company and its subsidiary which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Parent Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (“the Guidance Note”) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (“the ICAI”). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Group’s internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by the ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors’ judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Parent Company and its subsidiary company, which is company incorporated in India.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company’s internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company’s internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that -

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles,

and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and

- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Parent Company and its subsidiary company which is company incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2026, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Group considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

For SANGHAVI & COMPANY
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 109099W

Mumbai
May 27, 2026

Sd/-
MANOJ GANATRA
Partner
Membership No. 043485
UDIN: 26043485WYVMNA2757

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH, 2026

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
ASSETS:			
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	2	15,154.33	14,913.65
Capital work-in-progress	2	861.90	2,587.74
Right-of-use assets	3	66.55	69.70
Intangible assets	4	8.86	8.86
Financial assets			
Investments		-	-
Loans	5	0.62	5.19
Other financial assets	6	584.61	526.92
Other non-current assets	7	174.05	29.55
		16,850.92	18,141.61
Current Assets			
Inventories	8	12,528.58	11,611.93
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	9	7,683.02	7,706.24
Cash and cash equivalents	10	793.19	524.22
Other bank balances	11	134.19	95.55
Loans	5	11.87	14.64
Other financial assets	6	67.23	290.16
Current tax assets	12	536.51	494.36
Other current assets	7	2,581.95	2,904.32
Assets held for sale	41	376.93	-
		24,713.47	23,641.42
Total Assets		41,564.39	41,783.03
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES:			
Equity			
Equity share capital	13	1,196.52	1,196.52
Other equity	14	29,009.15	27,100.43
		30,205.67	28,296.95
Liabilities			
Non-Current Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	15	2,180.76	3,673.16
Other financial liabilities	19	75.00	-
Provisions	16	261.40	167.91
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	17	916.43	1,111.86
		3,433.59	4,952.93
Current Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	15	1,780.12	3,478.42
Trade payables	18		
-total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		144.80	202.43
-total outstanding dues of creditors other than MSME enterprises		4,811.55	3,969.33
Other financial liabilities	19	92.81	150.39
Provisions	16	186.33	58.26
Other current liabilities	20	648.95	599.79
Current tax liabilities	12	260.57	74.53
		7,925.13	8,533.15
Total Equity and Liabilities		41,564.39	41,783.03

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our report of even date
For Sanghavi & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Sd/-
Manoj Ganatra
Partner

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Sd/-
Manan Shah
Managing Director
DIN: 06378095

Sd/-
Hemul Shah
Director
DIN: 00058558

Sd/-
Vikash Khemka
Chief Financial Officer

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2026

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Note No.	2025-2026	2024-2025
INCOME:			
Revenue from operations (net)	21	40,360.41	32,710.21
Other income	22	1,076.39	385.22
Total income		41,436.80	33,095.43
EXPENSES:			
Cost of materials consumed	23	17,184.34	12,607.88
Purchases of stock-in-trade		916.26	224.56
Changes in inventories	24	(434.17)	(429.75)
Employee benefits expenses	25	4,606.23	4,024.12
Finance costs	26	510.19	708.73
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	27	1,807.65	1,438.80
Other expenses	28	13,804.16	13,200.18
Total expenses		38,394.66	31,774.52
Profit before exceptional items and tax		3,042.14	1,320.91
Exceptional items	42	213.74	-
Profit before tax		2,828.40	1,320.91
Tax expense	12		
Current tax		853.08	408.52
Earlier years' tax		(11.35)	3.76
Deferred tax		(199.18)	(83.96)
Total tax expense		642.55	328.32
Profit for the year		2,185.85	992.59
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
a. Remeasurements of defined benefit plans		14.87	47.02
b. Tax impacts on above		(3.75)	(11.84)
Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss			
c. Exchange difference on foreign currency translation		10.86	0.56
Other comprehensive income for the year		21.98	35.74
Total comprehensive income for the year		2,207.83	1,028.33
Basic earning per share (₹)	29	1.83	0.83
Diluted earning per share (₹)		1.83	0.83
Face value per share (₹)		1.00	1.00

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Sanghavi & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Sd/-
Manoj Ganatra
Partner

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Sd/-
Manan Shah
Managing Director
DIN: 06378095

Sd/-
Hemul Shah
Director
DIN: 00058558

Sd/-
Vikash Khemka
Chief Financial Officer

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2026
A. SHARE CAPITAL

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
At the beginning of the year	1,196.52	1,196.52
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-
At the end of the year	1,196.52	1,196.52

B. OTHER EQUITY

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Capital Reserve	Other Comprehensive Income		Total equity
				Exchange difference on foreign currency translation	Remeasurements of net defined benefit plans	
As at 1st April, 2024	8,979.44	16,721.37	807.72	(0.81)	(136.52)	26,371.20
Profit for the year	-	992.59	-	-	-	992.59
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)	-	-	-	0.56	35.18	35.74
Final dividend, declared and paid during the year	-	(299.10)	-	-	-	(299.10)
As at 31st March, 2025	8,979.44	17,414.86	807.72	(0.25)	(101.34)	27,100.43
Profit for the year	-	2,185.85	-	-	-	2,185.85
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)	-	-	-	10.86	11.11	21.97
Final dividend, declared and paid during the year	-	(299.10)	-	-	-	(299.10)
As at 31st March, 2026	8,979.44	19,301.61	807.72	10.61	(90.23)	29,009.15

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our report of even date
For Sanghavi & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Sd/-
Manoj Ganatra
Partner

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Sd/-
Manan Shah
Managing Director
DIN: 06378095

Sd/-
Hemul Shah
Director
DIN: 00058558

Sd/-
Vikash Khemka
Chief Financial Officer

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026

		(Indian ₹ in lacs)	
Particulars	2025-2026	2024-2025	
A Cash flow from operating activities:			
Net profit for the year	2,185.85	992.59	
Adjustments for -			
Depreciation	1,807.65	1,438.80	
Income tax expenses	642.55	328.32	
Loss/(gain) on disposal / Impairment of property, plant & equipment	87.31	(4.70)	
Provision for doubtful debts/(sundry balances written back)	144.17	(29.62)	
Exchange rate adjustments on foreign currency translation (net)	10.86	0.56	
Interest income	(45.05)	(48.62)	
Finance cost	510.19	708.73	
	3,157.68	2,393.46	
Operating Profit Before Working Capital Changes	5,343.53	3,386.05	
Movements in working capital:			
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	255.56	(172.93)	
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	177.87	1,206.85	
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(916.66)	(1,100.77)	
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	236.43	6.40	
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other payables	719.55	(687.55)	
	472.75	(748.00)	
Cash generated from operations	5,816.28	2,638.05	
Income tax paid	(697.84)	(549.50)	
	(697.84)	(549.50)	
Net cash generated by operating activities	5,118.44	2,088.55	
B Cash flow from investing activities:			
Payment for property, plant and equipment	(1,128.80)	(2,515.09)	
Sale of property, plant & equipment	345.25	9.22	
Redemption of/(investment in) other bank deposits	(105.74)	123.11	
Repayments of loans received/(loans granted)	7.34	(4.37)	
Interest received	45.05	48.62	
	(836.90)	(2,338.51)	
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities	(836.90)	(2,338.51)	
C Cash flow from financing activities:			
Proceeds from borrowings	-	2,642.17	
Repayments of borrowings	(1,497.69)	(414.12)	
Changes in working capital loans (net)	(1,693.02)	(838.74)	
Interest paid	(513.36)	(704.99)	
Dividend paid	(308.50)	(307.82)	
	(4,012.57)	376.50	
Net cash generated/(used in) from financing activities	(4,012.57)	376.50	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	268.97	126.55	
Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the year	524.22	397.67	
	793.19	524.22	
Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year	793.19	524.22	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Sanghavi & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Sd/-
Manoj Ganatra
Partner

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-
Manan Shah
Managing Director
DIN: 06378095

Sd/-
Hemul Shah
Director
DIN: 00058558

Sd/-
Vikash Khemka
Chief Financial Officer

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

GROUP INFORMATION

Orient Ceratech Limited (“the Parent Company”) is a public limited company domiciled in India and incorporated on 12th November, 1971 under the provisions of the Companies Act vide CIN: L24299MH1971PLC366531 applicable in India. The Group (the Parent Company and its subsidiaries) is principally engaged in the business of production and trading of aluminium refractories and other mineral products, mining of bauxite ores and generation of power (including windmill facilities). The Parent Company’s manufacturing facilities are located at Porbandar (Gujarat) along with thermal power generation, manufacturing plant at Baraya (Kutch, Gujarat) , bauxite mines located at various sites in Gujarat and windmill facilities in the state of Rajasthan and Karnataka. The registered office of the Parent Company is located at Lawrence & Mayo House, 3rd Floor, 276, D.N Road, Fort, Mumbai - 400001. The equity shares of the Company are listed on Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) as well as National Stock Exchange (NSE).

The consolidated financial statements (“the financial statements”) were authorized for issue in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors on May 27, 2026.

1 BASIS OF PREPARATION, MEASUREMENT AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES
1.1 Basis of preparation and measurement:

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the ‘Ind AS’) as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) read together with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as applicable.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared and presented under historical cost convention, on accrual basis of accounting except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, as stated in the accounting policies set out below. The accounting policies have been applied consistently over all the periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non current as per the Group’s normal operating cycle and other criteria as set out in the Division II of Schedule III to the Act. The Group considers 12 months as normal operating cycle.

Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) which is the Group’s functional currency, and all the values are rounded to the nearest lacs except otherwise indicated.

1.2 Basis for consolidation

- a. The consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements, appropriate adjustments are made to that group member’s financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the group’s accounting policies.
- b. The financial statements of all entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the Parent Company.
- c. The consolidated financial statements present the consolidated accounts of Orient Ceratech Limited with its following subsidiaries:

No.	Subsidiary Company	Country of Incorporation	% voting power held as at 31 st March 2026
1	Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited	India	100.00
2	Orient Advanced Materials FZE	UAE	100.00

d. Subsidiaries

- a) A subsidiary is an entity over which the Parent Company has control. The Parent Company controls an entity when the Parent Company is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Parent Company.
- b) The Parent Company combines the financial statements of the Parent Company and its subsidiary companies on a line by line basis, adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. Inter-Group transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions among the Group are eliminated. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries are consistent with the policies adopted by the Parent Company.
- c) A change in the ownership interest of subsidiaries, without loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. If the Parent Company loses control over a subsidiaries, it derecognizes the assets, liabilities, carrying amount of any non-controlling interests and the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity.

1.3 Material accounting policies:

a. System of accounting

The Group follows mercantile system of accounting and recognises income and expenditure on an accrual basis except in case of significant uncertainties. These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise indicated.

b. Key accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements, in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS, requires the management to make estimates and assumptions in the application of accounting policies that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and disclosure of contingent liabilities as at the date of financial statements and the results of operation during the reported period. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates which are recognised in the period in which they are determined.

The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

c. Property, plant and equipment

- (i) Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost of acquisition including attributable interest and finance costs, if any, till the date of acquisition/installation of the assets less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.
- (ii) Subsequent expenditure relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

- (iii) The cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the financial statements, either on disposal or when retired from active use and the resultant gain or loss are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.
- (iv) The Group depreciates property, plant and equipment on written down value method except for building, plant & machinery, laboratory equipment and excavators where depreciation is provided on straight line method over the estimated useful life prescribed in Schedule II of the Act from the date the assets are ready for intended use after considering the residual value.

Class of Assets	Useful Life (Years)
Buildings	15/30/60
Plant & Equipment	8/10/15/25
Office Equipment (including computer hardware/software)	3/5
Furniture & Fixtures	10
Vehicles	5/8/10
Right to use assets	99

For this class of assets, based on internal assessment and independent technical evaluation carried out by chartered engineers, the Group believes that the useful lives as given above best represent the period over which the Company expects to use these assets. Hence the useful lives for these assets are different from the useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Act.

- (v) Capital work-in-progress, representing expenditure incurred in respect of assets under development and not ready for their intended use, are carried at cost. Cost includes related acquisition expenses, construction cost, related borrowing cost and other direct expenditure.
- (vi) Intangible assets mainly represent implementation cost for software and other application software acquired/developed for in-house use. These assets are stated at cost. Cost includes related acquisition expenses, related borrowing costs, if any, and other direct expenditure. Intangible assets are amortized over the estimated useful life.
- (vii) Items of stores and spares that meet the definition of property, plant and equipment are capitalized at cost and depreciated over their useful life. Otherwise, such items are classified as inventories.
- (viii) Losses arising from the retirement of and gains or losses arising from disposal of property, plant and equipment which are carried at cost are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.
- (ix) Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units).

d. Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is recognised at fair value, in case of financial assets which are recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), its transaction costs are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. In other cases, the transaction costs are attributed to the acquisition value of financial asset. However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price.

Financial assets are subsequently classified measured at –

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their recognition except if and in the period the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets.

Financial asset is derecognised only when the Group has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset. Where the entity has transferred the asset, the Group evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, financial asset is derecognised.

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Group applies the expected credit loss (“ECL”) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets and credit risk exposures. The Group follows ‘simplified approach’ for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables. Simplified approach does not require the Group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Group determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition.

e. Inventories

- (i) Raw materials and stores and spares are valued at weighted average cost including all charges in bringing the materials to the present location.
- (ii) Finished and semi-finished goods are valued at the cost plus direct expenses and appropriate value of overheads or net realizable value, whichever is lower.
- (iii) Obsolete, slow moving and defective inventories are written off/valued at net realisable value during the year as per policy consistently followed by the Group.

f. Cash and bank balances

Cash and equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprises of balance with banks and cash on hand and short term deposits with an original maturity of three month or less, which are subject to insignificant risks of changes in value.

Other bank balances:

Other bank balances include deposits with maturity less than twelve months but greater than three months and balances and deposits with banks that are restricted for withdrawal and usage.

g. Trade receivables

A receivable is classified as a trade receivable if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods sold or services rendered in the normal course of business. Trade receivables are recognised initially at their transaction price and subsequently measured net of any expected credit losses.

h. Financial liabilities

- (i) Financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the amortised cost unless at initial recognition, they are classified as fair value through profit and loss.

- (ii) Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit and loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit and loss.
- (iii) Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

i. Trade payables

A payable is classified as a trade payable if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods purchased in the normal course of business. These amounts represent liabilities for goods provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. These amounts are unsecured and are usually settled as per the payment terms. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period.

j. Revenue recognition

- (i) Revenue shall be recognised to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services.
- (ii) Revenue is measured based on transaction price, which is the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, stated net of discounts, return and goods & service tax. Transaction price is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated sales incentives/discounts.
- (iii) Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the discounts/rights of return, using the expected value method.
- (iv) Export incentives are accounted for on export of goods if the entitlements can be estimated with reasonable accuracy and conditions precedent to claim are reasonably expected to be fulfilled.
- (v) Revenue in respect of other income is recognised on accrual basis. However, where the ultimate collection of the same lacks reasonable certainty, revenue recognition is postponed to the extent of uncertainty.

k. Mining expenses

Expenses incurred on mining including removal of overburden of mines are charged to the statement of profit & loss as mining cost on the basis of quantity of minerals mined during the year, overburden of removal and mining being carried out concurrently and relatively within a short period of time. Mining restoration expenses are annually reviewed and provided for.

l. Foreign currency transactions

- (i) Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of primary economic environment in which the Group operates (“the functional currency”). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (INR), which is the Group’s functional and presentation currency.
- (ii) Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the reporting currency at foreign exchange rate on the date of the transaction.
- (iii) Monetary items of current assets and current liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are reported using the closing rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

- (iv) The gain or loss on decrease/increase in reporting currency due to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

m. Employee benefit expenses

- (i) Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as provident fund, employees' state insurance, labour welfare fund etc. are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees. These benefits are classified as defined contribution schemes as the Group has no further obligations beyond the monthly contributions.
- (ii) The Group provides for gratuity which is a defined benefit plan, the liabilities of which are determined based on valuations, as at the reporting date, made by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. Re-measurement comprising of actuarial gains and losses, in respect of gratuity are recognised in the other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. The classification of the Group's obligation into current and non-current is as per the actuarial valuation report.
- (iii) The employees are entitled to accumulate leave subject to certain limits, for future encashment and availment, as per the policy of the Group. The liability towards such unutilised leave as at the end of each balance sheet date is determined based on independent actuarial valuation and recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

n. Leases

Group as lessee

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Group as lessor

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income.

o. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Group incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Also, the effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs. Borrowing costs relating to acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset which takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are added to the cost of such asset to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they occur.

p. Impairment of non financial assets

As at each reporting date, the Group assesses whether there is an indication that a non-financial asset may be impaired and also whether there is an indication of reversal of impairment loss recognised in the previous periods. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group determines the recoverable amount and impairment loss is recognised when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. If the amount of impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease

can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, then the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through the statement of profit and loss.

q. Taxes on income

Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and the deferred tax during the year. Current and deferred taxes are recognised in the statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current income tax is recognised based on the estimated tax liability computed after taking credit for allowances and exemptions in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. In case of uncertainty of reversal of the deferred tax assets or when it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available in the foreseeable future, deferred tax assets, as a matter of prudence, are not recognised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax is reviewed at each reporting date and measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

r. Provisions and contingent liabilities

The Group creates a provision when there is present obligation, legal or constructive, as a result of past events that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in respect of possible obligations that arise from past events, whose existence would be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

s. Earnings per share

- (i) Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to the equity shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.
- (ii) For the purpose of calculating diluted earning per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to the equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

t. Exceptional items

Exceptional items refer to items of income or expense within the Statement of Profit and Loss from ordinary activities which are non-recurring and are of such size, nature or incidence that their separate disclosure is considered necessary to explain the performance of the Company.

u. Segment reporting

Business Segment

The chief operational decision maker (CODM) monitors the operating results of its business segment separately for the purpose of making decision about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on profit or loss and is measured consistently with profit or loss in the financial statements. Operating segment have been identified on the basis of nature of products and other quantitative criteria specified in the Ind AS 108. The analysis of geographical segments is based on the areas in which major operating divisions of the Group operate.

Intersegment Transfers

The Group generally accounts for intersegment sales and transfers as if the sales or transfers were to third parties at current market prices.

Allocation of common costs

Common allocable costs are allocated to each segment according to the relative contribution of each segment to the total common costs.

Segment Policies

The Group prepares segment information in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the financial statements of the Group as a whole.

v. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (“MCA”) has notified amendments to the existing standards Ind AS 1 – Presentation of financial statements relating to classification of liabilities as current or non-current subject to covenants, Ind AS 12 – Income Taxes relating to international tax reforms – Pillar Two Model Rules, Ind AS 21 – the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates and Ind AS 107 – Financial Instruments: Disclosures and Ind AS 7 - Statement of Cashflows relating to disclosure of supplier financing arrangements, applicable from April 1, 2025. The Company has assessed that there is no significant impact on its financial statements with respect to the amendments in Ind AS.

Note 2
Property, Plant and Equipment

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Land	Building	Plant & Equipment	Office Equipments	Furniture & Fixtures	Vehicles	Total
Gross carrying value							
As at 1st April, 2024	174.71	5,012.28	26,634.30	253.30	85.58	394.18	32,554.35
Additions	-	121.87	214.49	32.75	1.11	27.91	398.13
Disposals	-	-	(4.49)	-	-	(32.79)	(37.28)
As at 31st March, 2025	174.71	5,134.15	26,844.30	286.05	86.69	389.30	32,915.20
Additions	8.48	269.72	2,491.32	34.65	0.24	50.25	2,854.66
Disposals	-	(23.73)	(1,225.70)	(0.62)	-	(29.21)	(1,279.26)
Transfer (refer note no. 41)	-	(486.28)	(3,705.30)	-	-	-	(4,191.58)
As at 31st March, 2026	183.19	4,893.86	24,404.62	320.08	86.93	410.34	30,299.02
Accumulated Depreciation							
As at 1st April, 2024	-	1,499.23	14,573.44	212.65	58.11	255.02	16,598.45
Depreciation charged	-	160.78	1,207.47	20.69	8.38	38.53	1,435.85
Disposals	-	-	(1.80)	-	-	(30.96)	(32.76)
As at 31st March, 2025	-	1,660.01	15,779.11	233.34	66.49	262.59	18,001.54
Depreciation charged	-	163.32	1,584.34	23.11	3.84	29.89	1,804.50
Disposals	-	(16.02)	(989.43)	(0.37)	-	(23.27)	(1,029.09)
Transfer (refer note no. 41)	-	(283.88)	(3,348.38)	-	-	-	(3,632.26)
As at 31st March, 2026	-	1,523.43	13,025.64	256.08	70.33	269.21	15,144.69
Net carrying value							
As at 31st March, 2025	174.71	3,474.14	11,065.19	52.71	20.19	126.71	14,913.65
As at 31st March, 2026	183.19	3,370.43	11,378.98	64.00	16.60	141.13	15,154.33

Capital work in progress ageing schedule :

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Capital work in progress for the period of				Total
	Less than 1 Year	1 - 2 Years	2 - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	
31st March 2026					
Projects in progress	757.36	-	-	-	757.36
Project suspended	-	104.54	-	-	104.54
	757.36	104.54	-	-	861.90
31st March 2025					
Projects in progress	2,159.71	323.49	-	-	2,483.20
Project suspended	-	-	104.54	-	104.54
	2,159.71	323.49	104.54	-	2,587.74

Note 3
Right-of-use Assets

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Leasehold Land	Total
Gross carrying value		
As at 1st April, 2024	86.70	86.70
Additions	-	-
Disposals / Transfers	-	-
As at 31st March, 2025	86.70	86.70
Additions	-	-
Disposals / Transfers	-	-
As at 31st March, 2026	86.70	86.70
Accumulated depreciation		
As at 1st April, 2024	14.16	14.16
Depreciation charged	2.84	2.84
Disposals	-	-
As at 31st March, 2025	17.00	17.00
Depreciation charged	3.15	3.15
Disposals	-	-
As at 31st March, 2026	20.15	20.15
Net Carrying Amount		
As at 31st March, 2025	69.70	69.70
As at 31st March, 2026	66.55	66.55

Leases - Group as a lessee

(a) Set out below, are the carrying amount of the company's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities and the movements during the period:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Lease Liability	Right-of-use Assets (Leasehold Land)
As at 1st April, 2024	-	72.54
Amortisation for the year	-	2.84
As at 31st March, 2025	-	69.70
Amortisation for the year	-	3.15
As at 31st March, 2026	-	66.55

(b) Set out below, are the amounts recognized in profit and loss:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
Amortisation expense of right-of-use assets	3.15	2.84
Interest expense on lease liability	-	-
Lease expense- Short term and lease of low value assets (refer note (ii) below)	22.34	70.10
	25.49	72.94

Notes:

- The Company has entered into various lease contract for land with lease terms between 30-99 years. The Company has option to renew at various time interval. The Company's obligation under its lease are secured by the lessor's title to the leased assets.
- The Company also has certain leases of factories, office premises and equipment with lease term of 12 months or less and also has certain leases with low values. The Company applies the 'Short term leases' and 'Leases of low value assets' recognition exemption for these leases.

Note 4
Intangible assets

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Computer Software	Total
Gross carrying value		
As at 1st April, 2024	177.27	177.27
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
As at 31st March, 2025	177.27	177.27
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
As at 31st March, 2026	177.27	177.27
Accumulated depreciation		
As at 1st April, 2024	168.30	168.30
Depreciation charged	0.11	0.11
Disposals	-	-
As at 31st March, 2025	168.41	168.41
Depreciation charged	-	-
Disposals	-	-
As at 31st March, 2026	168.41	168.41
Net carrying value		
As at 31st March, 2025	8.86	8.86
As at 31st March, 2026	8.86	8.86

Note 5
Loans

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
Non - Current		
Unsecured, considered good		
To employees	0.62	5.19
	0.62	5.19
Current		
Unsecured, considered good		
To employees	11.87	14.64
	11.87	14.64
Total loans	12.49	19.83
Note:		
There are no outstanding loan given to any promoter, director, key managerial personnel and any officer of the Company.		

Note 6
Other financial assets

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
Non-current		
Term deposits with maturity of more than 12 months*	190.66	132.96
Security deposits	393.95	393.96
	584.61	526.92
Current		
Security deposits	8.49	34.82
Less: allowance for credit impaired	-	(18.00)
	8.49	16.82
Interest receivables	57.32	44.50
Claims receivables	1.42	228.84
	67.23	290.16
Total other financial assets	651.84	817.08
* under lien with banks against letter of credits and bank guarantees		
Movement in expected credit loss:		(Indian ₹ in lacs)
Particulars	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
Impairment allowance measured as per simplified approach:		
Loss allowance at the beginning of the reporting year	18.00	34.00
Changes in loss allowance	(18.00)	(16.00)
Loss allowance at the end of the reporting year	-	18.00

Note 7
Other assets

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Non-current		
Capital advances	155.57	-
Less: allowance for credit impaired	-	-
	155.57	-
Prepaid expenses	18.48	29.55
	174.05	29.55
Current		
Trade advances to suppliers	1,303.82	1,883.42
Less: allowance for credit impaired	(0.90)	-
	1,302.92	1,883.42
Prepaid expenses	124.85	91.18
Staff advances	3.63	6.29
Balance with government authorities	1,011.51	879.32
Gratuity fund balance (net)	-	19.12
Other advances	139.04	24.99
	2,581.95	2,904.32
Total other asset	2,756.00	2,933.87

Movement in provision for doubtful advances:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
Provision at the beginning of the year	-	47.68
Add: Provision / (reversal) during the year	0.90	(47.68)
Provision at the end of the year	0.90	-

Note 8
Inventories

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Raw materials	4,408.01	3,894.87
Work-in-progress	1,293.05	261.70
Finished goods	4,923.22	5,488.45
Others	-	31.95
Stores and spares*	1,717.29	1,765.03
Packing materials	187.01	169.93
Total inventories	12,528.58	11,611.93

*net of provision for non-moving stock of ₹ 757.10 (previous year 515.04) lacs.

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense during the year as disclosed in note no. 24 & 25 includes ₹ Nil (previous year ₹ 67.40 lacs) towards write down of inventories.

Note 9
Trade receivables

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Unsecured, considered good	7,575.84	7,668.05
Unsecured, significant increase in credit risk	136.70	52.92
Unsecured, Undisputed – credit impaired	40.88	136.36
Unsecured, considered doubtful	537.21	331.45
Less: Loss allowance for doubtful debts	(607.61)	(482.54)
Total trade receivables	7,683.02	7,706.24

a. Movement in the expected credit loss allowances :

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Loss allowance at the beginning of the year	482.54	604.23
Add: additional loss allowance provision during the year	125.07	-
Less: reversal against bad debts	-	(121.69)
Less: reversal against provision/realisation	-	-
Loss allowance at the end of the year	607.61	482.54

9.1 Trade receivables ageing schedule:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particular	Not due	Outstanding for the following period from due date of payments					Total
		< 6 Months	6 months-1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	> 3 years	
31st March, 2026							
Undisputed, considered good	2,215.01	4,871.84	488.99	-	-	-	7,575.84
Undisputed having significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	129.45	7.25	-	136.70
Undisputed trade receivables-credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	40.88	40.88
Disputed trade receivables-credit impaired	-	-	1.90	238.03	115.25	182.03	537.21
	2,215.01	4,871.84	490.89	367.48	122.50	222.91	8,290.63
Less: Allowance for credit losses							(607.61)
Total trade receivables							7,683.02

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particular	Not due	Outstanding for the following period from due date of payments					Total
		< 6 Months	6 months-1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	> 3 years	
31st March, 2025							
Undisputed, considered good	3,723.42	3,443.98	500.65	-	-	-	7,668.05
Undisputed having significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	39.09	13.83	-	52.92
Undisputed trade receivables-credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	136.36	136.36
Disputed trade receivables-credit impaired	-	-	1.26	112.32	65.75	152.12	331.45
	3,723.42	3,443.98	501.91	151.41	79.58	288.48	8,188.78
Less: Allowance for credit losses							(482.54)
Total trade receivables							7,706.24

Note 10
Cash and cash equivalents

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Balances with banks	616.64	441.92
Cash on hand	8.70	6.25
Other term deposits*	167.85	76.05
Total cash and cash equivalents	793.19	524.22

* under lien with banks against letter of Credits and bank guarantee

Note 11
Other bank balances

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Margin money deposits*	114.04	66.00
Unpaid dividend accounts**	20.15	29.55
Total other bank balances	134.19	95.55

* under lien with banks against letter of credits and bank guarantees

**There are no amounts due and outstanding to be credited to the Investor Education and Protection Fund as at the balance sheet date.

Note 12
Income tax

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Current income tax assets	536.51	494.36
Current income tax liabilities	(260.57)	(74.53)
Net balances	275.94	419.83
The gross movement in the current tax asset / (liability)		
Net current income tax asset at the beginning	419.83	282.61
Income tax paid (net of refunds)	697.84	549.50
Income tax expense	(841.73)	(412.28)
Income tax on other comprehensive income	-	-
Net current income tax asset at the end	275.94	419.83

Note 13
Equity share capital

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
<u>Authorised</u>		
14,00,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 1 each	1,400.00	1,400.00
4,00,000 6% Redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100 each	400.00	400.00
	1,800.00	1,800.00
<u>Issued, Subscribed and Paid up</u>		
11,96,39,200 equity shares of ₹ 1 each	1,196.39	1,196.39
20,000 shares forfeited (amounts paid up)	0.13	0.13
Total equity share capital	1,196.52	1,196.52

a. Equity shares issued as fully paid-up bonus shares or otherwise than by cash during the preceding five years: Nil

b. Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year :

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As on 31st March, 2026 No. of shares ₹	As on 31st March, 2025 No. of shares ₹
Equity shares:		
Balance at the beginning of the year	11,96,39,200 1,196.39	11,96,39,200 1,196.39
Issued during the year	- -	- -
Balance at end of the year	11,96,39,200 1,196.39	11,96,39,200 1,196.39

c. Shares held by promoters and promoter group :

Name of Shareholder	As at 31st March 2026 Nos. % of holding	As at 31st March 2025 Nos. % of holding	Change (%)
Cura Global Holdings Limited	2,83,89,494 23.73	2,83,89,494 23.73	-
Bombay Minerals Limited	2,83,82,453 23.72	3,20,99,953 26.83	(3.11)
Manan Chetan Shah	68,21,507 5.70	68,21,507 5.70	-
Ashapura International Limited	99,95,136 8.35	59,00,000 4.93	(3.42)
Chetan Navnitlal Shah	25,78,860 2.16	25,78,860 2.16	-
Himani Chetan Shah	1,65,315 0.14	1,65,315 0.14	-
Chaitali Nishit Salot	1,11,000 0.09	1,11,000 0.09	-

Name of Shareholder	As at 31st March 2025 Nos. % of holding	As at 31st March 2024 Nos. % of holding	Change (%)
Bombay Minerals Limited	3,20,99,953 26.83	3,79,99,953 31.76	(4.93)
Cura Global Holdings Limited	2,83,89,494 23.73	2,83,89,494 23.73	-
Manan Chetan Shah	68,21,507 5.70	68,21,507 5.70	-
Ashapura International Limited	59,00,000 4.93	- -	4.93
Chetan Navnitlal Shah	25,78,860 2.16	25,78,860 2.16	-
Himani Chetan Shah	1,65,315 0.14	1,65,315 0.14	-
Chaitali Nishit Salot	1,11,000 0.09	1,11,000 0.09	-

d. Shares held by each shareholder holding more than five percent shares :

Name of Shareholder	As at 31st March 2026		As at 31st March 2025	
	Nos.	% of holding	Nos.	% of holding
Cura Global Holdings Limited	2,83,89,494	23.73	2,83,89,494	23.73
Bombay Minerals Limited	2,83,82,453	23.72	3,20,99,953	26.83
Legends Global Opportunities (Singapore) Pte Limited	1,04,68,010	8.75	1,04,68,010	8.75
Ashapura International Limited	99,95,136	8.35	-	-
Manan Chetan Shah	68,21,507	5.70	68,21,507	5.70

e. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares :

The company has one class of equity shares having a face value of ₹ 1 each ranking pari passu in all respect including voting rights and entitlement to dividend. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. Dividend proposed by the board of directors and approved by the shareholders in the annual general meeting is paid to the shareholders.

Note 14
Other equity

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
General reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	8,979.44	8,979.44
Add: transferred from retained earnings	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	8,979.44	8,979.44
Capital reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	807.72	807.72
Addition during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	807.72	807.72
Retained earnings		
Balance at the beginning of the year	17,414.86	16,721.37
Profit for the year	2,185.85	992.59
Appropriations		
Transfer to general reserve	-	-
Final dividend, declared and paid during the year	(299.10)	(299.10)
Balance at the end of the year	19,301.61	17,414.86
<u>Other components of equity</u>		
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans (net of tax)	(90.23)	(101.34)
Exchange differences on foreign currency translation of foreign operations	10.61	(0.25)
	(79.62)	(101.59)
Total other equity	29,009.15	27,100.43

General reserve: The Group has transferred a portion of the net profit of the Group before declaring dividend to general reserve pursuant to the earlier provisions of Companies Act, 1956. Mandatory transfer to general reserve is not required under Companies Act, 2013 and the Group can optionally transfer any amount from the surplus of profit or loss to the General Reserve.

Capital reserve: The Group recognise profit or loss on purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of its own equity instruments to capital reserve. The reserves is utilised in accordance with the provisions of section 69 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Retained earnings: Retained earnings are the profits that the Group has earned till date, less transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.

Remeasurement of defined benefit plans: The Group has recognised remeasurement gains/(loss) on defined benefit plans in OCI. These changes are accumulated within the OCI reserve within other equity. The Group transfers amount from this reserve to retained earning when the relevant obligations are derecognized.

Foreign currency translation reserve: Exchange difference on translation of long term monetary asset is accumulated in separate reserve within equity.

Note 15 **Borrowings**

Particulars	(Indian ₹ in lacs)	
	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Non-current		
Secured		
Working capital term loan from financial institutions	630.76	1,073.16
Term loan from associates companies	1,550.00	2,600.00
	2,180.76	3,673.16
Current		
Secured		
Working capital finance from banks	1,337.41	3,030.43
Current maturities of long term debts	442.71	447.99
	1,780.12	3,478.42
Total borrowings	3,960.88	7,151.58

Note 16
Provisions

Particulars	(Indian ₹ in lacs)	
	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Non-Current		
Provision for leave encashment	171.89	99.65
Gratuity fund obligations (net)	43.70	22.45
Provision for litigation*	37.68	37.68
Provision for cost of mines restoration**	8.13	8.13
	261.40	167.91
Current		
Provision for leave encashment	41.85	26.89
Gratuity fund obligations (net)	144.48	31.37
	186.33	58.26
Total provisions	447.73	226.17

*The Group has received certain demand towards custom duty on account of mis-classification on import of coal, although the Group has availed the benefit of exemption notification and paid custom duty at a lower rate. Matter is in appeal but the Group has decided to make provision for the same of ₹ 37.68 lacs.

**The Group has made provision towards mines closure obligations based on estimated outflow of resources based on past experience.

Note 17
Deferred tax liabilities

Particulars	(Indian ₹ in lacs)	
	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
On account of timing differences in		
Depreciation on property, plant & equipment	1,598.56	1,719.18
MAT credit entitlement/carry forward business loss	(380.21)	(401.10)
Provision for doubtful debts	(153.15)	(125.97)
Disallowances u/s 43B of the Income Tax Act	(148.77)	(80.25)
Total deferred tax liabilities	916.43	1,111.86

Note 18
Trade payables

Particulars	(Indian ₹ in lacs)	
	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Trade payables		
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (note no. 36)	144.80	202.43
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than MSME enterprises	4,811.55	3,969.33
Total trade payables	4,956.35	4,171.76

18.1 Trade Payables ageing schedule is as follows:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particular	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
		Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	> 3 years	
31st March, 2026						
Outstanding dues to MSME	127.33	17.47	-	-	-	144.80
Others	4,355.59	455.17	0.79	-	-	4,811.55
Total....	4,482.92	472.64	0.79	-	-	4,956.35
31st March, 2025						
Outstanding dues to MSME	184.75	17.68	-	-	-	202.43
Others	3,436.23	532.90	0.20	-	-	3,969.33
Total....	3,620.98	550.58	0.20	-	-	4,171.76

Note 19
Other financial liabilities

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Non-Current		
Interest free deposit	75.00	-
	75.00	-
Current		
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	7.63	10.80
Capital creditors	65.03	110.04
Unpaid dividend	20.15	29.55
	92.81	150.39
Total other financial liabilities	167.81	150.39

Note 20
Other liabilities

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Current		
Advances from customers	171.67	135.01
Statutory liabilities	368.34	335.99
Other liabilities	108.94	128.79
Total other liabilities	648.95	599.79

Note 21
Revenue from operations

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Revenue from sale of products:		
Export sales	23,665.96	14,057.53
Domestic sales	14,738.17	16,725.79
	38,404.13	30,783.32
Sale of services:		
Job work income	934.46	1,083.76
Other operating revenue:		
Sale of power from wind mills operations	627.22	576.69
Export incentives and credits	337.51	167.58
Other operating income	57.09	98.86
Total revenue from operations	40,360.41	32,710.21

Note 22
Other income

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Interest receipts	45.05	48.62
Gain on foreign currency fluctuation	714.59	254.51
Sundry balances/excess provisions written back (net)	-	29.62
Profit on sale of property, plant & equipment (net)	95.08	4.70
Insurance claim receipts	118.40	6.83
Miscellaneous income	103.27	40.94
Total other income	1,076.39	385.22

Note 23
Cost of materials consumed

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Raw material consumed		
Opening stock	3,894.87	2,982.49
Add: Purchases	16,163.20	12,062.95
Less: closing stock	(4,408.01)	(3,894.87)
	15,650.06	11,150.57
Packing material consumed		
Opening stock	169.93	184.09
Add: Purchases	844.29	584.23
Less: closing stock	(187.01)	(169.93)
	827.21	598.39
Royalty expenses	445.15	574.91
Mining expenses	261.92	284.01
Total cost of materials consumed	17,184.34	12,607.88

Note 24
Changes in inventories

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Closing Stock		
Work-in-progress	1,293.05	261.70
Finished goods	4,923.22	5,488.45
Others	-	31.95
	6,216.27	5,782.10
Opening Stock		
Work-in-progress	261.70	922.87
Finished goods	5,488.45	4,398.64
Others	31.95	30.84
	5,782.10	5,352.35
Total changes in inventories	(434.17)	(429.75)

Note 25
Employee benefits expense

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Salaries, wages and bonus	3,830.48	3,440.68
Directors' remuneration	205.93	148.38
Contribution to provident fund and other funds	173.29	120.10
Gratuity expenses	72.34	62.30
Staff welfare expenses	324.19	252.66
Total employee benefits expense	4,606.23	4,024.12

Note 26
Finance costs

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Interest:		
- Banks	248.63	487.59
- Others	214.02	150.79
	462.65	638.38
Other borrowing cost	47.54	70.35
Total finance costs	510.19	708.73

Note 27
Depreciation and amortization expenses

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Property, plant and equipment	1,804.50	1,435.85
Right-of-use assets	3.15	2.84
Intangible assets	-	0.11
Total depreciation and amortization	1,807.65	1,438.80

Note 28
Other expenses

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Manufacturing expenses		
Power and fuel	5,696.67	5,396.55
Machinery repairs and maintenance	448.13	420.71
Research & development expenses	110.00	100.00
Stores and spares	1,422.73	1,418.72
Job work charges	117.04	675.92
Other expenses	780.85	579.98
	8,575.42	8,591.88
Selling and distribution expenses		
Sales commission	100.85	69.30
Export freight, insurance and other selling expenses	3,367.73	3,145.80
	3,468.58	3,215.10
Administrative and other expenses		
Rent	37.60	83.11
Insurance premiums	162.00	120.62
Repairs to buildings and others	95.87	64.45
Legal and professional fees	106.50	153.45
Corporate social responsibility expenses	27.58	29.23
Donations	1.74	1.63
Payment to auditors	36.51	36.66
Directors' sitting fees	6.80	6.40
Bank discount, commission and other charges	154.28	96.61
Rates and taxes	79.09	34.96
Software expenses	141.47	39.01
Loss on Impairment of Property, plant & equipment	182.39	-
Provision for doubtful receivables, deposits and advances	144.17	-
Miscellaneous expenses	189.18	337.68
	1,760.16	1,393.20
Total other expenses	13,804.16	13,200.18

Expenditure towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities

1. Amount required to be spent u/s 135(5) of the Companies Act 2013	27.58	28.85
2. Amount spent in cash during the year	-	-
i) Construction/acquisition of any asset	-	-
ii) On purposes other than (i) above	27.58	29.23
3. Shortfall/(excess) at the end of the year	-	(0.38)
4. Nature of CSR activities	Education, health, wellness, environmental sustainability.	
5. Details of related party transactions in relation to CSR expenditure to Kutch Navnirman Trust & Ashapura Foundation	27.58	28.50

Payments to auditors

Audit fees (including quarterly review)	23.75	23.75
Tax audit fees	6.25	6.25
Other services	5.42	5.97
Reimbursement of expenses	1.09	0.69
	36.51	36.66

Note 29
Earning per share

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Profit for the year (₹ in lacs)	2,185.85	992.59
Weighted average number of shares (Nos)	11,96,39,200	11,96,39,200
Earnings per share (Basic and Diluted) ₹	1.83	0.83
Face value per share ₹	1.00	1.00

Note 30
Fair value measurement
Financial instruments by category

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	31st March 2026				31st March 2025			
	FVPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	Fair Value	FVPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	Fair Value
Financial assets								
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	-	-	7,683.02	7,683.02	-	-	7,706.24	7,706.24
Loans - non- current	-	-	0.62	0.62	-	-	5.19	5.19
Loans- current	-	-	11.87	11.87	-	-	14.64	14.64
Other financial assets - non-current	-	-	584.61	584.61	-	-	526.92	526.92
Other financial assets - current	-	-	67.23	67.23	-	-	290.16	290.16
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	793.19	793.19	-	-	524.22	524.22
Other bank balances	-	-	134.19	134.19	-	-	95.55	95.55
Total financial assets	-	-	9,274.74	9,274.74	-	-	9,162.92	9,162.92
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings								
Long term borrowings	-	-	2,180.76	2,180.76	-	-	3,673.16	3,673.16
Short term borrowings	-	-	1,780.12	1,780.12	-	-	3,478.42	3,478.42
Trade payables	-	-	4,956.35	4,956.35	-	-	4,171.76	4,171.76
Other financial liabilities - non-current	-	-	75.00	75.00	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities-current	-	-	92.81	92.81	-	-	150.39	150.39
Total financial liabilities	-	-	9,085.03	9,085.03	-	-	11,473.73	11,473.73

Note 31
Financial risk management

The Group's activities expose it to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit Risk	Cash and cash equivalents, financial assets and trade receivables	Credit ratings/ Aging analysis, credit evaluation	Diversification of counter parties, investment limits, check on counter parties basis credit rating and number of overdue days
Liquidity Risk	Other liabilities	Maturity analysis	Maintaining sufficient cash/cash equivalents and marketable securities
Market Risk	Financial assets and liabilities not denominated in INR	Sensitivity analysis	Constant evaluation and proper risk management policies

The Board provides guiding principles for overall risk management as well as policies covering specific areas such as foreign exchange risk, credit risk and investment of surplus liquidity.

A. Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of a counter party default on its contractual obligation resulting into a financial loss to the Group. The maximum exposure of the financial assets represents trade receivables, work in progress and receivables from group companies and others.

Customer credit risk is managed by the Group through established policy and procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally carrying upto 90 days credit terms. The Group has a detailed review mechanism of overdue customer receivables at various levels within organisation to ensure proper attention and focus for realisation. Trade receivables are consisting of a large number of customers. Export receivables are backed by forward contract. In respect of trade receivables, the Group uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss allowances for trade receivables in accordance with the expected credit loss (ECL) policy of the Group.

B. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet its commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial assets quickly at close to its fair value.

The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and banking facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

Contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities are as follows:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Less than or equal to one year	more than one year	Total
As on 31st March 2026			
Financial liabilities			
Long term borrowings	-	2,180.76	2,180.76
Short term borrowings	1,780.12	-	1,780.12
Trade payables	4,956.35	-	4,956.35
Other financial liabilities	92.81	75.00	167.81
Total financial liabilities	6,829.28	2,255.76	9,085.03
As on 31st March 2025			
Financial liabilities			
Long term borrowings	-	3,673.16	3,673.16
Short term borrowings	3,478.42	-	3,478.42
Trade payables	4,171.76	-	4,171.76
Other financial liabilities	150.39	-	150.39
Total financial liabilities	7,800.57	3,673.16	11,473.73

C. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Such changes in the values of financial instruments may result from changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates, credit, liquidity and other market changes.

The Group has several balances in foreign currency and consequently, the Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk. The Group evaluates exchange rate exposure arising from foreign currency transactions and follows established risk management policies.

a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates. The Group manages its interest rate risk by having a balanced portfolio of fixed and variable rate loans and borrowings.

b) Interest rate sensitivity:

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings affected. With all other variables held constant, the Group's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Increase/decrease in basis points	Effect of profit before tax
March 31, 2026	+100	39.61
	-100	(39.61)
March 31, 2025	+100	71.52
	-100	(71.52)

c) Exposure in foreign currency:

The Group deals with foreign currency loan given, trade payables, trade receivables etc. and is therefore exposed to foreign exchange risk associated with exchange rate movement.

The Group operates internationally and portion of the business is transacted in several currencies and consequently the Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk through its sales in overseas and purchases from overseas suppliers in various foreign currencies.

Exposure in foreign currency - Hedged: The Group has no hedged foreign currency exposure at the end of the relavant period.

Unhedged:

(respective foreign currencies in lacs)

Currency	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
Receivables		
USD	59.54	48.49
EURO	6.58	6.30
Payables		
USD	1.36	1.11
EURO	-	-

d) Foreign currency sensitivity

The Group is mainly exposed to changes in USD and EURO. The below table demonstrates the sensitivity to a 5% increase or decrease in the USD and EURO against INR, with all other variables held constant. The sensitivity analysis is prepared on the net unhedged exposure of the Group as at reporting date. 5% represents management's assessment of reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rate.

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Currency	Change in rate	Effect of profit before tax
March 31, 2026	USD	+5%	275.34
	USD	-5%	(275.34)
March 31, 2025	USD	+5%	202.74
	USD	-5%	(202.74)
March 31, 2026	EURO	+5%	35.86
	EURO	-5%	(35.86)
March 31, 2025	EURO	+5%	29.08
	EURO	-5%	(29.08)

Note 32
Capital management

The Group's capital management objective is to maximise the total shareholders' returns by optimising cost of capital through flexible capital structure that supports growth. Further, the Group ensures optimal credit risk profile to maintain/enhance credit rating.

The Group determines the amount of capital required on the basis of annual operating plan and long-term strategic plans. The funding requirements are met through internal accruals and long-term/short-term borrowings. The Group monitors the capital structure on the basis of net debt to equity ratio and maturity profile of the overall debt portfolio of the Group.

The following table summarises the capital of the Group:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Total debt	3,960.88	7,151.58
Total equity	30,205.67	28,296.95
Total debt to equity ratio	0.13	0.25

Dividends

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Dividends recognised in the financial statements		
Final dividend for the year ended 31st March of ₹ 0.25 (0.25)	299.10	299.10
Dividends not recognised in the financial statements		
The Board of Directors have recommended the payment of final dividend of ₹ 0.35 (₹ 0.25 in the previous year) per share for the financial year 2025-26. The proposed dividend is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing general meeting	418.74	299.10

Note 33
Capital and Other commitments

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

No.	Particulars	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
1	Estimated value of contracts remaining to be executed	651.90	-

Note 34
Contingent Liabilities

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

No.	Particulars	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
1	Power claim matters related to the year 1995 decided in favour of the Company by the District Court (Civil Court, Senior Division, Porbandar) but Paschim Gujarat Vidyut Company Limited has gone into further appeal before Hon'ble High Court of Gujarat*	326.55	326.55
2	Demand (including interest on Tax demand) raised by the Income tax authorities during the assessment process, being disputed by the Parent Company**	2,157.12	2,133.83
3	Demand from Joint Commissioner Customs for payment of differential customs duty***	18.42	18.42
4	Demand from District Minerals Foundation and National Minerals Extraction Trust****	167.51	160.53
5	Disputed liabilities of Goods & Service Tax	327.33	311.39
6	Disputed liabilities of Gujarat Industrial Development Corporation	274.94	-
7	Guarantees given to various authorities	1,053.08	921.21
8	Interest on differential customs duty demand***	Amount to be determined	
9	Interest unpaid contribution to District Minerals Foundation and National Mineral Extraction Trust****	Amount to be determined	
10	Cases pending with Labour Courts*****	Amount to be determined	
*	In view of decision already in favour of Parent Company by the District Court (Civil Court, Senior Division, Porbandar) and based on discussion with the solicitors, the management believes that the Parent Company has a strong chance and hence no provision there against is considered necessary.		
**	Demand raised by Income tax authorities (during the assessment process for A.Y.2009-10, 2011-12, 2012-13, 2014-15, 2015-16 and 2017-18) substantially pertains to dispute on determination of inter segment price for claiming tax holiday benefits on sale of power which are disallowed/disputed by such authorities. Further, dispute on account of allowance of 80-IA benefit due to late filing of return of income pertaining to A.Y.2015-16. The Management believes that its position is likely to be upheld in the appellate process.		
***	Demand of differential custom duty is raised by the Office of Joint Commissioner Customs against few import shipment of coal. In some cases many parties are involved. Few matters are pending with larger bench of Supreme Court and few matters are pending with CESTAT.		
****	Demand raised by the Office of District Mineral Foundation and the Geology and Mining Department (District Mineral Foundation (Cell)) against DMF, NMET and interest on unpaid DMF and NMET. The petition is filed by the Company against such demand which is pending in the Honorable Gujarat High Court and the management believes that the decision will come in favor of the Company.		
*****	In view of large number of cases, it is not practicable to disclose individual details of all the cases. On the basis of current status of individual case and as per legal advice obtained by the Parent Company, wherever applicable, the Parent Company is of view that no provision is required in respect of these cases.		

Note 35
Employee benefits - Gratuity Funded Scheme

Liability for employee gratuity has been determined by an actuary, appointed for the purpose, in conformity with the principles set out in the Indian Accounting Standard 19 the details of which are as hereunder. The Group makes contributions to approved gratuity fund.

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Amount recognised in balance sheet		
Present value of funded defined benefit obligation	779.46	567.87
Fair value of plan assets	591.28	533.17
Net funded obligation/(assets)	188.18	34.70
Expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss		
Current service cost	68.95	54.72
Interest on net defined benefit asset	4.74	7.82
Past Service Cost	142.71	-
Total expense charged to profit and loss Account	216.40	62.54
Amount recorded as other comprehensive income		
Remeasurements during the period due to:		
Return on plan assets, excluding interest income	(14.31)	(16.04)
Actual gain/(loses) on obligation for the period	(0.56)	(30.98)
Amount recognised in OCI outside profit & loss account	(14.87)	(47.02)
Reconciliation of net liability/(asset)		
Opening net defined benefit liability/(asset)	34.70	108.44
Expense charged to profit and loss account	216.40	62.54
Amount recognised outside profit and loss account	(14.87)	(47.02)
Liability in/out	(0.65)	(5.09)
Employer contributions	(47.40)	(84.17)
Closing net defined benefit liability/(asset)	188.18	34.70
Movement in benefit obligation		
Opening of defined benefit obligation	567.87	566.42
Current service cost	68.95	54.72
Past service cost	142.71	-
Interest on defined benefit obligation	31.50	29.38
Liability in/(out)	(0.65)	(5.09)
Acturial loss/(gain) arising from change in financial assumptions	(0.56)	(30.98)
Benefits paid	(30.36)	(46.58)
Closing of defined benefit obligation	779.46	567.87
Movement in plan assets		
Opening fair value of plan assets	533.17	457.98
Interest income	26.76	21.56
Contributions by employer	47.40	84.17
Benefits paid	(30.36)	(46.58)
Return on plan assets	14.31	16.04
Closing of defined benefit obligation	591.28	533.17
Principal actuarial assumptions		
Discount Rate	7.67%	6.85%
Salary escalation rate p.a.	8.00%	8.00%

Sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is as shown below:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

No.	Sensitivity Level	2025-26	2024-25
1	Discount Rate - 1% Increase	(63.17)	(44.38)
2	Discount Rate - 1% Decrease	75.23	53.20
3	Salary - 1% Increase	74.26	52.07
4	Salary - 1% Decrease	(63.55)	(44.34)
5	Employee Turnover - 1% Increase	(3.83)	(5.74)
6	Employee Turnover - 1% Decrease	4.12	6.46

The following are the expected future benefit payments for the defined benefit plan:

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

No.	Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
1	Within the next 12 months (next annual reporting period)	206.71	155.95
2	Between 2 and 5 years	146.74	123.90
3	Beyond 5 years	1,650.20	1,002.38

Note 36

Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 are provided as under for the year 2025-2026, to the extent the Group has received intimation from the suppliers regarding their status under the Act.

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
1	Principal amount due to micro and small enterprise	144.80	202.43
2	Interest due on above	-	-

Note 37

As per Ind AS 24, Disclosure of transactions with related parties (as identified by the management) as defined in Ind AS are given below:

Sr No.	Particulars	Country of Incorporation
A	Enterprises having significant influence over the company being owned and controlled by principal shareholder, entities owned/ controlled by such enterprise and entities in which the relatives of the KMP are interested/(Associates):	
1	Aeon Procure Private Limited	India
2	Aeonx Digital Solutions Private Limited	India
3	Aeonx Digital Technology Limited	India
4	APL Valueclay Private Limited	India
5	Ashapura Arcadia Logistics Private Limited	India
6	Ashapura International Limited	India
7	Ashapura Midgulf NV	Belgium
8	Ashapura Minechem Limited	India
9	Ashapura Perfoclay Limited	India
10	Ashapura Foundation	India

11	Avighna Eco Solutions LLP	India
12	Bombay Minerals Limited	India
13	Kutch Navnirman Trust	India
14	Manico Minerals International Private Limited	India
15	Manico Resources Private Limited	India
16	Minotech Resources LLP	India

B Key Managerial Personnel

17	Mr. Manan Shah	Managing Director
18	Mr. Manubhai Rathod	Whole Time Director - Operations
19	Mr. Hemul Shah	Non-Executive Director
20	Mrs. Chaitali Salot	Non-Executive Director
21	Mr. Harish Motiwala	Independent Director
22	Mr. Ketan Shrimankar	Independent Director
23	Mrs. Akhila Samdaria (w.e.f. 10th November, 2025)	Independent Director
24	Mrs. Neeta Shah (upto 10th November, 2025)	Independent Director
25	Mr. Vikash Khemka	Chief Financial Officer
26	Mrs. Seema Sharma	Company Secretary

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Nature of transaction	Relationship	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
<u>1. Sale of materials</u>			
Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	126.32	10.81
Ashapura Perfoclay Limited	Associate	124.34	52.61
Ashapura International Limited	Associate	561.76	480.86
Ashapura Midgulf NV	Associate	-	15.74
Manico Minerals International Private Limited	Associate	4.34	-
Avighna Eco Solutions LLP	Associate	-	0.06
Bombay Minerals Limited	Associate	191.63	573.98
Total..		1,008.39	1,134.05
<u>2. Sale of property, plant and equipment</u>			
Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	0.27	1.36
Ashapura International Limited	Associate	48.22	-
Total..		48.48	1.36

3. Purchase of materials

Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	60.25	89.77
Ashapura International Limited	Associate	3.92	4.27
Ashapura Perfoclay Limited	Associate	10.02	1.52
APL Valueclay Private Limited	Associate	0.14	-
Ashapura Midgulf NV	Associate	-	6.23
Avighna Eco Solution LLP	Associate	141.95	65.19
Bombay Minerals Limited	Associate	3,277.49	1,812.52
Minotech Resources LLP	Associate	-	0.39
Aeon Procure Private Limited	Associate	1.25	3.03
Manico Minerals International Private Limited	Associate	0.19	-
Manico Resources Private Limited	Associate	-	2.79
Total..		3,495.21	1,985.72

4. Purchase of property, plant and equipment

Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	1.50	19.23
Bombay Minerals Limited	Associate	44.28	5.16
Total..		45.78	24.39

5. Rent paid

Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	11.14	10.27
Bombay Minerals Limited	Associate	3.00	3.00
Minotech Resources LLP	Associate	1.35	1.80
Total..		15.49	15.07

6. Sale of services

Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	3.66	3.12
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7. Jobwork income

Bombay Minerals Limited	Associate	927.81	411.52
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8. Interest paid

Ashapura Perfoclay Limited	Associate	5.80	125.52
Aeonx Digital Technology Limited	Associate	182.70	32.35
Total..		188.50	157.87

9. Loans taken

Ashapura Perfoclay Limited	Associate	-	1,850.00
Aeonx Digital Technology Limited	Associate	-	2,550.00
Total..		-	4,400.00

<u>10. Loans repaid</u>			
Ashapura Perfoclay Limited	Associate	550.00	1,300.00
Aeonx Digital Technology Limited	Associate	500.00	500.00
Total..		1,050.00	1,800.00
<u>11. Purchase of services</u>			
Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	-	60.85
Ashapura International Limited	Associate	-	38.94
Aeonx Digital Solutions Private Limited	Associate	-	0.39
Aeonx Digital Technology Limited	Associate	62.08	53.13
Total..		62.08	153.31
<u>12. Guarantee Commission paid</u>			
Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	12.74	16.84
<u>13. Research & Development expenses paid</u>			
Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	110.00	100.00
<u>14. Corporate social responsibility</u>			
Kutch Navnirman Trust	Associate	15.00	28.50
Ashapura Foundation	Associate	12.58	-
Total..		27.58	28.50
<u>15. Reimburement of expenses</u>			
Ashapura Minechem Limited	Associate	126.50	66.53
<u>16. Software maintenance expenses</u>			
Aeonx Digital Solutions Private Limited	Associate	-	13.59
Aeonx Digital Technology Limited	Associate	-	16.16
Total..		-	29.75
<u>Outstanding balances :</u>			
<u>1. Trade payables</u>			
Bombay Minerals Limited	Associate	1,382.72	395.72
<u>3. Other payables</u>			
Ashapura Arcadia Logistics Private Limited	Associate	65.00	65.00

4. Loans taken outstanding

Ashapura Perfoclay Limited	Associate	-	550.00
Aeonx Digital Technology Limited	Associate	1,550.00	2,050.00
Total..		1,550.00	2,600.00

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Key Managerial Personnel and relatives
1. Remuneration (including contribution to PF and other funds)

Mr. Manan Shah	Managing Director	155.92	100.25
Mr. Manubhai Rathod	Whole Time Director - Operations	50.02	48.13
Others		49.41	44.70
Total..		255.35	193.08

2. Sitting fees

Mr. Hemul Shah	Non-Executive Director	1.60	1.20
Mrs. Chaitali Salot	Non-Executive Director	1.00	1.00
Mr. Harish Motiwala	Independent Director	1.60	1.60
Mr. Ketan Shrimankar	Independent Director	1.60	1.60
Mrs. Neeta Shah	Independent Director	0.50	1.00
Mrs. Akhila Samdaria	Independent Director	0.50	-
Total..		6.80	6.40

3. Reimbursement of expenses

Mr. Manan Shah	Managing Director	6.60	6.60
Mr. Manubhai Rathod	Whole Time Director - Operations	6.60	6.60
Mr. Vikash Khemka	Chief Financial Officer	5.70	5.70
Mrs. Seema Sharma	Company Secretary	2.40	2.40
Total..		21.30	21.30

4. Dividend paid

Promoters and Promoters Controlled Entities		190.17	190.17
Other Key Managerial Personnels		0.03	0.03
Total..		190.20	190.20

Note 38
Segment reporting

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on its products and services and has two reportable segments, as follows:

a) Alumina Refractories & Monolithics products & bauxite ores: Alumina Refractories & Monolithics products manufactures calcined bauxite, fused aluminium oxide abrasive grains and low cement castables which are mainly consumed in steel plants. Plant grade bauxite ores are captively consumed at the plant and Non plant grade bauxite ores are sold in the market.

b) Power generation: The Group has a thermal power plant, furnace oil based power plant and windmills. Power generated from thermal power plant and furnace oil based power plant is captively consumed at the plant and power generated from windmills is sold to the respective state power distribution companies.

No operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

The Executive Management Committee monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on profit or loss and is measured consistently with profit or loss in the financial statements. The Group's financing (including finance costs and finance income) and income taxes are managed on a Group basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

Transfer prices between operating segments are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties.

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Segment Revenues, Results and Other Information	Mineral Products		Power Generation		Total	
	2025-2026	2024-2025	2025-2026	2024-2025	2025-2026	2024-2025
REVENUE						
External revenue	39,708.81	32,133.39	651.60	576.82	40,360.41	32,710.21
Inter Segment revenue	-	-	-	976.79	-	976.79
Total	39,708.81	32,133.39	651.60	1,553.61	40,360.41	33,687.00
Less: Elimination- Inter Segment revenue	-	-	-	(976.79)	-	(976.79)
Total revenue	39,708.81	32,133.39	651.60	576.82	40,360.41	32,710.21
SEGMENT RESULTS						
Less: Unallocable expenditure/(income) net of unallocable income/expenditure	5,172.53	3,204.49	(432.76)	9.54	4,739.77	3,214.03
					1,187.45	1,184.39
Operating Profit					3,552.32	2,029.64
Less: Exceptional Item					213.74	-
Less: Interest Expenses					510.19	708.73
Profit before tax					2,828.40	1,320.91
Less: Tax expenses					642.55	328.32
Net Profit after tax					2,185.85	992.59

Segment Assets and Liabilities

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	Mineral Products		Power Generation		Total	
	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Segment Assets	32,722.27	32,173.10	2,698.62	3,797.69	35,420.89	35,970.79
Unallocated Corporate Assets	-	-	-	-	6,143.50	5,812.24
Total Assets	32,722.27	32,173.10	2,698.62	3,797.69	41,564.39	41,783.03
Segment Liabilities	7,411.46	6,965.86	418.09	440.50	7,829.55	7,406.37
Unallocated Corporate Liabilities					3,529.17	6,079.71
Total Liabilities	7,411.46	6,965.86	418.09	440.50	11,358.72	13,486.08
Capital Expenditure	1,128.82	2,515.09	-	-	1,128.82	2,515.09
Depreciation	1,190.37	1,098.52	617.28	340.28	1,807.65	1,438.80

Revenue From External Customers

(Indian ₹ in lacs)

Particulars	2025-2026	2024-2025
India	16,694.45	18,652.68
Outside India	23,665.96	14,057.53
Total revenue as per statement of profit & loss	40,360.41	32,710.21



Note 39

Disclosure in terms of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013

Particulars	Net Assets		Share in Profit or (Loss)		Share in Other Comprehensive Income		Share in total Comprehensive Income	
	As a % of consolidated net assets	₹	As a % of consolidated profit or loss	₹	As a % of consolidated other comprehensive income	₹	As a % of consolidated total comprehensive income	₹
1. Parent								
Orient Ceratech Limited	97.64	29,494.29	85.47	1,868.21	(45.55)	(10.01)	84.16	1,858.20
2. Subsidiaries								
Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited	3.34	1,007.67	6.27	137.00	96.14	21.13	7.16	158.13
Orient Advanced Materials FZE	0.70	212.74	8.26	180.64	49.40	10.86	8.67	191.50
Add/(Less): Inter-company eliminations	(1.69)	(509.03)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total...	100.00	30,205.67	100.00	2,185.85	100.00	21.98	100.00	2,207.83

40. Additional Regulatory Information

Additional Regulatory Information pursuant to clause 6L of General Instructions for preparation of Balance Sheet as given in Part I of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the Parent Company and subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates incorporated in India, are given hereunder to the extent relevant and other than those given elsewhere in any other notes to the financial Statement.

- a. The title deeds of all immovable properties (other than properties where the Group is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), disclosed in the financial statements included under Property, Plant and Equipment are held in the name of the Group as at the balance sheet date.
- b. The Group does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Group for holding any Benami property.
- c. The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- d. The Group has not been declared as a wilful defaulter by any lender who has powers to declare a Group as a wilful defaulter at any time during the financial year or after the end of reporting period but before the date when the financial statements are approved.
- e. Based on the information furnished to us, the Group does not have any transactions with struck-off companies.
- f. The Group has not been declared as a wilful defaulter by any lender who has powers to declare a Group as a wilful defaulter at any time during the financial year or after the end of reporting period but before the date when the financial statements are approved.
- g. The Group does not have any transactions which is not recorded in the books of accounts but has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- h. The Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(is), including foreign entities(intermediaries), with the understanding that the intermediary shall;
 - i. Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries), or
 - ii. Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- i. The Group has not received any funds from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall;
 - i. Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate beneficiaries), or
 - ii. Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- j. The Group have used the borrowings from financial institutions and others for the specific purpose for which it was obtained.
- k. The Group Companies incorporated in India are operating under SAP environment which is fully integrated financial accounting and reporting system. The management confirms that the accounting software used by the Group for maintaining books of account has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility which has been operated throughout the year for all transactions recorded in the software and the audit trail feature is not being tampered with. The audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

- 41 As on 31st March, 2026, the Parent Company's certain assets aggregating to ₹ 376.93 lacs are classified as "Held for Sale" as they meet the criteria laid out under Ind AS 105 and its value has been measured at the lower of its carrying value and fair value less costs to sell. Breakup of the assets is as under:

Particulars	As on 31st March, 2026 (₹ in lacs)
Building	20.00
Plant and Machinery	356.93
Total	376.93

- 42 Effective 21st November 2025, the Government of India has consolidated multiple existing labour legislation into a unified framework comprising four Labour Codes (collectively referred to as "the New Labour Codes"). These legislative changes have revised the definition of wages for the purpose of computation of employee benefits and expanded the scope and eligibility of certain employees related social security benefits. Based on a detailed assessment carried out, the Group has evaluated the incremental impact arising from the implementation of the New Labour Codes. Considering the materiality, regulatory-driven and non-recurring nature of this impact, an incremental impact of Rs. 213.74 lacs have been recognized as an exceptional item in consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2026. The Group continues to monitor the developments and clarifications from the Government pertaining to other aspects of the New Labour Codes and would provide appropriate accounting effect as needed on the basis of such developments.
- 43 Balances with sundry creditors, sundry debtors and for loans and advances in few cases are subject to confirmations from the respective parties and reconciliations, if any. In absence of such confirmations, the balances as per books are relied upon by the auditors.
- 44 In the opinion of the Directors, the current assets, loans and advances are approximately of the value as stated in the balance sheet, if realized in the ordinary course of the business. The provision of all known liabilities is adequate and not in excess of the amount reasonably required.
- 45 All the amounts have been stated in Indian Rupees in lacs, unless otherwise stated.
- 46 Previous year's figures have been regrouped and rearranged, wherever necessary.

Signatures to Notes 1 to 46

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.
As per our report of even date

For Sanghavi & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Sd/-
Manoj Ganatra
Partner

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-
Manan Shah
Managing Director
DIN: 06378095

Sd/-
Hemul Shah
Director
DIN: 00058558

Sd/-
Vikash Khemka
Chief Financial Officer

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2026

Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/ associate companies/ Joint
Venture for the year ended 31st March, 2026
Part “A”: Subsidiaries

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details	
		Orient Advanced Materials Private Limited	Orient Advanced Materials FZE
1	Name of the subsidiary		
2	Reporting period	01.04.2025 - 31.03.2026	01.04.2025 - 31.03.2026
3	Reporting currency	RUPEES	RUPEES
4	Share capital	6,00,000	8,02,550
5	Reserves & surplus	10,01,66,642	2,04,72,746
6	Total assets	82,42,12,434	14,93,87,931
7	Total Liabilities	72,34,44,750	12,81,12,635
8	Investments	NIL	NIL
9	Turnover (Including other Income)	103,68,92,659	65,16,53,665
10	Profit/(Loss) before taxation	2,03,11,900	1,80,62,318
11	Provision for taxation	(66,12,185)	-
12	Profit/(Loss) after taxation	1,36,99,715	1,80,62,318
13	Proposed Dividend	NIL	NIL
14	% of shareholding	100%	100%

Part “B” – Associates and Joint Ventures
Statement pursuant to section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures

Sr. No.	Name of Associates Company	Details
1	Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	N.A.
2	Shares of Associate Company held by the Company on the year end	
	No. of Shares	
	Amount of Investment in Associate Company Extend of Holding %	
3	Description of how there is significant influence	
4	Reason why the associate Company is not consolidated	
5	Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	
6	Profit/Loss for the year	
	i. Considered in Consolidation	
	ii. Not Considered in Consolidation	

As per our report of even date
For Sanghavi & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 109099W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-

Manan Shah
Managing Director
DIN 06378095

Sd/-

Hemul Shah
Director
DIN 00058558

Sd/-

Manoj Ganatra

Partner

Membership No. 043485

Sd/-

Vikash Khemka
Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 27, 2026



Orient Ceratech Limited
An Ashapura Group Company

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